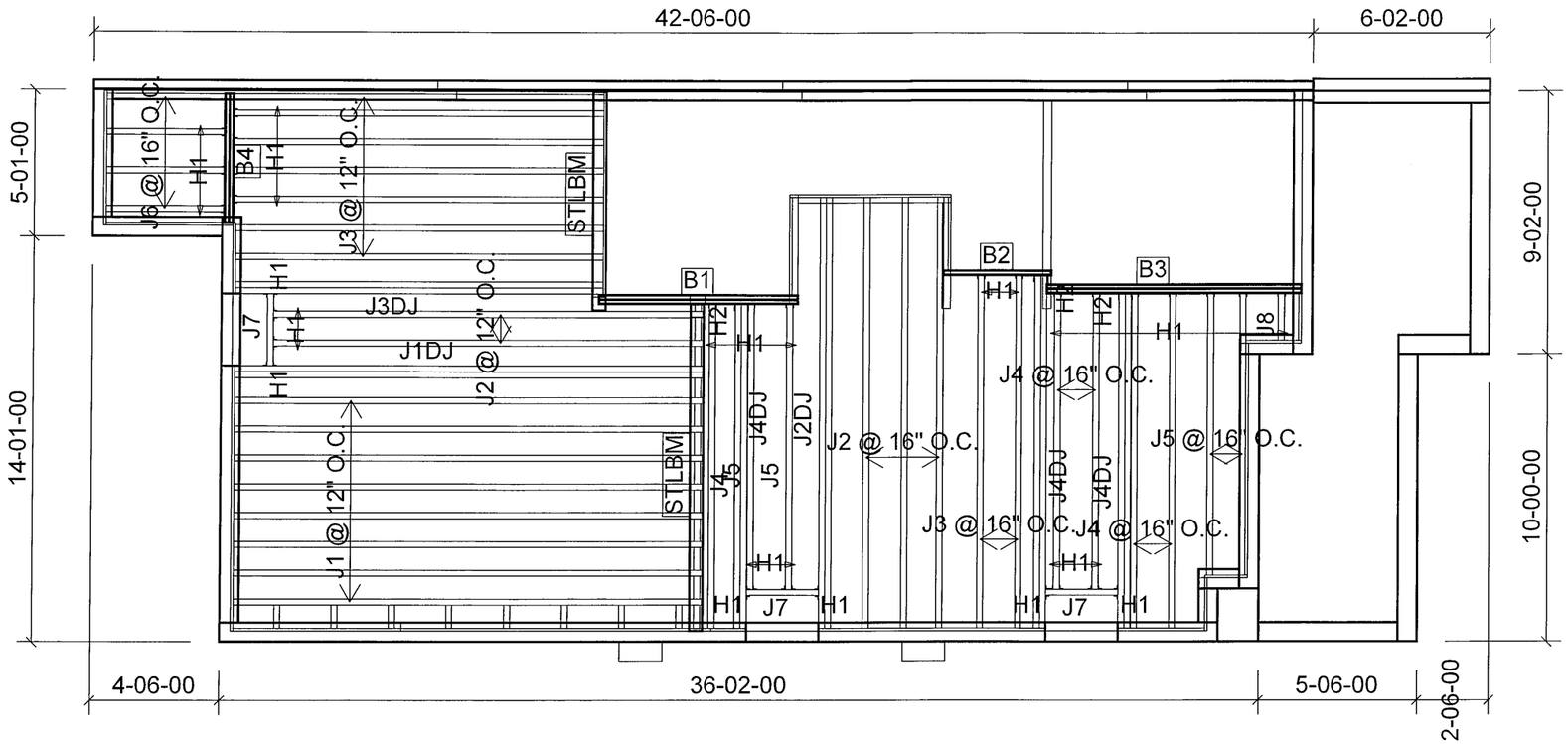


Products				
PlotID	Length	Product	Plies	Net Qty
J1	18-00-00	9 1/2" NI-40x	1	8
J1DJ	18-00-00	9 1/2" NI-40x	2	2
J2	16-00-00	9 1/2" NI-40x	1	5
J2DJ	16-00-00	9 1/2" NI-40x	2	2
J3	14-00-00	9 1/2" NI-40x	1	9
J3DJ	14-00-00	9 1/2" NI-40x	2	2
J4DJ	14-00-00	9 1/2" NI-40x	2	2
J4	12-00-00	9 1/2" NI-40x	1	5
J4DJ	12-00-00	9 1/2" NI-40x	2	4
J5	10-00-00	9 1/2" NI-40x	1	4
J6	6-00-00	9 1/2" NI-40x	1	4
J7	4-00-00	9 1/2" NI-40x	1	3
J8	2-00-00	9 1/2" NI-40x	1	1
B3	10-00-00	1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP	2	2
B1	8-00-00	1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP	2	2
B4	6-00-00	1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP	2	2
B2	4-00-00	1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP	1	1

Connector Summary		
Qty	Manuf	Product
2	H1	IUS2.56/9.5
17	H1	IUS2.56/9.5
6	H1	IUS2.56/9.5
6	H1	IUS2.56/9.5
1	H2	HU310-2
2	H2	HU310-2

TAMARACK LUMBER INC
ALPA LUMBER GROUP

FROM PLAN DATED:

BUILDER: GREEN PARK HOMES

SITE: SECONDO VALES ESTATES

MODEL: HOLLAND 14

ELEVATION: 1

LOT:

CITY: EAST GWILLIMBURY

SALESMAN: M D
DESIGNER:
REVISION: lbv

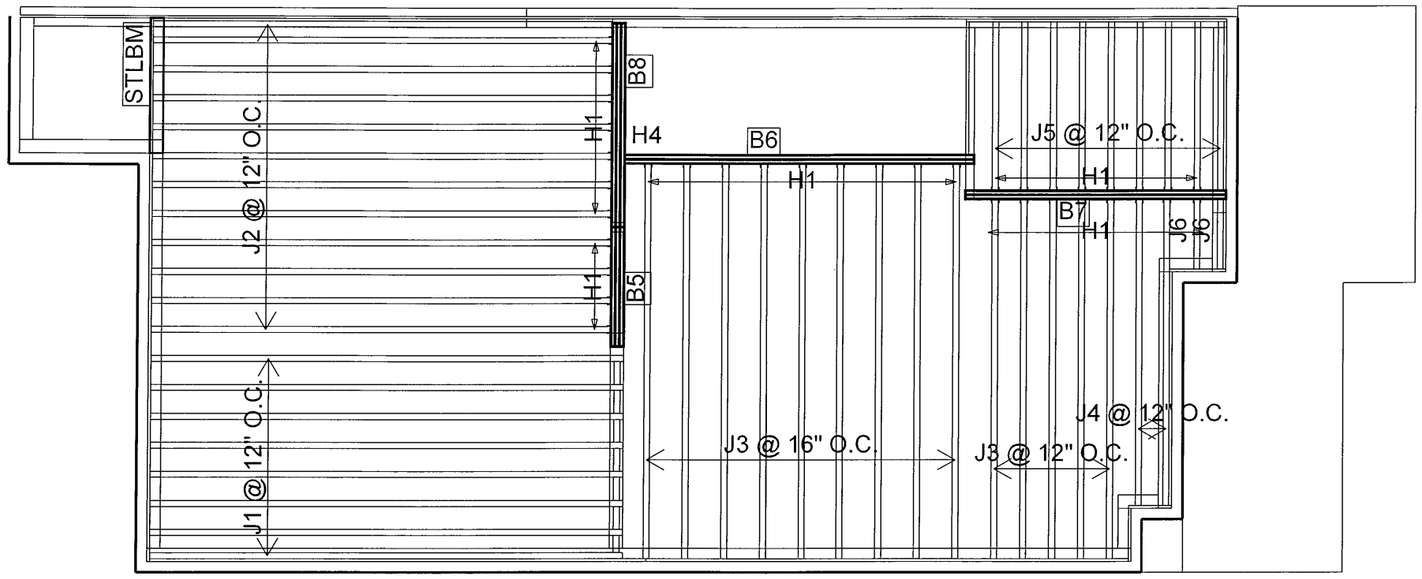
NOTES:
REFER TO THE **NORDIC INSTALLATION** GUIDE FOR PROPER STORAGE AND INSTALLATION.
SQUASH BLOCKS OF 2x4, 2x6, 2x8 #2 S.P.F REQ'D UNDER INTERIOR UNIFORM LOAD BEARING WALLS. **MULTIPLE SQUASH BLOCKS** REQ'D UNDER CONCENTRATED LOADS. SEE FIGURE 1. **CANTILEVERED JOISTS** INCLUDING **CANT' OVER BRICK** REQ. I-JOIST BLOCKING ALONG BEARING AND RIMBOARD CLOSURE AT ENDS. SEE FIGURES 4 & 5 FOR REINFORCEMENT REQUIREMENTS. FOR **HOLES** INCLUDING **DUCT CHASE** AND **FIELD CUT OPENINGS** SEE FIGURE 7, TABLES 1 & 2. **CERAMIC TILE** APPLICATION AS PER O.B.C 9.30.6.

LOADING:
DESIGN LOADS: L/480.000
LIVE LOAD: 40.0 lb/ft^2
DEAD LOAD: 15.0 lb/ft^2
TILED AREAS: 20 lb/ft^2

SUBFLOOR: 3/4" GLUED AND NAILED

DATE: 2018-01-29

1st FLOOR



Products				
PlotID	Length	Product	Plies	Net Qty
J1	18-00-00	9 1/2" NI-40x	1	8
J2	16-00-00	9 1/2" NI-40x	1	12
J3	14-00-00	9 1/2" NI-40x	1	14
J4	12-00-00	9 1/2" NI-40x	1	2
J5	6-00-00	9 1/2" NI-40x	1	9
J6	4-00-00	9 1/2" NI-40x	1	2
B6	14-00-00	1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP	2	2
B7	10-00-00	1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP	2	2
B8	8-00-00	1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP	3	3
B5	6-00-00	1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP	3	3

Connector Summary		
Qty	Manuf	Product
25	H1	IUS2.56/9.5
11	H1	IUS2.56/9.5
1	H4	HGUS410

TAMARACK LUMBER INC
ALPA LUMBER GROUP

FROM PLAN DATED:

BUILDER: GREEN PARK HOMES

SITE: SECONDO VALES ESTATES

MODEL: HOLLAND 14

ELEVATION: 1

LOT:

CITY: EAST GWILLIMBURY

SALESMAN: M D
DESIGNER:
REVISION: lbv

NOTES:
REFER TO THE NORDIC **INSTALLATION GUIDE** FOR PROPER STORAGE AND INSTALLATION. **SQUASH BLOCKS** OF 2x4, 2x6, 2x8 #2 S.P.F. REQ'D UNDER INTERIOR UNIFORM LOAD BEARING WALLS. **MULTIPLE SQUASH BLOCKS** REQ'D UNDER CONCENTRATED LOADS. SEE FIGURE 1. **CANTILEVERED JOISTS** INCLUDING **CANT' OVER BRICK** REQ. I-JOIST BLOCKING ALONG BEARING AND RIMBOARD CLOSURE AT ENDS. SEE FIGURE 7 TABLES 4 & 5 FOR REINFORCEMENT REQUIREMENTS. FOR **HOLES** INCLUDING **DUCT CHASE** AND **FIELD CUT OPENINGS** SEE FIGURE 7 TABLES 1 & 2 OF THE INSTALLATION GUIDE. **CERAMIC TILE** APPLICATION AS PER O.B.C. 9.30.6

LOADING:
DESIGN LOADS: L/480.000
LIVE LOAD: 40.0 lb/ft²
DEAD LOAD: 15.0 lb/ft²
TILED AREAS: 20 lb/ft²

SUBFLOOR: 5/8" GLUED AND NAILED

DATE: 2018-01-29

2nd FLOOR

NORDIC STRUCTURES

COMPANY
TAMARACK LUMBER
BURLINGTON
Nov. 24, 2017 13:53

PROJECT
J1 2ND FLR

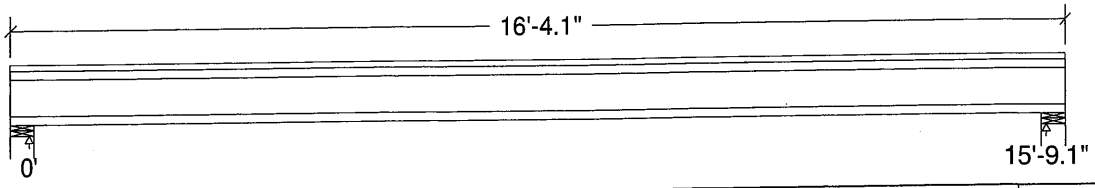
Design Check Calculation Sheet

Nordic Sizer – Canada 6.4

Loads:

Load	Type	Distribution	Pat-tern	Location [ft] Start	End	Magnitude Start	End	Unit
Load1	Dead	Full Area				20.00		psf
Load2	Live	Full Area				40.00		psf

Maximum Reactions (lbs), Bearing Resistances (lbs) and Bearing Lengths (in) :



Unfactored:			
Dead	163		163
Live	327		327
Factored:			
Total	695		695
Bearing:			
Resistance			
Joist	1893		1893
Support	7735		7735
Des ratio			
Joist	0.37		0.37
Support	0.09		0.09
Load case	#2		#2
Length	4-3/8		4-3/8
Min req'd	1-3/4		1-3/4
Stiffener	No		No
Kd	1.00		1.00
KB support	1.00		1.00
fcp sup	769		769
Kzcp sup	1.15		1.15

*Minimum bearing length for joists is 2" for exterior supports
Bearing for wall supports is perpendicular-to-grain bearing on top plate. No stud design included.

Nordic Joist 9-1/2" NI-40x Floor joist @ 12" o.c.

Supports: All - Lumber Wall, No.1/No.2
Total length: 16'-4.1"; 5/8" nailed and glued OSB sheathing with 1/2" gypsum ceiling
This section PASSES the design code check.

Limit States Design using CSA O86-14 and Vibration Criterion:

Criterion	Analysis Value	Design Value	Unit	Analysis/Design
Shear	Vf = 670	Vr = 1895	lbs	Vf/Vr = 0.35
Moment(+)	Mf = 2640	Mr = 4824	lbs-ft	Mf/Mr = 0.55
Perm. Defl'n	0.12 = <L/999	0.53 = L/360	in	0.23
Live Defl'n	0.24 = L/790	0.39 = L/480	in	0.61
Total Defl'n	0.36 = L/527	0.79 = L/240	in	0.46
Bare Defl'n	0.28 = L/678	0.53 = L/360	in	0.53
Vibration Defl'n	Lmax = 15'-9 = 0.034	Lv = 16'-9 = 0.041	in	0.83

LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
S. KATSOULAKOS
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO
12/5/18

DWG NO. TAM 5420-18
STRUCTURAL COMPONENT ONLY

Additional Data:

FACTORS:	f/E	KD	KH	KZ	KL	KT	KS	KN	LC#
Vr	1895	1.00	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	#2
Mr+	4824	1.00	1.00	-	1.000	-	-	-	#2
EI	218.1 million		-	-	-	-	-	-	#2

CRITICAL LOAD COMBINATIONS:

```
 Shear      : LC #2  = 1.25D + 1.5L
 Moment(+)  : LC #2  = 1.25D + 1.5L
 Deflection: LC #1  = 1.0D  (permanent)
             LC #2  = 1.0D + 1.0L  (live)
             LC #2  = 1.0D + 1.0L  (total)
             LC #2  = 1.0D + 1.0L  (bare joist)
 Bearing    : Support 1 - LC #2 = 1.25D + 1.5L
             Support 2 - LC #2 = 1.25D + 1.5L
 Load Types: D=dead  W=wind  S=snow  H=earth,groundwater  E=earthquake
             L=live(use,occupancy)  Ls=live(storage,equipment)  f=fire
 Load Patterns: s=S/2  L=L+Ls  _=no pattern load in this span
 All Load Combinations (LCs) are listed in the Analysis output
```

CALCULATIONS:

```
 Deflection:  EIeff =    258e06 lb-in2  K=  4.94e06 lbs
 "Live" deflection = Deflection from all non-dead loads (live, wind, snow…)
```

Design Notes:

1. WoodWorks analysis and design are in accordance with the 2010 National Building Code of Canada (NBC Part 4) and the CSA O86-14 Engineering Design in Wood standard (May 2014 edition).
2. Please verify that the default deflection limits are appropriate for your application.
3. Refer to technical documentation for installation guidelines and construction details.
4. Nordic I-joists are listed in CCMC evaluation report 13032-R.
5. Joists shall be laterally supported at supports and continuously along the compression edge.
6. The design assumptions and specifications have been provided by the client. Any damages resulting from faulty or incorrect information, specifications, and/or designs furnished, and the correctness or accuracy of this information is their responsibility. This analysis does not constitute a record of the structural integrity of the building nor suitability of the design assumptions made. Nordic Structures is responsible only for the structural adequacy of this component based on the design criteria and loadings shown.

CONFORMS TO OBC 2012

DWG NO. TAM 5420 -18
STRUCTURAL
COMPONENT ONLY

NORDIC STRUCTURES

COMPANY
TAMARACK LUMBER
BURLINGTON
Nov. 24, 2017 13:55

PROJECT
J1 1ST FLR

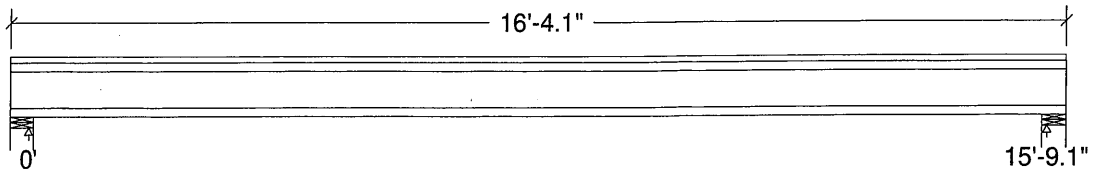
Design Check Calculation Sheet

Nordic Sizer – Canada 6.4

Loads:

Load	Type	Distribution	Pat-tern	Location [ft] Start	End	Magnitude Start	End	Unit
Load1	Dead	Full Area				20.00		psf
Load2	Live	Full Area				40.00		psf

Maximum Reactions (lbs), Bearing Resistances (lbs) and Bearing Lengths (in) :



Unfactored:			
Dead	163		163
Live	327		327
Factored:			
Total	695		695
Bearing:			
Resistance			
Joist	1893		1893
Support	7735		7735
Des ratio			
Joist	0.37		0.37
Support	0.09		0.09
Load case	#2		#2
Length	4-3/8		4-3/8
Min req'd	1-3/4		1-3/4
Stiffener	No		No
Kd	1.00		1.00
KB support	1.00		1.00
fcp sup	769		769
Kzcp sup	1.15		1.15

*Minimum bearing length for joists is 2" for exterior supports
Bearing for wall supports is perpendicular-to-grain bearing on top plate. No stud design included.

Nordic Joist 9-1/2" NI-40x Floor joist @ 12" o.c.
Supports: All - Lumber Wall, No.1/No.2
Total length: 16'-4.1"; 3/4" nailed and glued OSB sheathing
This section PASSES the design code check.

Limit States Design using CSA O86-14 and Vibration Criterion:

Criterion	Analysis Value	Design Value	Unit	Analysis/Design
Shear	Vf = 670	Vr = 1895	lbs	Vf/Vr = 0.35
Moment (+)	Mf = 2640	Mr = 4824	lbs-ft	Mf/Mr = 0.55
Perm. Defl'n	0.12 = <L/999	0.53 = L/360	in	0.22
Live Defl'n	0.23 = L/809	0.39 = L/480	in	0.59
Total Defl'n	0.35 = L/539	0.79 = L/240	in	0.44
Bare Defl'n	0.28 = L/678	0.53 = L/360	in	0.53
Vibration	Lmax = 15'-9	Lv = 17'-2	ft	
Defl'n	= 0.031	= 0.041	in	0.76

LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
S. KATSOULAKOS
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

DWG NO. TAM 5421-B
STRUCTURAL COMPONENT ONLY

Additional Data:

FACTORS:	f/E	KD	KH	KZ	KL	KT	KS	KN	LC#
Vr	1895	1.00	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	#2
Mr+	4824	1.00	1.00	-	1.000	-	-	-	#2
EI	218.1 million		-	-	-	-	-	-	#2

CRITICAL LOAD COMBINATIONS:

```
 Shear      : LC #2  = 1.25D + 1.5L
 Moment(+)  : LC #2  = 1.25D + 1.5L
 Deflection: LC #1  = 1.0D  (permanent)
             LC #2  = 1.0D + 1.0L  (live)
             LC #2  = 1.0D + 1.0L  (total)
             LC #2  = 1.0D + 1.0L  (bare joist)
 Bearing    : Support 1 - LC #2 = 1.25D + 1.5L
             Support 2 - LC #2 = 1.25D + 1.5L
 Load Types: D=dead  W=wind  S=snow  H=earth,groundwater  E=earthquake
             L=live(use,occupancy)  Ls=live(storage,equipment)  f=fire
 Load Patterns: s=S/2  L=L+Ls  _=no pattern load in this span
 All Load Combinations (LCs) are listed in the Analysis output
```

CALCULATIONS:

```
 Deflection:  EIeff =    265e06 lb-in2  K=  4.94e06 lbs
 "Live" deflection = Deflection from all non-dead loads (live, wind, snow…)
```

Design Notes:

1. WoodWorks analysis and design are in accordance with the 2010 National Building Code of Canada (NBC Part 4) and the CSA O86-14 Engineering Design in Wood standard (May 2014 edition).
2. Please verify that the default deflection limits are appropriate for your application.
3. Refer to technical documentation for installation guidelines and construction details.
4. Nordic I-joists are listed in CCMC evaluation report 13032-R.
5. Joists shall be laterally supported at supports and continuously along the compression edge.
6. The design assumptions and specifications have been provided by the client. Any damages resulting from faulty or incorrect information, specifications, and/or designs furnished, and the correctness or accuracy of this information is their responsibility. This analysis does not constitute a record of the structural integrity of the building nor suitability of the design assumptions made. Nordic Structures is responsible only for the structural adequacy of this component based on the design criteria and loadings shown.

CONFORMS TO OBC 2012

DWG NO. TAM 5421-18
STRUCTURAL
COMPONENT ONLY

Boise Cascade

Double 1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP

PASSED

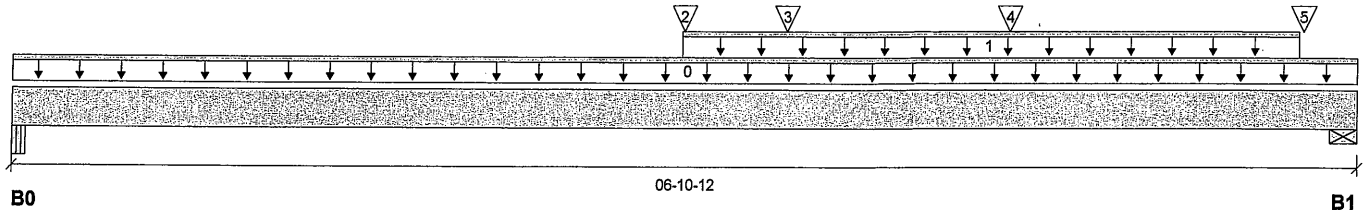
Basment\Flush Beams\B1(i1610)

BC CALC® Design Report
Build 6215
Job name:
Address:
City, Province, Postal Code: EAS...URY
Customer:
Code reports: CCMC 12472-R

Dry | 1 span | No cant.

January 26, 2018 08:26:55

File name: HOLLAND 14.mmdl
Description: Basment\Flush Beams\B1(i1610)
Specifier:
Designer:
Company:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 06-10-12

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs)

Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind
B0, 2-3/4"	1,894 / 0	1,079 / 0		
B1, 3-1/2"	2,753 / 0	1,510 / 0		

Load Summary

Tag	Description	Load Type	Ref.	Start	End	Live 1.00	Dead 0.65	Snow 1.00	Wind 1.15	Tributary
0	Self-Weight	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	00-00-00	06-10-12		10			00-00-00
1	STAIR	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	03-05-00	06-07-04	240	120			n\a
2	PBO3(i1322)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	03-05-02	03-05-02	3,016	1,707			n\a
3	J4(i1623)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	03-11-08	03-11-08	177	89			n\a
4	-	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	05-01-06	05-01-06	359	180			n\a
5	J5(i1539)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	06-07-08	06-07-08	257	128			n\a

Controls Summary

	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand/ Resistance	Case	Location
Pos. Moment	13,449 ft-lbs	23,220 ft-lbs	57.9%	1	03-05-02
End Shear	5,015 lbs	11,571 lbs	43.3%	1	05-09-12
Total Load Deflection	L/999 (0.122")	n\a	n\a	4	03-05-06
Live Load Deflection	L/999 (0.078")	n\a	n\a	5	03-05-06
Max Defl.	0.122"	n\a	n\a	4	03-05-06
Span / Depth	8.2				

Bearing Supports

		Dim. (LxW)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Beam	2-3/4" x 3-1/2"	4,190 lbs	81.5%	35.7%	Unspecified
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	6,016 lbs	92.0%	40.3%	Unspecified

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.
Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.
Calculations assume member is fully braced.
Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.
BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA O86.
Design based on Dry Service Condition.
Importance Factor : Normal Part code : Part 9
Connection design assumes point load is top-loaded. For connection design of side-loaded point loads, please consult a technical representative or professional of Record.

CONFORMS TO OBC 2012

LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
S. KATSOULAKOS
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

DWG NO. TAM 6547-18
STRUCTURAL
COMPONENT ONLY

Boise Cascade

Double 1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP

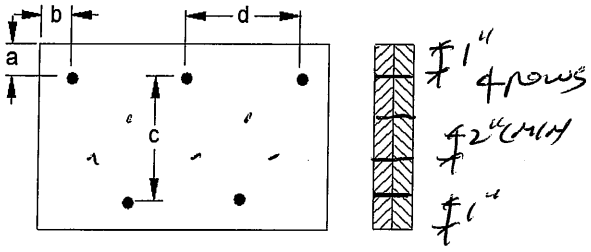
PASSED

Basment\Flush Beams\B1(i1610)

BC CALC® Design Report
Build 6215
Dry | 1 span | No cant.
January 26, 2018 08:26:55

Job name:		File name:	HOLLAND 14.mmdl
Address:		Description:	Basment\Flush Beams\B1(i1610)
City, Province, Postal Code:	EAS...URY	Specifier:	
Customer:		Designer:	
Code reports:	CCMC 12472-R	Company:	

Connection Diagram



a minimum = 1" c = 3-1/2"
b minimum = 3" d = 4"

Calculated Side Load = 244.5 lb/ft
Connection design assumes point load is top-loaded. For connection design of side-loaded point loads, please consult a technical representative or professional of Record.
Connectors are: Nails

3-1/2" ARDOX SPIRAL

LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
1248
S. KATSOULAKOS
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

Disclosure

Use of the Boise Cascade Software is subject to the terms of the End User License Agreement (EULA). Completeness and accuracy of input must be reviewed and verified by a qualified engineer or other appropriate expert to assure its adequacy, prior to anyone relying on such output as evidence of suitability for a particular application. The output here is based on building code-accepted design properties and analysis methods. Installation of Boise Cascade engineered wood products must be in accordance with current Installation Guide and applicable building codes. To obtain Installation Guide or ask questions, please call (800)232-0788 before installation.

BC CALC®, BC FRAMER® , AJS™, ALLJOIST® , BC RIM BOARD™, BCI® , BOISE GLULAM™, BC FloorValue® , VERSA-LAM®, VERSA-RIM PLUS® ,

DWG NO. TAM 6547 NB

STRUCTURAL
COMPONENT ONLY

Single 1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP Basment\Flush Beams\B2(i1143)

Boise Cascade

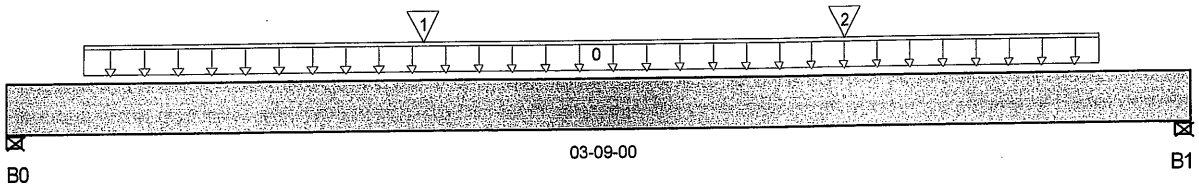
BC CALC® Design Report

Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 24, 2017 14:15:56

Build 5033
Job Name:
Address:
City, Province, Postal Code: EAST GWILLIMBURY,
Customer:
Code reports: CCMC 12472-R

File Name: HOLLAND 14.mmdl
Description: Designs\Flush Beams\Basment\Flush Beams\B2(i1143)
Specifier:
Designer:
Company:
Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 03-09-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs)

Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind
B0, 3"	680 / 0	349 / 0		
B1, 3-1/2"	699 / 0	359 / 0		

Load Summary

Tag	Description	Load Type	Ref.	Start	End	Live 1.00	Dead 0.65	Snow 1.00	Wind 1.15	Trib.
0	STAIR	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	00-03-00	03-05-08	240	120			n/a
1	J3(i1130)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	01-03-12	01-03-12	343	171			n/a
2	J3(i1200)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	02-07-12	02-07-12	255	128			n/a

Controls Summary

	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Pos. Moment	1,376 ft-lbs	12,704 ft-lbs	10.8%	1	01-07-12
End Shear	1,079 lbs	5,785 lbs	18.7%	1	02-08-00
Total Load Defl.	L/999 (0.008")	n/a	n/a	4	01-10-04
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.005")	n/a	n/a	5	01-10-04
Max Defl.	0.008"	n/a	n/a	4	01-10-04
Span / Depth	4.2	n/a	n/a		00-00-00

Bearing Supports

		Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	3" x 1-3/4"	1,456 lbs	51.9%	22.7%	Unspecified
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	1,497 lbs	45.8%	20%	Unspecified

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.
Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.
Calculations assume member is fully braced.
Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.
BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA O86.
Design based on Dry Service Condition.
Importance Factor : Normal Part code : Part 9

CONFORMS TO OBC 2012

Disclosure

Completeness and accuracy of input must be verified by anyone who would rely on output as evidence of suitability for particular application. Output here based on building code-accepted design properties and analysis methods. Installation of Boise Cascade engineered wood products must be in accordance with current Installation Guide and applicable building codes. To obtain Installation Guide or ask questions, please call 1-800-964-6999 before installation.

DWG NO. TAM 5423-18
STRUCTURAL COMPONENT ONLY

Boise Cascade

Double 1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP

PASSED

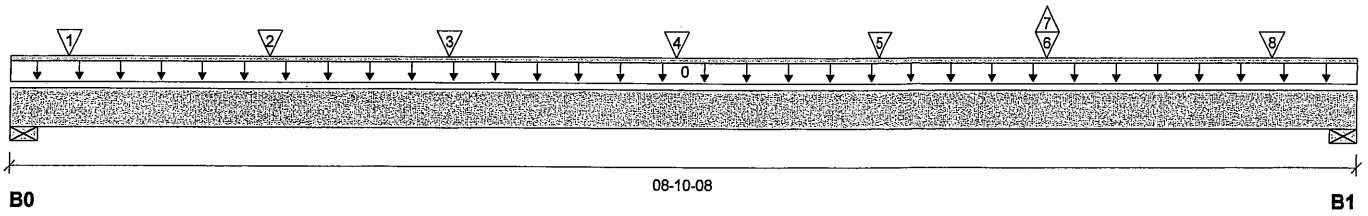
Basment\Flush Beams\B3(i1213)

BC CALC® Design Report
Build 6215
Job name:
Address:
City, Province, Postal Code: EAS...URY
Customer:
Code reports: CCMC 12472-R

Dry | 1 span | No cant.

January 20, 2018 10:06:01

File name: HOLLAND 14.mmdl
Description: Basment\Flush Beams\B3(i1213)
Specifier:
Designer:
Company:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 08-10-08

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs)

Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind
B0, 1-3/4"	949 / 7	513 / 0		
B1, 3-1/2"	638 / 26	377 / 0		

Load Summary

Tag	Description	Load Type	Ref.	Start	End	Live 1.00	Dead 0.65	Snow 1.00	Wind 1.15	Tributary
0	Self-Weight	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	00-00-00	08-10-08		10			00-00-00
1	J4(i1205)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	00-04-08	00-04-08	209	104			n\a
2	J4(i1208)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	01-08-08	01-08-08	254	127			n\a
3	-	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	02-10-09	02-10-09	389	194			n\a
4	J4(i1207)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	04-04-08	04-04-08	323	162			n\a
5	J4(i1215)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	05-08-08	05-08-08	299	150			n\a
6	J4(i1218)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	06-10-02	06-10-02	62	16			n\a
7	J4(i1218)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	06-10-02	06-10-02	-33				n\a
8	-	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	08-03-13	08-03-13	44	51			n\a

Controls Summary

	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand/ Resistance	Case	Location
Pos. Moment	4,296 ft-lbs	23,220 ft-lbs	18.5%	1	04-04-08
End Shear	1,738 lbs	11,571 lbs	15.0%	1	00-11-04
Total Load Deflection	L/999 (0.077")	n\a	n\a	6	04-03-08
Live Load Deflection	L/999 (0.05")	n\a	n\a	8	04-03-08
Max Defl.	0.077"	n\a	n\a	6	04-03-08
Span / Depth	10.8				

Bearing Supports

		Dim. (LxW)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	1-3/4" x 3-1/2"	2,064 lbs	78.9%	27.6%	Unspecified
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	1,428 lbs	27.3%	9.6%	Unspecified

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.
Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.
Calculations assume member is fully braced.
Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.
BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA O86.
Design based on Dry Service Condition.
CONFORMS TO OBC 2012
Importance Factor : Normal Part code : Part 9
Connection design assumes point load is top-loaded. For connection design of side-loaded point loads, please consult a technical representative or professional of Record.

DWG NO. TAM 5426-18
STRUCTURAL
COMPONENT ONLY

Double 1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP

PASSED

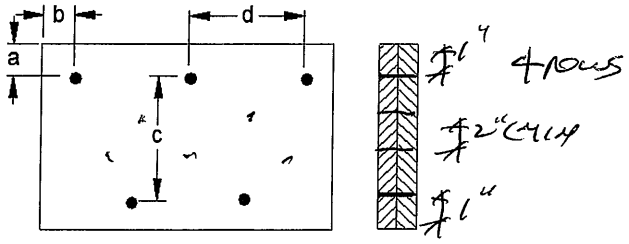
Basment\Flush Beams\B3(i1213)

BC CALC® Design Report — Dry | 1 span | No cant. — January 20, 2018 10:06:01

Build 6215

Job name:		File name:	HOLLAND 14.mmdl
Address:		Description:	Basment\Flush Beams\B3(i1213)
City, Province, Postal Code:	EAS...URY	Specifier:	
Customer:		Designer:	
Code reports:	CCMC 12472-R	Company:	

Connection Diagram



a minimum = 1" c = 1-1/2"
b minimum = 3" d = 6"

Calculated Side Load = 370.6 lb/ft
Connection design assumes point load is top-loaded. For connection design of side-loaded point loads, please consult a technical representative or professional of Record.
Connectors are: 16d Sinker Nails

3-1/2" ARDOX SPIRAL

Disclosure

Use of the Boise Cascade Software is subject to the terms of the End User License Agreement (EULA). Completeness and accuracy of input must be reviewed and verified by a qualified engineer or other appropriate expert to assure its adequacy, prior to anyone relying on such output as evidence of suitability for a particular application. The output here is based on building code-accepted design properties and analysis methods. Installation of Boise Cascade engineered wood products must be in accordance with current Installation Guide and applicable building codes. To obtain Installation Guide or ask questions, please call (800)232-0788 before installation.

BC CALC®, BC FRAMER® , AJS™, ALLJOIST® , BC RIM BOARD™, BCI® , BOISE GLULAM™, BC FloorValue® , VERSA-LAM®, VERSA-RIM PLUS® ,

LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
S. KATSOULAKOS
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

DWG NO. TAM 5428-18 P6
STRUCTURAL COMPONENT ONLY

Boise Cascade Double 1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP Basment\Flush Beams\B4(i1127)

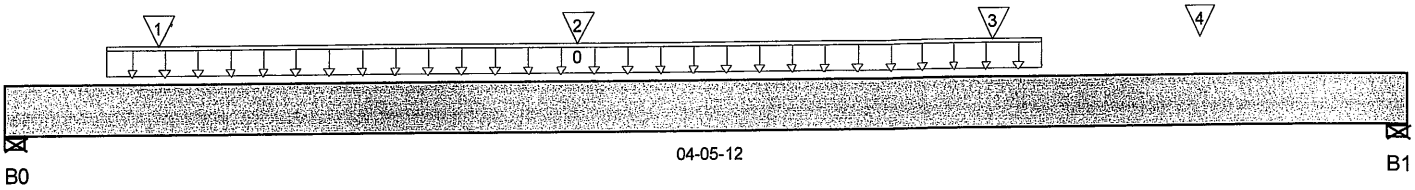
BC CALC® Design Report

Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 24, 2017 14:15:54

Build 5033
Job Name:
Address:
City, Province, Postal Code: EAST GWILLIMBURY,
Customer:
Code reports: CCMC 12472-R

File Name: HOLLAND 14.mmdl
Description: Designs\Flush Beams\Basment\Flush Beams\B4(i1127)
Specifier:
Designer:
Company:
Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 04-05-12

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs)

Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind
B0, 2-3/8"	666 / 0	354 / 0		
B1, 2-3/8"	618 / 0	330 / 0		

Load Summary

Tag	Description	Load Type	Ref.	Start	End	Live 1.00	Dead 0.65	Snow 1.00	Wind 1.15	Trib.
0	Smoothed Load	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	00-03-14	03-03-14	258	128			n/a
1	J6(i950)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	00-05-14	00-05-14	82	41			n/a
2	J6(i1003)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	01-09-14	01-09-14	114	57			n/a
3	J6(i947)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	03-01-14	03-01-14	109	55			n/a
4	J3(i1013)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	03-09-14	03-09-14	201	100			n/a

Controls Summary

	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Pos. Moment	1,624 ft-lbs	25,408 ft-lbs	6.4%	1	01-09-14
End Shear	1,204 lbs	11,571 lbs	10.4%	1	00-11-14
Total Load Defl.	L/999 (0.007")	n/a	n/a	4	02-03-02
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.005")	n/a	n/a	5	02-03-02
Max Defl.	0.007"	n/a	n/a	4	02-03-02
Span / Depth	5.3	n/a	n/a		00-00-00

Bearing Supports

		Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	2-3/8" x 3-1/2"	1,443 lbs	32.5%	14.2%	Unspecified
B1	Wall/Plate	2-3/8" x 3-1/2"	1,340 lbs	30.2%	13.2%	Unspecified

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.
Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.
Calculations assume member is fully braced.
Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.
BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA O86.
Design based on Dry Service Condition.
Importance Factor : Normal Part code : Part 9

CONFORMS TO OBC 2012

LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
S. KATSOULAKOS
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

DWG NO. TAM 5424-18
STRUCTURAL COMPONENT ONLY

Double 1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP Basment\Flush Beams\B4(i1127)

Boise Cascade

Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

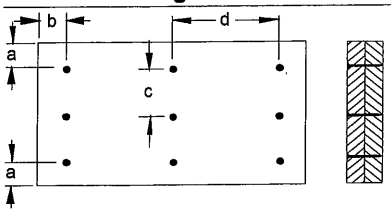
November 24, 2017 14:15:54

BC CALC® Design Report

Build 5033
Job Name:
Address:
City, Province, Postal Code: EAST GWILLIMBURY,
Customer:
Code reports: CCMC 12472-R

File Name: HOLLAND 14.mmdl
Description: Designs\Flush Beams\Basment\Flush Beams\B4(i112
Specifier:
Designer:
Company:
Misc:

Connection Diagram



a minimum = 2" c = 2-3/4"
b minimum = 3" d = 6"

Calculated Side Load = 462.1 lb/ft

Connection design assumes point load is top-loaded. For connection design of side-loaded point loads, please consult a technical representative or professional of Record.

Connectors are: 16d Nails

3-1/2" ARDOX SPIRAL

Disclosure

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LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
S. KATSOULAKOS
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

DWG NO. TAM 5424-17
STRUCTURAL COMPONENT ONLY

Boise Cascade

Triple 1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP

PASSED

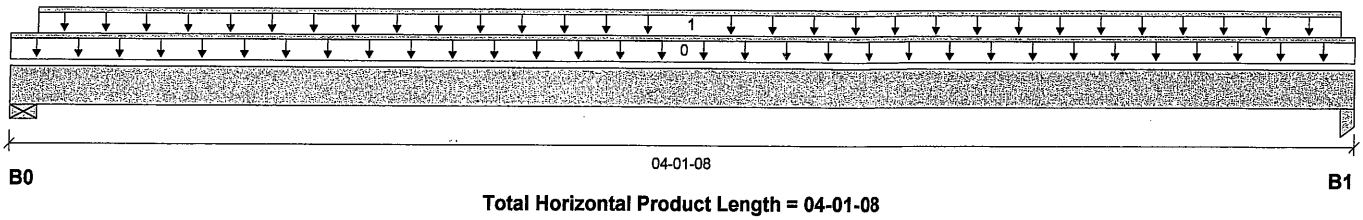
1st Floor\Flush Beams\B5(i1564)

BC CALC® Design Report
Build 6215
Job name:
Address:
City, Province, Postal Code: EAS...URY
Customer:
Code reports: CCMC 12472-R

Dry | 1 span | No cant.

January 26, 2018 08:26:55

File name: HOLLAND 14.mmdl
Description: 1st Floor\Flush Beams\B5(i1564)
Specifier:
Designer:
Company:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 04-01-08

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs)

Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind
B0, 5-1/2"	693 / 0	379 / 0		
B1, 2"	598 / 0	328 / 0		

Load Summary

Tag	Description	Load Type	Ref.	Start	End	Live 1.00	Dead 0.65	Snow 1.00	Wind 1.15	Tributary
0	Self-Weight	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	00-00-00	04-01-08		14			00-00-00
1	Smoothed Load	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	00-01-00	04-01-00	321	161			n\a

Controls Summary	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand/ Resistance	Case	Location
Pos. Moment	1,172 ft-lbs	36,222 ft-lbs	3.2%	1	02-07-00
End Shear	930 lbs	17,356 lbs	5.4%	1	03-02-00
Total Load Deflection	L/999 (0.003")	n\a	n\a	4	02-02-08
Live Load Deflection	L/999 (0.002")	n\a	n\a	5	02-02-08
Max Defl.	0.003"	n\a	n\a	4	02-02-08
Span / Depth	4.6				

Bearing Supports		Dim. (LxW)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	5-1/2" x 5-1/4"	1,514 lbs	9.8%	4.3%	Unspecified
B1	Column	2" x 5-1/4"	1,306 lbs	15.3%	10.2%	Unspecified

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.
Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.
Calculations assume member is fully braced.
Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.
BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA O86.
Design based on Dry Service Condition.
CONFORMS TO OBC 2012
Importance Factor : Normal Part code : Part 9
Connection design assumes point load is top-loaded. For connection design of side-loaded point loads, please consult a technical representative or professional of Record.
Nailing schedule applies to both sides of the member.

DWG NO. TAM 6545-18
STRUCTURAL
COMPONENT ONLY

Boise Cascade

Triple 1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP

PASSED

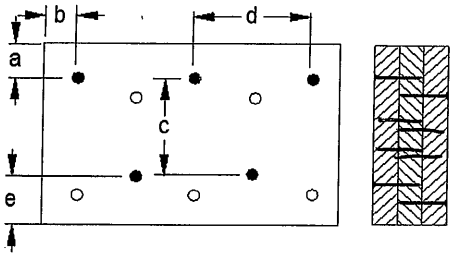
1st Floor\Flush Beams\B5(i1564)

BC CALC® Design Report
Build 6215
Dry | 1 span | No cant.
January 26, 2018 08:26:55

Job name:
Address:
City, Province, Postal Code: EAS...URY
Customer:
Code reports: CCMC 12472-R

File name: HOLLAND 14.mmdl
Description: 1st Floor\Flush Beams\B5(i1564)
Specifier:
Designer:
Company:

Connection Diagram



4 rows

a minimum = 2"
b minimum = 3"
c = 6 1/2"
d = 10 6"
e minimum = 2"

Calculated Side Load = 662.1 lb/ft
Connection design assumes point load is top-loaded. For connection design of side-loaded point loads, please consult a technical representative or professional of Record.
Nailing schedule applies to both sides of the member.
Connectors are: 16d ... Nails

3-1/2" ARDOX SPIRAL

LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
124B
S. KATSOULAKOS
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

Disclosure

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BC CALC®, BC FRAMER® , AJS™, ALLJOIST® , BC RIM BOARD™, BCI® , BOISE GLULAM™, BC FloorValue® , VERSA-LAM®, VERSA-RIM PLUS® ,

DWG NO. TAM 6545-18 P62
STRUCTURAL
COMPONENT ONLY

Double 1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP 1st Floor\Flush Beams\B6(i1173)

Boise Cascade

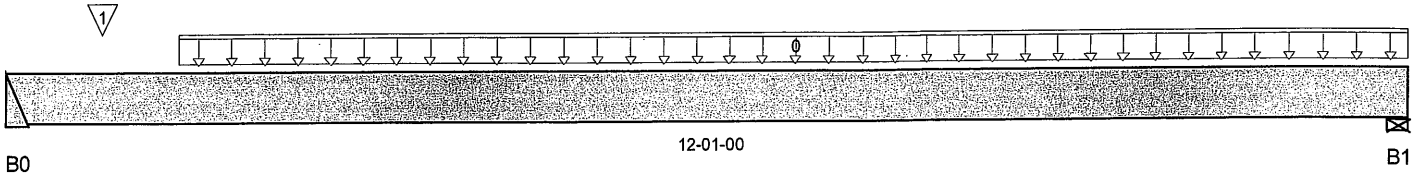
BC CALC® Design Report

Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 24, 2017 14:16:02

Build 5033
Job Name:
Address:
City, Province, Postal Code: EAST GWILLIMBURY,
Customer:
Code reports: CCMC 12472-R

File Name: HOLLAND 14.mmdl
Description: Designs\Flush Beams\1st Floor\Flush Beams\B6(i1173)
Specifier:
Designer:
Company:
Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 12-01-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs)

Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind
B0	1,672 / 0	893 / 0		
B1, 3-1/2"	1,724 / 0	921 / 0		

Load Summary

Tag	Description	Load Type	Ref.	Start	End	Live 1.00	Dead 0.65	Snow 1.00	Wind 1.15	Trib.
0	Smoothed Load	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	01-05-12	12-01-00	281	140			n/a
1	J3(i783)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	00-09-12	00-09-12	413	206			n/a

Controls Summary	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Pos. Moment	10,579 ft-lbs	25,408 ft-lbs	41.6%	1	06-01-12
End Shear	3,436 lbs	11,571 lbs	29.7%	1	00-11-08
Total Load Defl.	L/381 (0.37")	0.587"	62.9%	4	05-11-12
Live Load Defl.	L/585 (0.241")	0.392"	61.5%	5	05-11-12
Max Defl.	0.37"	n/a	n/a	4	05-11-12
Span / Depth	14.8	n/a	n/a		00-00-00

Bearing Supports		Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Hanger	2" x 3-1/2"	3,625 lbs	n/a	42.4%	HGUS410
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	3,737 lbs	57.1%	25%	Unspecified

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.
Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.
Calculations assume member is fully braced.
Hanger Manufacturer: Unassigned
Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.
BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA O86.
Design based on Dry Service Condition.
Importance Factor : Normal Part code : Part 9

CONFORMS TO OBC 2012

LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
S. KATSOULAKOS
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

DWG NO. TAM 5426-18
STRUCTURAL
COMPONENT ONLY

Double 1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP 1st Floor\Flush Beams\B6(i1173)

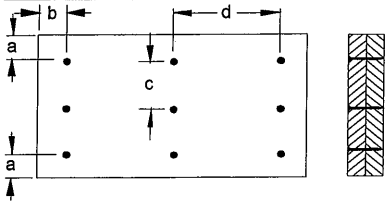
Dry| 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg) November 24, 2017 14:16:02

BC CALC® Design Report

Build 5033
Job Name:
Address:
City, Province, Postal Code: EAST GWILLIMBURY,
Customer:
Code reports: CCMC 12472-R

File Name: HOLLAND 14.mmdl
Description: Designs\Flush Beams\1st Floor\Flush Beams\B6(i117
Specifier:
Designer:
Company:
Misc:

Connection Diagram



a minimum = 2" c = 2-3/4"
b minimum = 3" d = 6"

Calculated Side Load = 595.9 lb/ft

Connection design assumes point load is top-loaded. For connection design of side-loaded point loads, please consult a technical representative or professional of Record.
Connectors are: 16d Common Nails

3-1/2" ARDOX SPIRAL

Disclosure

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LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
S. KATSOULAKOS
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

DWG NO. TAM 5426-18
STRUCTURAL
COMPONENT ONLY

Boise Cascade Double 1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP 1st Floor\Flush Beams\B7(i1120)

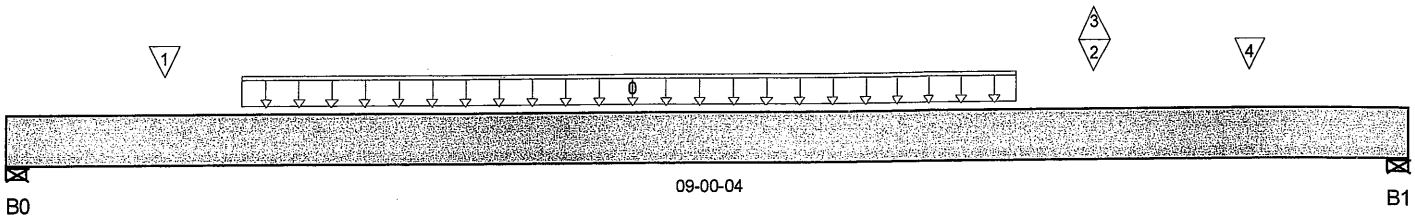
BC CALC® Design Report

Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 24, 2017 14:15:58

Build 5033
Job Name:
Address:
City, Province, Postal Code: EAST GWILLIMBURY,
Customer:
Code reports: CCMC 12472-R

File Name: HOLLAND 14.mmdl
Description: Designs\Flush Beams\1st Floor\Flush Beams\B7(i1120)
Specifier:
Designer:
Company:
Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 09-00-04

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs)

Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind
B0, 3-1/2"	1,433 / 2	757 / 0		
B1, 5-1/2"	1,146 / 6	613 / 0		

Load Summary

Tag	Description	Load Type	Ref.	Start	End	Live 1.00	Dead 0.65	Snow 1.00	Wind 1.15	Trib.
0	Smoothed Load	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	01-06-04	06-06-04	368	184			n/a
1	-	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	01-00-04	01-00-04	419	210			n/a
2	-	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	07-00-03	07-00-03	167	79			n/a
3	-	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	07-00-03	07-00-03	-8				n/a
4	-	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	08-00-04	08-00-04	152	76			n/a

Controls Summary	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Pos. Moment	6,619 ft-lbs	25,408 ft-lbs	26.1%	1	04-00-04
End Shear	3,013 lbs	11,571 lbs	26%	1	01-01-00
Total Load Defl.	L/999 (0.117")	n/a	n/a	6	04-04-12
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.076")	n/a	n/a	8	04-04-12
Max Defl.	0.117"	n/a	n/a	6	04-04-12
Span / Depth	10.6	n/a	n/a		00-00-00

Bearing Supports		Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	3,096 lbs	47.3%	20.7%	Unspecified
B1	Wall/Plate	5-1/2" x 3-1/2"	2,485 lbs	24.2%	10.6%	Unspecified

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.
Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.
Calculations assume member is fully braced.
Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.
BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA O86.
CONFORMS TO OBC 2012
Design based on Dry Service Condition.
Importance Factor : Normal Part code : Part 9

LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
S. KATSOULAKOS
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

P6 4

DWG NO. TAM 5427-18
STRUCTURAL
COMPONENT ONLY

Double 1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP 1st Floor\Flush Beams\B7(i1120)

BC CALC® Design Report

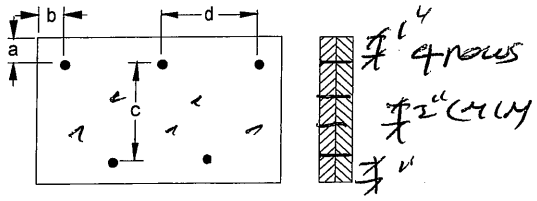
Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 24, 2017 14:15:58

Build 5033
Job Name:
Address:
City, Province, Postal Code: EAST GWILLIMBURY,
Customer:
Code reports: CCMC 12472-R

File Name: HOLLAND 14.mmdl
Description: Designs\Flush Beams\1st Floor\Flush Beams\B7(i112(
Specifier:
Designer:
Company:
Misc:

Connection Diagram



a minimum = [illegible]" c = [illegible]-1/2"
b minimum = 3" d = [illegible] 6"

Calculated Side Load = 379.8 lb/ft

Connection design assumes point load is top-loaded. For connection design of side-loaded point loads, please consult a technical representative or professional of Record.
Connectors are: 16d [illegible] Nails

3-1/2" ARDOX SPIRAL

Disclosure

Completeness and accuracy of input must be verified by anyone who would rely on output as evidence of suitability for particular application. Output here based on building code-accepted design properties and analysis methods. Installation of Boise Cascade engineered wood products must be in accordance with current Installation Guide and applicable building codes. To obtain Installation Guide or ask questions, please call 1-800-964-6999 before installation.

LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
S. KATSOULAKOS
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

DWG NO. TAM 5422-18
STRUCTURAL COMPONENT ONLY

Boise Cascade

Triple 1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP

PASSED

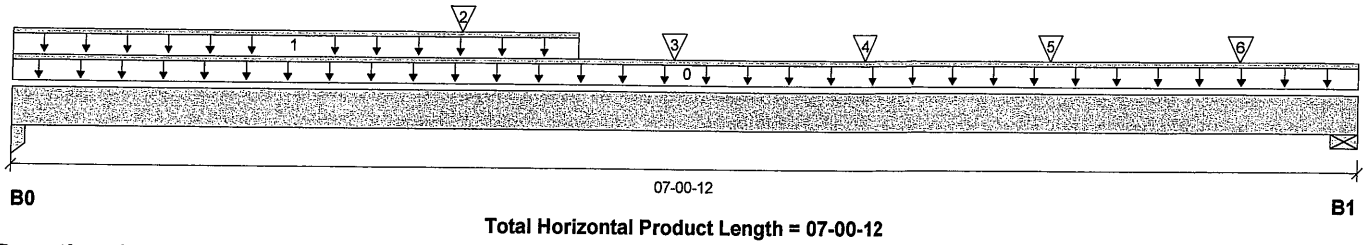
1st Floor\Flush Beams\B8(i1673)

BC CALC® Design Report
Build 6215
Job name:
Address:
City, Province, Postal Code: EAS...URY
Customer:
Code reports: CCMC 12472-R

Dry | 1 span | No cant.

January 26, 2018 08:26:55

File name: HOLLAND 14.mmdl
Description: 1st Floor\Flush Beams\B8(i1673)
Specifier:
Designer:
Company:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 07-00-12

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs)

Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind
B0, 2"	2,511 / 0	1,346 / 0		
B1, 1-3/4"	2,182 / 0	1,161 / 0		

Load Summary

Tag	Description	Load Type	Ref.	Start	End	Live 1.00	Dead 0.65	Snow 1.00	Wind 1.15	Tributary
0	Self-Weight	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	00-00-00	07-00-12		14			00-00-00
1	Smoothed Load	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	00-00-00	02-11-08	326	163			n\a
2	B6(i1624)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	02-04-04	02-04-04	1,660	887			n\a
3	J2(i1618)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	03-05-08	03-05-08	445	223			n\a
4	J2(i1668)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	04-05-08	04-05-08	570	285			n\a
5	J2(i1567)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	05-05-08	05-05-08	570	285			n\a
6	J2(i1614)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	06-05-08	06-05-08	440	220			n\a

Controls Summary

	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand/ Resistance	Case	Location
Pos. Moment	10,355 ft-lbs	36,222 ft-lbs	28.6%	1	02-05-08
End Shear	5,001 lbs	17,356 lbs	28.8%	1	00-11-08
Total Load Deflection	L/999 (0.08")	n\a	n\a	4	03-05-08
Live Load Deflection	L/999 (0.052")	n\a	n\a	5	03-05-08
Max Defl.	0.08"	n\a	n\a	4	03-05-08
Span / Depth	8.7				

Bearing Supports

		Dim. (LxW)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Column	2" x 5-1/4"	5,450 lbs	63.9%	42.5%	Unspecified
B1	Wall/Plate	1-3/4" x 5-1/4"	4,724 lbs	96.3%	42.1%	Unspecified

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.
Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.
Calculations assume member is fully braced.
Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.
BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA O86.
Design based on Dry Service Condition.
CONFORMS TO OBC 2012
Importance Factor : Normal Part code : Part 9
Connection design assumes point load is top-loaded. For connection design of side-loaded point loads, please consult a technical representative or professional of Record.
Nailing schedule applies to both sides of the member.

DWG NO. TAM 6546-18 P6/6
STRUCTURAL
COMPONENT ONLY

Boise Cascade

Triple 1-3/4" x 9-1/2" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP

PASSED

1st Floor\Flush Beams\B8(i1673)

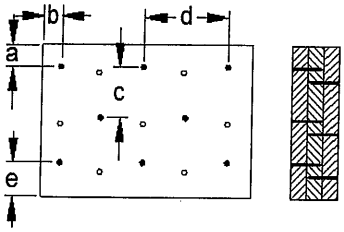
BC CALC® Design Report
Build 6215
Job name:
Address:
City, Province, Postal Code: EAS...URY
Customer:
Code reports: CCMC 12472-R

Dry | 1 span | No cant.

January 26, 2018 08:26:55

File name: HOLLAND 14.mmdl
Description: 1st Floor\Flush Beams\B8(i1673)
Specifier:
Designer:
Company:

Connection Diagram



a minimum = 2"
b minimum = 3"
c = 2-1/4"
d = 3"
e minimum = 3"

Calculated Side Load = 899.4 lb/ft
Connection design assumes point load is top-loaded. For connection design of side-loaded point loads, please consult a technical representative or professional of Record.
Nailing schedule applies to both sides of the member.
Connectors are: 16d Nails

3-1/2" ARDOX SPIRAL

LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
12418
S. KATSOULAKOS
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

Disclosure

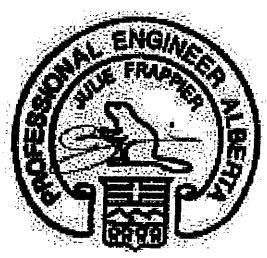
Use of the Boise Cascade Software is subject to the terms of the End User License Agreement (EULA). Completeness and accuracy of input must be reviewed and verified by a qualified engineer or other appropriate expert to assure its adequacy, prior to anyone relying on such output as evidence of suitability for a particular application. The output here is based on building code-accepted design properties and analysis methods. Installation of Boise Cascade engineered wood products must be in accordance with current Installation Guide and applicable building codes. To obtain Installation Guide or ask questions, please call (800)232-0788 before installation.

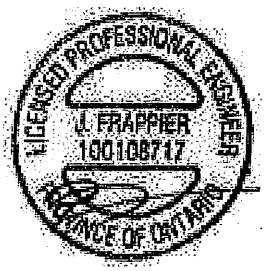
BC CALC®, BC FRAMER® , AJS™, ALLJOIST® , BC RIM BOARD™, BCI® , BOISE GLULAM™, BC FloorValue® , VERSA-LAM®, VERSA-RIM PLUS®,

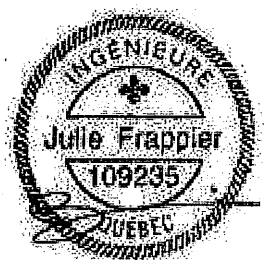
DWG NO. TAM 6546-18 p62

STRUCTURAL
COMPONENT ONLY

NORDIC ENGINEERED WOOD







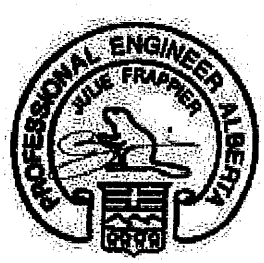
Maximum Floor Spans

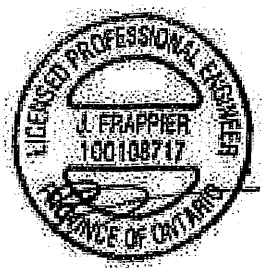
Live Load = 40 psf, Dead Load = 15 psf
Simple Spans, L/480 Deflection Limit
5/8" OSB G&N Sheathing

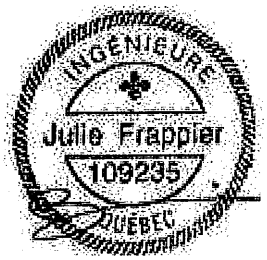
Depth	Series	Bare				1/2" Gypsum Ceiling			
		On Centre Spacing				On Centre Spacing			
		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"
9-1/2"	NI-20	15'-1"	14'-2"	13'-9"	N/A	15'-7"	14'-8"	14'-2"	N/A
	NI-40x	16'-1"	15'-2"	14'-8"	N/A	16'-7"	15'-7"	15'-1"	N/A
	NI-60	16'-3"	15'-4"	14'-10"	N/A	16'-8"	15'-9"	15'-3"	N/A
	NI-70	17'-1"	16'-1"	15'-6"	N/A	17'-5"	16'-5"	15'-10"	N/A
	NI-80	17'-3"	16'-3"	15'-8"	N/A	17'-8"	16'-7"	16'-0"	N/A
11-7/8"	NI-20	16'-11"	16'-0"	15'-5"	N/A	17'-6"	16'-6"	16'-0"	N/A
	NI-40x	18'-1"	17'-0"	16'-5"	N/A	18'-9"	17'-6"	16'-11"	N/A
	NI-60	18'-4"	17'-3"	16'-7"	N/A	19'-0"	17'-8"	17'-1"	N/A
	NI-70	19'-6"	18'-0"	17'-4"	N/A	20'-1"	18'-7"	17'-9"	N/A
	NI-80	19'-9"	18'-3"	17'-6"	N/A	20'-4"	18'-10"	17'-11"	N/A
	NI-90x	20'-4"	18'-9"	17'-11"	N/A	20'-10"	19'-3"	18'-5"	N/A
14"	NI-40x	20'-1"	18'-7"	17'-10"	N/A	20'-10"	19'-4"	18'-6"	N/A
	NI-60	20'-5"	18'-11"	18'-1"	N/A	21'-2"	19'-7"	18'-9"	N/A
	NI-70	21'-7"	20'-0"	19'-1"	N/A	22'-3"	20'-7"	19'-8"	N/A
	NI-80	21'-11"	20'-3"	19'-4"	N/A	22'-7"	20'-11"	20'-0"	N/A
	NI-90x	22'-7"	20'-11"	19'-11"	N/A	23'-3"	21'-6"	20'-6"	N/A
16"	NI-60	22'-3"	20'-8"	19'-9"	N/A	23'-1"	21'-5"	20'-6"	N/A
	NI-70	23'-6"	21'-9"	20'-9"	N/A	24'-3"	22'-5"	21'-5"	N/A
	NI-80	23'-11"	22'-1"	21'-1"	N/A	24'-8"	22'-10"	21'-9"	N/A
	NI-90x	24'-8"	22'-9"	21'-9"	N/A	25'-4"	23'-5"	22'-4"	N/A

Depth	Series	Mid-Span Blocking				Mid-Span Blocking and 1/2" Gypsum Ceiling			
		On Centre Spacing				On Centre Spacing			
		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"
9-1/2"	NI-20	16'-8"	15'-3"	14'-5"	N/A	16'-8"	15'-3"	14'-5"	N/A
	NI-40x	17'-11"	16'-11"	16'-1"	N/A	18'-5"	17'-1"	16'-1"	N/A
	NI-60	18'-2"	17'-1"	16'-4"	N/A	18'-7"	17'-4"	16'-4"	N/A
	NI-70	19'-2"	17'-10"	17'-2"	N/A	19'-7"	18'-3"	17'-7"	N/A
	NI-80	19'-5"	18'-0"	17'-4"	N/A	19'-10"	18'-5"	17'-8"	N/A
11-7/8"	NI-20	19'-6"	18'-1"	17'-3"	N/A	19'-11"	18'-3"	17'-3"	N/A
	NI-40x	21'-0"	19'-6"	18'-8"	N/A	21'-7"	20'-2"	19'-2"	N/A
	NI-60	21'-4"	19'-9"	18'-11"	N/A	21'-11"	20'-4"	19'-6"	N/A
	NI-70	22'-6"	20'-10"	19'-11"	N/A	23'-0"	21'-5"	20'-5"	N/A
	NI-80	22'-9"	21'-1"	20'-1"	N/A	23'-3"	21'-7"	20'-8"	N/A
	NI-90x	23'-4"	21'-8"	20'-8"	N/A	23'-10"	22'-2"	21'-2"	N/A
14"	NI-40x	23'-7"	21'-11"	20'-11"	N/A	24'-3"	22'-7"	21'-7"	N/A
	NI-60	24'-0"	22'-3"	21'-3"	N/A	24'-8"	22'-11"	21'-11"	N/A
	NI-70	25'-3"	23'-4"	22'-3"	N/A	25'-10"	24'-0"	22'-11"	N/A
	NI-80	25'-7"	23'-8"	22'-7"	N/A	26'-2"	24'-4"	23'-2"	N/A
	NI-90x	26'-4"	24'-4"	23'-3"	N/A	26'-10"	24'-11"	23'-9"	N/A
16"	NI-60	26'-5"	24'-6"	23'-4"	N/A	27'-2"	25'-3"	24'-2"	N/A
	NI-70	27'-9"	25'-8"	24'-6"	N/A	28'-5"	26'-5"	25'-2"	N/A
	NI-80	28'-2"	26'-1"	24'-10"	N/A	28'-10"	26'-9"	25'-6"	N/A
	NI-90x	29'-0"	26'-10"	25'-7"	N/A	29'-7"	27'-5"	26'-2"	N/A

1. Maximum clear span applicable to simple-span residential floor construction with a design live load of 40 psf and dead load of 15 psf. The ultimate limit states are based on the factored loads of 1.50L + 1.25D. The serviceability limit states include the consideration for floor vibration, a live load deflection limit of L/480 and a total load deflection limit of L/240.
2. Spans are based on a composite floor with glued-nailed oriented strand board (OSB) sheathing with a minimum thickness of 5/8 inch for a joist spacing of 19.2 inches or less. The composite floor may include 1/2 inch gypsum ceiling and/or one row of blocking at mid-span with strapping. Strapping shall be minimum 1x4 inch strap applied to underside of joists at blocking line or 1/2 inch gypsum ceiling attached to joists.
3. Minimum bearing length shall be 1-3/4 inches for the end bearings.
4. Bearing stiffeners are not required when I-joists are used with the spans and spacings given in this table, except as required for hangers.
5. This span chart is based on uniform loads. For applications with other than uniformly distributed loads, an engineering analysis may be required based on the use of the design properties. Tables are based on Limit States Design per CSA O86-09, NBC 2010, and OBC 2012.
6. Joists shall be laterally supported at supports and continuously along the compression edge. Refer to technical documentation for installation guidelines and construction details. Nordic I-joists are listed in CCMC evaluation report 13032-R and APA Product Report PR-L274C.







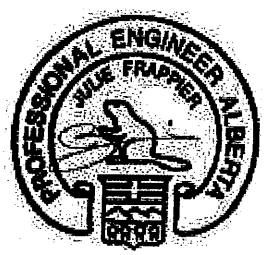
Maximum Floor Spans

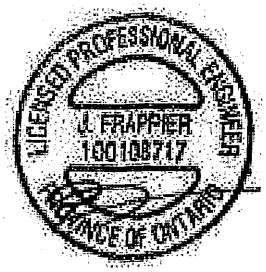
Live Load = 40 psf, Dead Load = 15 psf
Simple Spans, L/480 Deflection Limit
3/4" OSB G&N Sheathing

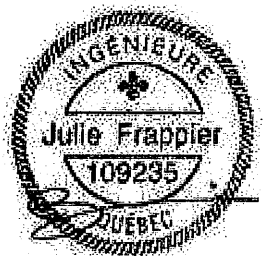
Depth	Series	Bare				1/2" Gypsum Ceiling			
		On Centre Spacing				On Centre Spacing			
		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"
9-1/2"	NI-20	15'-10"	15'-0"	14'-5"	13'-5"	16'-4"	15'-5"	14'-6"	13'-5"
	NI-40x	17'-0"	16'-0"	15'-5"	14'-9"	17'-5"	16'-5"	15'-10"	15'-2"
	NI-60	17'-2"	16'-2"	15'-7"	14'-11"	17'-6"	16'-7"	15'-11"	15'-3"
	NI-70	18'-0"	16'-11"	16'-3"	15'-7"	18'-5"	17'-3"	16'-7"	15'-11"
	NI-80	18'-3"	17'-1"	16'-5"	15'-9"	18'-8"	17'-5"	16'-9"	16'-1"
11-7/8"	NI-20	17'-10"	16'-10"	16'-2"	15'-6"	18'-6"	17'-4"	16'-9"	16'-1"
	NI-40x	19'-4"	17'-11"	17'-3"	16'-6"	19'-11"	18'-6"	17'-9"	17'-0"
	NI-60	19'-7"	18'-2"	17'-5"	16'-9"	20'-2"	18'-9"	17'-11"	17'-2"
	NI-70	20'-9"	19'-2"	18'-3"	17'-5"	21'-4"	19'-9"	18'-10"	17'-10"
	NI-80	21'-1"	19'-5"	18'-6"	17'-7"	21'-7"	20'-0"	19'-0"	18'-0"
	NI-90x	21'-8"	20'-0"	19'-1"	18'-0"	22'-2"	20'-6"	19'-6"	18'-6"
14"	NI-40x	21'-5"	19'-10"	18'-11"	17'-11"	22'-1"	20'-6"	19'-7"	18'-7"
	NI-60	21'-10"	20'-2"	19'-3"	18'-2"	22'-5"	20'-10"	19'-11"	18'-10"
	NI-70	23'-0"	21'-3"	20'-3"	19'-2"	23'-8"	21'-11"	20'-10"	19'-9"
	NI-80	23'-5"	21'-7"	20'-7"	19'-5"	24'-0"	22'-3"	21'-2"	20'-0"
	NI-90x	24'-1"	22'-3"	21'-2"	20'-0"	24'-8"	22'-10"	21'-9"	20'-7"
16"	NI-60	23'-9"	22'-0"	20'-11"	19'-10"	24'-6"	22'-9"	21'-8"	20'-6"
	NI-70	25'-1"	23'-2"	22'-0"	20'-10"	25'-9"	23'-10"	22'-9"	21'-6"
	NI-80	25'-6"	23'-6"	22'-4"	21'-2"	26'-1"	24'-2"	23'-1"	21'-10"
	NI-90x	26'-4"	24'-3"	23'-1"	21'-10"	26'-11"	24'-11"	23'-8"	22'-5"

Depth	Series	Mid-Span Blocking				Mid-Span Blocking and 1/2" Gypsum Ceiling			
		On Centre Spacing				On Centre Spacing			
		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"
9-1/2"	NI-20	16'-10"	15'-5"	14'-6"	13'-5"	16'-10"	15'-5"	14'-6"	13'-5"
	NI-40x	18'-8"	17'-2"	16'-3"	15'-2"	18'-10"	17'-2"	16'-3"	15'-2"
	NI-60	18'-11"	17'-6"	16'-6"	15'-5"	19'-2"	17'-6"	16'-6"	15'-5"
	NI-70	20'-0"	18'-7"	17'-9"	16'-7"	20'-5"	18'-11"	17'-10"	16'-7"
	NI-80	20'-3"	18'-10"	17'-11"	16'-10"	20'-8"	19'-3"	18'-2"	16'-10"
11-7/8"	NI-20	20'-1"	18'-5"	17'-5"	16'-2"	20'-1"	18'-5"	17'-5"	16'-2"
	NI-40x	21'-10"	20'-4"	19'-4"	17'-8"	22'-5"	20'-6"	19'-4"	17'-8"
	NI-60	22'-1"	20'-7"	19'-7"	18'-4"	22'-8"	20'-10"	19'-8"	18'-4"
	NI-70	23'-4"	21'-8"	20'-8"	19'-7"	23'-10"	22'-3"	21'-2"	19'-9"
	NI-80	23'-7"	21'-11"	20'-11"	19'-9"	24'-1"	22'-6"	21'-5"	20'-0"
	NI-90x	24'-3"	22'-6"	21'-6"	20'-4"	24'-8"	23'-0"	22'-0"	20'-9"
14"	NI-40x	24'-5"	22'-9"	21'-8"	19'-5"	25'-1"	23'-2"	21'-9"	19'-5"
	NI-60	24'-10"	23'-1"	22'-0"	20'-10"	25'-6"	23'-8"	22'-4"	20'-10"
	NI-70	26'-1"	24'-3"	23'-2"	21'-10"	26'-8"	24'-11"	23'-9"	22'-4"
	NI-80	26'-6"	24'-7"	23'-5"	22'-2"	27'-1"	25'-3"	24'-1"	22'-9"
	NI-90x	27'-3"	25'-4"	24'-1"	22'-9"	27'-9"	25'-11"	24'-8"	23'-4"
16"	NI-60	27'-3"	25'-5"	24'-2"	22'-10"	28'-0"	26'-2"	24'-9"	23'-1"
	NI-70	28'-8"	26'-8"	25'-4"	23'-11"	29'-3"	27'-4"	26'-1"	24'-8"
	NI-80	29'-1"	27'-0"	25'-9"	24'-4"	29'-8"	27'-9"	26'-5"	25'-0"
	NI-90x	29'-11"	27'-10"	26'-6"	25'-0"	30'-6"	28'-5"	27'-2"	25'-8"

1. Maximum clear span applicable to simple-span residential floor construction with a design live load of 40 psf and dead load of 15 psf. The ultimate limit states are based on the factored loads of 1.50L + 1.25D. The serviceability limit states include the consideration for floor vibration, a live load deflection limit of L/480 and a total load deflection limit of L/240.
2. Spans are based on a composite floor with glued-nailed oriented strand board (OSB) sheathing with a minimum thickness of 3/4 inch for a joist spacing of 24 inches or less. The composite floor may include 1/2 inch gypsum ceiling and/or one row of blocking at mid-span with strapping. Strapping shall be minimum 1x4 inch strap applied to underside of joists at blocking line or 1/2 inch gypsum ceiling attached to joists.
3. Minimum bearing length shall be 1-3/4 inches for the end bearings.
4. Bearing stiffeners are not required when I-joists are used with the spans and spacings given in this table, except as required for hangers.
5. This span chart is based on uniform loads. For applications with other than uniformly distributed loads, an engineering analysis may be required based on the use of the design properties. Tables are based on Limit States Design per CSA O86-09, NBC 2010, and OBC 2012.
6. Joists shall be laterally supported at supports and continuously along the compression edge. Refer to technical documentation for installation guidelines and construction details. Nordic I-joists are listed in CCMC evaluation report 13032-R and APA Product Report PR-L274C.







Maximum Floor Spans

Live Load = 40 psf, Dead Load = 30 psf
Simple Spans, L/480 Deflection Limit
5/8" OSB G&N Sheathing

Depth	Series	Bare				1/2" Gypsum Ceiling			
		On Centre Spacing				On Centre Spacing			
		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"
9-1/2"	NI-20	15'-1"	14'-1"	13'-3"	N/A	15'-7"	14'-1"	13'-3"	N/A
	NI-40x	16'-1"	15'-2"	14'-8"	N/A	16'-7"	15'-7"	15'-1"	N/A
	NI-60	16'-3"	15'-4"	14'-10"	N/A	16'-8"	15'-9"	15'-3"	N/A
	NI-70	17'-1"	16'-1"	15'-6"	N/A	17'-5"	16'-5"	15'-10"	N/A
	NI-80	17'-3"	16'-3"	15'-8"	N/A	17'-8"	16'-7"	16'-0"	N/A
11-7/8"	NI-20	16'-11"	16'-0"	15'-5"	N/A	17'-6"	16'-6"	16'-0"	N/A
	NI-40x	18'-1"	17'-0"	16'-5"	N/A	18'-9"	17'-6"	16'-11"	N/A
	NI-60	18'-4"	17'-3"	16'-7"	N/A	19'-0"	17'-8"	17'-1"	N/A
	NI-70	19'-6"	18'-0"	17'-4"	N/A	20'-1"	18'-7"	17'-9"	N/A
	NI-80	19'-9"	18'-3"	17'-6"	N/A	20'-4"	18'-10"	17'-11"	N/A
	NI-90x	20'-4"	18'-9"	17'-11"	N/A	20'-10"	19'-3"	18'-5"	N/A
14"	NI-40x	20'-1"	18'-7"	17'-10"	N/A	20'-10"	19'-4"	18'-6"	N/A
	NI-60	20'-5"	18'-11"	18'-1"	N/A	21'-2"	19'-7"	18'-9"	N/A
	NI-70	21'-7"	20'-0"	19'-1"	N/A	22'-3"	20'-7"	19'-8"	N/A
	NI-80	21'-11"	20'-3"	19'-4"	N/A	22'-7"	20'-11"	20'-0"	N/A
	NI-90x	22'-7"	20'-11"	19'-11"	N/A	23'-3"	21'-6"	20'-6"	N/A
16"	NI-60	22'-3"	20'-8"	19'-9"	N/A	23'-1"	21'-5"	20'-6"	N/A
	NI-70	23'-6"	21'-9"	20'-9"	N/A	24'-3"	22'-5"	21'-5"	N/A
	NI-80	23'-11"	22'-1"	21'-1"	N/A	24'-8"	22'-10"	21'-9"	N/A
	NI-90x	24'-8"	22'-9"	21'-9"	N/A	25'-4"	23'-5"	22'-4"	N/A

Depth	Series	Mid-Span Blocking				Mid-Span Blocking and 1/2" Gypsum Ceiling			
		On Centre Spacing				On Centre Spacing			
		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"
9-1/2"	NI-20	15'-7"	14'-1"	13'-3"	N/A	15'-7"	14'-1"	13'-3"	N/A
	NI-40x	17'-9"	16'-1"	15'-1"	N/A	17'-9"	16'-1"	15'-1"	N/A
	NI-60	18'-1"	16'-4"	15'-4"	N/A	18'-1"	16'-4"	15'-4"	N/A
	NI-70	19'-2"	17'-10"	16'-9"	N/A	19'-7"	17'-10"	16'-9"	N/A
	NI-80	19'-5"	18'-0"	17'-1"	N/A	19'-10"	18'-3"	17'-1"	N/A
11-7/8"	NI-20	18'-9"	17'-0"	16'-0"	N/A	18'-9"	17'-0"	16'-0"	N/A
	NI-40x	21'-0"	19'-3"	17'-9"	N/A	21'-3"	19'-3"	17'-9"	N/A
	NI-60	21'-4"	19'-8"	18'-5"	N/A	21'-8"	19'-8"	18'-5"	N/A
	NI-70	22'-6"	20'-10"	19'-11"	N/A	23'-0"	21'-4"	20'-0"	N/A
	NI-80	22'-9"	21'-1"	20'-1"	N/A	23'-3"	21'-7"	20'-5"	N/A
	NI-90x	23'-4"	21'-8"	20'-8"	N/A	23'-10"	22'-2"	21'-2"	N/A
14"	NI-40x	23'-7"	21'-5"	19'-6"	N/A	24'-1"	21'-5"	19'-6"	N/A
	NI-60	24'-0"	22'-3"	21'-0"	N/A	24'-8"	22'-5"	21'-0"	N/A
	NI-70	25'-3"	23'-4"	22'-3"	N/A	25'-10"	24'-0"	22'-9"	N/A
	NI-80	25'-7"	23'-8"	22'-7"	N/A	26'-2"	24'-4"	23'-2"	N/A
	NI-90x	26'-4"	24'-4"	23'-3"	N/A	26'-10"	24'-11"	23'-9"	N/A
16"	NI-60	26'-5"	24'-6"	23'-4"	N/A	27'-2"	24'-10"	23'-4"	N/A
	NI-70	27'-9"	25'-8"	24'-6"	N/A	28'-5"	26'-5"	25'-2"	N/A
	NI-80	28'-2"	26'-1"	24'-10"	N/A	28'-10"	26'-9"	25'-6"	N/A
	NI-90x	29'-0"	26'-10"	25'-7"	N/A	29'-7"	27'-5"	26'-2"	N/A

1. Maximum clear span applicable to simple-span residential floor construction with a design live load of 40 psf and dead load of 30 psf. The ultimate limit states are based on the factored loads of 1.50L + 1.25D. The serviceability limit states include the consideration for floor vibration, a live load deflection limit of L/480 and a total load deflection limit of L/240.
2. Spans are based on a composite floor with glued-nailed oriented strand board (OSB) sheathing with a minimum thickness of 5/8 inch for a joist spacing of 19.2 inches or less. The composite floor may include 1/2 inch gypsum ceiling and/or one row of blocking at mid-span with strapping. Strapping shall be minimum 1x4 inch strap applied to underside of joists at blocking line or 1/2 inch gypsum ceiling attached to joists.
3. Minimum bearing length shall be 1-3/4 inches for the end bearings.
4. Bearing stiffeners are not required when I-joists are used with the spans and spacings given in this table, except as required for hangers.
5. This span chart is based on uniform loads. For applications with other than uniformly distributed loads, an engineering analysis may be required based on the use of the design properties. Tables are based on Limit States Design per CSA O86-09, NBC 2010, and OBC 2012.
6. Joists shall be laterally supported at supports and continuously along the compression edge. Refer to technical documentation for installation guidelines and construction details. Nordic I-joists are listed in CCMC evaluation report 13032-R and APA Product Report PR-L274C.

Maximum Floor Spans

Live Load = 40 psf, Dead Load = 30 psf
Simple Spans, L/480 Deflection Limit
3/4" OSB G&N Sheathing

Depth	Series	Bare				1/2" Gypsum Ceiling			
		On Centre Spacing				On Centre Spacing			
		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"
9-1/2"	NI-20	15'-7"	14'-2"	13'-4"	12'-4"	15'-7"	14'-2"	13'-4"	12'-4"
	NI-40x	17'-0"	16'-0"	15'-1"	13'-11"	17'-5"	16'-1"	15'-1"	13'-11"
	NI-60	17'-2"	16'-2"	15'-5"	14'-3"	17'-6"	16'-5"	15'-5"	14'-3"
	NI-70	18'-0"	16'-11"	16'-3"	15'-6"	18'-5"	17'-3"	16'-7"	15'-6"
	NI-80	18'-3"	17'-1"	16'-5"	15'-9"	18'-8"	17'-5"	16'-9"	15'-10"
11-7/8"	NI-20	17'-10"	16'-10"	16'-0"	14'-10"	18'-6"	17'-1"	16'-0"	14'-10"
	NI-40x	19'-4"	17'-11"	17'-3"	15'-10"	19'-11"	18'-6"	17'-9"	15'-10"
	NI-60	19'-7"	18'-2"	17'-5"	16'-9"	20'-2"	18'-9"	17'-11"	17'-1"
	NI-70	20'-9"	19'-2"	18'-3"	17'-5"	21'-4"	19'-9"	18'-10"	17'-10"
	NI-80	21'-1"	19'-5"	18'-6"	17'-7"	21'-7"	20'-0"	19'-0"	18'-0"
	NI-90x	21'-8"	20'-0"	19'-1"	18'-0"	22'-2"	20'-6"	19'-6"	18'-6"
14"	NI-40x	21'-5"	19'-10"	18'-11"	17'-5"	22'-1"	20'-6"	19'-6"	17'-5"
	NI-60	21'-10"	20'-2"	19'-3"	18'-2"	22'-5"	20'-10"	19'-11"	18'-10"
	NI-70	23'-0"	21'-3"	20'-3"	19'-2"	23'-8"	21'-11"	20'-10"	19'-9"
	NI-80	23'-5"	21'-7"	20'-7"	19'-5"	24'-0"	22'-3"	21'-2"	20'-0"
	NI-90x	24'-1"	22'-3"	21'-2"	20'-0"	24'-8"	22'-10"	21'-9"	20'-7"
16"	NI-60	23'-9"	22'-0"	20'-11"	19'-10"	24'-6"	22'-9"	21'-8"	20'-6"
	NI-70	25'-1"	23'-2"	22'-0"	20'-10"	25'-9"	23'-10"	22'-9"	21'-6"
	NI-80	25'-6"	23'-6"	22'-4"	21'-2"	26'-1"	24'-2"	23'-1"	21'-10"
	NI-90x	26'-4"	24'-3"	23'-1"	21'-10"	26'-11"	24'-11"	23'-8"	22'-5"

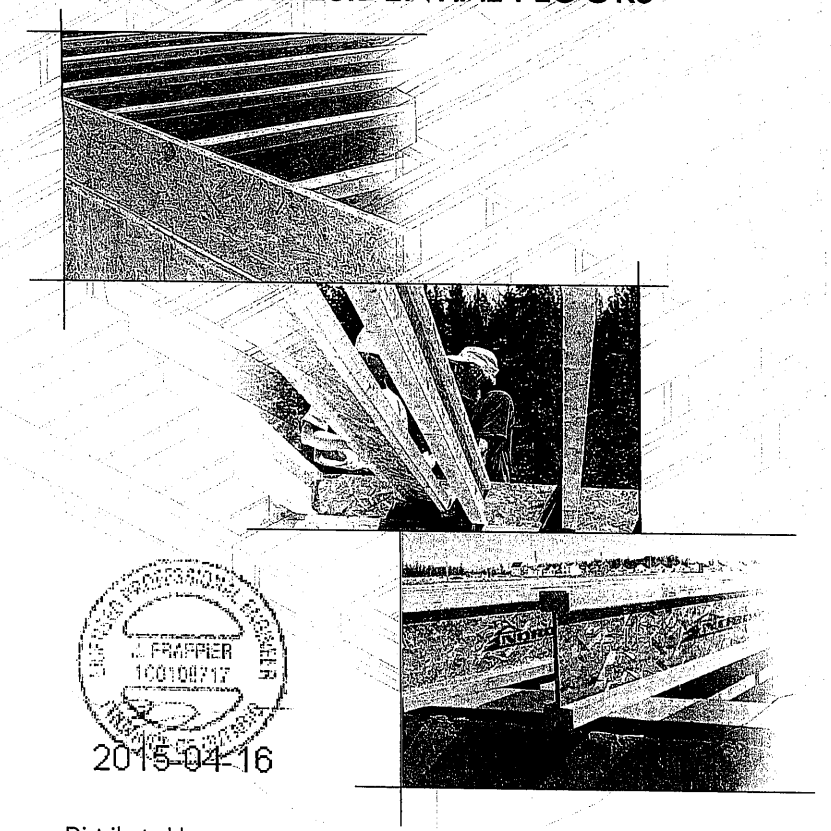
Depth	Series	Mid-Span Blocking				Mid-Span Blocking and 1/2" Gypsum Ceiling			
		On Centre Spacing				On Centre Spacing			
		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"
9-1/2"	NI-20	15'-7"	14'-2"	13'-4"	12'-4"	15'-7"	14'-2"	13'-4"	12'-4"
	NI-40x	17'-9"	16'-1"	15'-1"	13'-11"	17'-9"	16'-1"	15'-1"	13'-11"
	NI-60	18'-1"	16'-5"	15'-5"	14'-3"	18'-1"	16'-5"	15'-5"	14'-3"
	NI-70	19'-10"	17'-11"	16'-9"	15'-6"	19'-10"	17'-11"	16'-9"	15'-6"
	NI-80	20'-2"	18'-3"	17'-1"	15'-10"	20'-2"	18'-3"	17'-1"	15'-10"
11-7/8"	NI-20	18'-10"	17'-1"	16'-0"	14'-10"	18'-10"	17'-1"	16'-0"	14'-10"
	NI-40x	21'-3"	19'-3"	17'-9"	15'-10"	21'-3"	19'-3"	17'-9"	15'-10"
	NI-60	21'-9"	19'-8"	18'-5"	17'-1"	21'-9"	19'-8"	18'-5"	17'-1"
	NI-70	23'-4"	21'-5"	20'-1"	18'-6"	23'-8"	21'-5"	20'-1"	18'-6"
	NI-80	23'-7"	21'-10"	20'-5"	18'-11"	24'-1"	21'-10"	20'-5"	18'-11"
	NI-90x	24'-3"	22'-6"	21'-3"	19'-7"	24'-8"	22'-7"	21'-3"	19'-7"
14"	NI-40x	24'-2"	21'-5"	19'-6"	17'-5"	24'-2"	21'-5"	19'-6"	17'-5"
	NI-60	24'-9"	22'-5"	21'-0"	19'-6"	24'-9"	22'-5"	21'-0"	19'-6"
	NI-70	26'-1"	24'-3"	22'-9"	21'-0"	26'-8"	24'-3"	22'-9"	21'-0"
	NI-80	26'-6"	24'-7"	23'-3"	21'-6"	27'-1"	24'-10"	23'-3"	21'-6"
	NI-90x	27'-3"	25'-4"	24'-1"	22'-4"	27'-9"	25'-10"	24'-3"	22'-4"
16"	NI-60	27'-3"	24'-11"	23'-5"	21'-7"	27'-6"	24'-11"	23'-5"	21'-7"
	NI-70	28'-8"	26'-8"	25'-3"	23'-4"	29'-3"	26'-11"	25'-3"	23'-4"
	NI-80	29'-1"	27'-0"	25'-9"	23'-10"	29'-8"	27'-6"	25'-10"	23'-10"
	NI-90x	29'-11"	27'-10"	26'-6"	24'-10"	30'-6"	28'-5"	26'-11"	24'-10"

1. Maximum clear span applicable to simple-span residential floor construction with a design live load of 40 psf and dead load of 30 psf. The ultimate limit states are based on the factored loads of 1.50L + 1.25D. The serviceability limit states include the consideration for floor vibration, a live load deflection limit of L/480 and a total load deflection limit of L/240.
2. Spans are based on a composite floor with glued-nailed oriented strand board (OSB) sheathing with a minimum thickness of 3/4 inch for a joist spacing of 24 inches or less. The composite floor may include 1/2 inch gypsum ceiling and/or one row of blocking at mid-span with strapping. Strapping shall be minimum 1x4 inch strap applied to underside of joists at blocking line or 1/2 inch gypsum ceiling attached to joists.
3. Minimum bearing length shall be 1-3/4 inches for the end bearings.
4. Bearing stiffeners are not required when I-joists are used with the spans and spacings given in this table, except as required for hangers.
5. This span chart is based on uniform loads. For applications with other than uniformly distributed loads, an engineering analysis may be required based on the use of the design properties. Tables are based on Limit States Design per CSA O86-09, NBC 2010, and OBC 2012.
6. Joists shall be laterally supported at supports and continuously along the compression edge. Refer to technical documentation for installation guidelines and construction details. Nordic I-joists are listed in CCMC evaluation report 13032-R and APA Product Report PR-L274C.

NORDIC
ENGINEERED WOOD

INSTALLATION GUIDE

FOR RESIDENTIAL FLOORS



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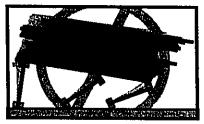
SAFETY AND CONSTRUCTION PRECAUTIONS

Do not walk on I-joists until fully fastened and braced, or serious injuries can result.



Never stack building materials over unsheathed I-joists. Once sheathed, do not over-stress I-joist with concentrated loads from building materials.

WARNING

I-joists are not stable until completely installed, and will not carry any load until fully braced and sheathed.

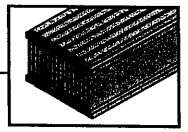
Avoid Accidents by Following these Important Guidelines:

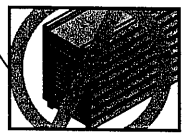
1. Brace and nail each I-joist as it is installed, using hangers, blocking panels, rim board, and/or cross-bridging at joist ends. When I-joists are applied continuous over interior supports and a load-bearing wall is planned at that location, blocking will be required at the interior support.
2. When the building is completed, the floor sheathing will provide lateral support for the top flanges of the I-joists. Until this sheathing is applied, temporary bracing, often called struts, or temporary sheathing must be applied to prevent I-joist rollover or buckling.
   - Temporary bracing or struts must be 1x4 inch minimum, at least 8 feet long and spaced no more than 8 feet on centre, and must be secured with a minimum of two 2-1/2" nails fastened to the top surface of each I-joist. Nail the bracing to a lateral restraint at the end of each bay. Lap ends of adjoining bracing over at least two I-joists.
   - Or, sheathing (temporary or permanent) can be nailed to the top flange of the first 4 feet of I-joists at the end of the bay.
3. For cantilevered I-joists, brace top and bottom flanges, and brace ends with closure panels, rim board, or cross-bridging.
4. Install and fully nail permanent sheathing to each I-joist before placing loads on the floor system. Then, stack building materials over beams or walls only.
5. Never install a damaged I-joist.

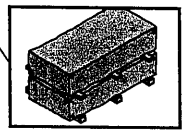
Improper storage or installation, failure to follow applicable building codes, failure to follow span ratings for Nordic I-joists, failure to follow allowable hole sizes and locations, or failure to use web stiffeners when required can result in serious accidents. Follow these installation guidelines carefully.

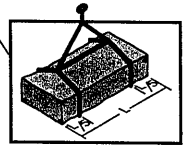
STORAGE AND HANDLING GUIDELINES

1. Bundle wrap can be slippery when wet. Avoid walking on wrapped bundles.
2. Store, stack, and handle I-joists vertically and level only.
3. Always stack and handle I-joists in the upright position only.
4. Do not store I-joists in direct contact with the ground and/or flatwise.
5. Protect I-joists from weather, and use spacers to separate bundles.
6. Bundled units should be kept intact until time of installation.
7. When handling I-joists with a crane on the job site, take a few simple precautions to prevent damage to the I-joists and injury to your work crew.
   - Pick I-joists in bundles as shipped by the supplier.
   - Orient the bundles so that the webs of the I-joists are vertical.
   - Pick the bundles at the 5th points, using a spreader bar if necessary.
8. Do not handle I-joists in a horizontal orientation.
9. NEVER USE OR TRY TO REPAIR A DAMAGED I-JOIST.









MAXIMUM FLOOR SPANS

1. Maximum **clear** spans applicable to simple-span or multiple-span residential floor construction with a design live load of 40 psf and dead load of 15 psf. The ultimate limit states are based on the factored loads of 1.50L + 1.25D. The serviceability limit states include the consideration for floor vibration and a live load deflection limit of L/480. For multiple-span applications, the end spans shall be 40% or more of the adjacent span.
2. Spans are based on a composite floor with glued-nailed oriented strand board (OSB) sheathing with a minimum thickness of 5/8 inch for a joist spacing of 19.2 inches or less, or 3/4 inch for joist spacing of 24 inches. Adhesive shall meet the requirements given in CGBS-71.26 Standard. No concrete topping or bridging element was assumed. Increased spans may be achieved with the used of gypsum and/or a row of blocking at mid-span.
3. Minimum bearing length shall be 1-3/4 inches for the end bearings, and 3-1/2 inches for the intermediate bearings.
4. Bearing stiffeners are not required when I-joists are used with the spans and spacings given in this table, except as required for hangers.
5. This span chart is based on uniform loads. For applications with other than uniform loads, an engineering analysis may be required based on the use of the design properties.
6. Tables are based on Limit States Design per CAN/CSA O86-09 Standard, and NBC 2010.
7. SI units conversion: 1 inch = 25.4 mm
   1 foot = 0.305 m

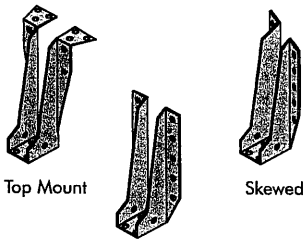
MAXIMUM FLOOR SPANS FOR NORDIC I-JOISTS
SIMPLE AND MULTIPLE SPANS

Joist Depth	Joist Series	Simple spans On centre spacing				Multiple spans On centre spacing			
		12"	16"	19.2	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"
		15'-1"	14'-2"	13'-9"	13'-5"	16'-3"	15'-4"	14'-10"	14'-7"
		16'-3"	15'-2"	14'-8"	14'-3"	17'-5"	16'-5"	15'-10"	15'-5"
		16'-8"	15'-4"	14'-10"	14'-11"	17'-7"	16'-7"	16'-0"	16'-1"
		17'-1"	15'-11"	15'-6"	15'-2"	18'-2"	17'-1"	16'-9"	16'-10"
		17'-3"	16'-3"	15'-8"	15'-5"	18'-10"	17'-6"	16'-11"	17'-0"
		16'-11"	16'-0"	15'-5"	15'-6"	18'-4"	17'-3"	16'-8"	16'-7"
		18'-1"	17'-0"	16'-5"	16'-5"	20'-0"	18'-6"	17'-9"	17'-7"
		18'-4"	17'-3"	16'-7"	16'-9"	20'-3"	18'-9"	18'-0"	18'-1"
		19'-3"	18'-0"	17'-4"	17'-5"	21'-6"	19'-11"	19'-0"	19'-1"
		19'-2"	18'-3"	17'-6"	17'-7"	21'-9"	20'-2"	19'-3"	19'-4"
		20'-2"	18'-7"	17'-10"	17'-11"	22'-3"	20'-7"	19'-8"	19'-9"
		20'-4"	18'-9"	17'-11"	19'-0"	22'-5"	20'-9"	19'-10"	19'-11"
		20'-1"	18'-7"	17'-10"	17'-11"	22'-2"	20'-6"	19'-8"	19'-4"
		20'-5"	18'-11"	18'-1"	18'-2"	22'-7"	20'-11"	20'-0"	20'-1"
		21'-7"	20'-0"	19'-1"	19'-2"	23'-10"	22'-1"	21'-1"	21'-2"
		21'-11"	20'-3"	19'-4"	19'-5"	24'-3"	22'-5"	21'-5"	21'-6"
		22'-5"	20'-8"	19'-9"	19'-10"	24'-9"	22'-10"	21'-10"	21'-10"
		22'-7"	20'-11"	19'-11"	20'-0"	25'-0"	23'-1"	22'-0"	22'-2"
		22'-3"	20'-8"	19'-9"	19'-10"	24'-7"	22'-9"	21'-9"	21'-10"
		23'-6"	21'-9"	20'-9"	20'-10"	26'-0"	24'-0"	22'-10"	23'-0"
		23'-11"	22'-1"	21'-1"	21'-2"	26'-5"	24'-5"	23'-3"	23'-4"
		24'-5"	22'-6"	21'-5"	21'-6"	26'-11"	24'-10"	23'-9"	23'-9"
		24'-8"	22'-9"	21'-9"	21'-10"	27'-3"	25'-2"	24'-0"	24'-1"

CCMC EVALUATION REPORT 13032-R

I-JOIST HANGERS

1. Hangers shown illustrate the three most commonly used metal hangers to support I-joists.
2. All nailing must meet the hanger manufacturer's recommendations.
3. Hangers should be selected based on the joist depth, flange width and load capacity based on the maximum spans.
4. Web stiffeners are required when the sides of the hangers do not laterally brace the top flange of the I-joist.



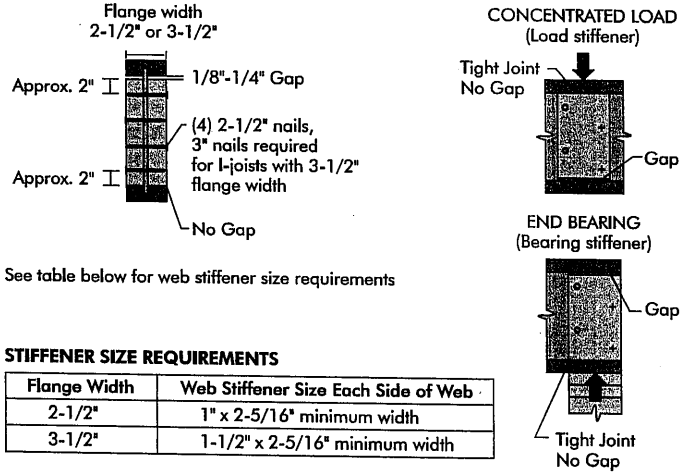
WEB STIFFENERS

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- A ***bearing stiffener*** is required in all engineered applications with factored reactions greater than shown in the I-joist properties table found of the *I-joist Construction Guide* (C101).The gap between the stiffener and the flange is at the top.
- A ***bearing stiffener*** is required when the I-joist is supported in a hanger and the sides of the hanger do not extend up to, and support, the top flange. The gap between the stiffener and flange is at the top.
- A ***load stiffener*** is required at locations where a factored concentrated load greater than 2,370 lbs is applied to the top flange between supports, or in the case of a cantilever, anywhere between the cantilever tip and the support. These values are for standard term load duration, and may be adjusted for other load durations as permitted by the code. The gap between the stiffener and the flange is at the bottom.

SI units conversion: 1 inch = 25.4 mm

FIGURE 2
WEB STIFFENER INSTALLATION DETAILS

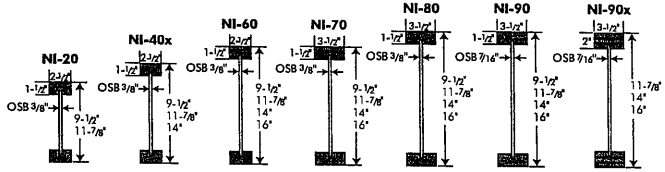


See table below for web stiffener size requirements

STIFFENER SIZE REQUIREMENTS

Flange Width	Web Stiffener Size Each Side of Web
2-1/2"	1" x 2-5/16" minimum width
3-1/2"	1-1/2" x 2-5/16" minimum width

NORDIC I-JOIST SERIES



S-P-F No.2	1950f MSR	2100f MSR	1950f MSR	2100f MSR	2400f MSR	NPG Lumber
33 pieces per unit	33 pieces per unit	33 pieces per unit	23 pieces per unit	23 pieces per unit	23 pieces per unit	23 pieces per unit

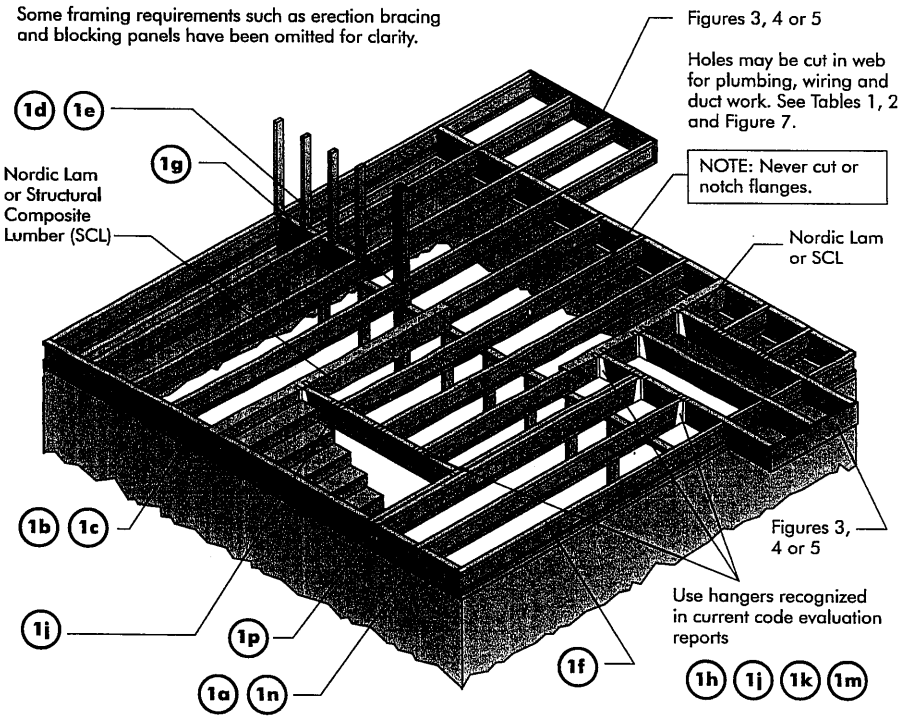
Chantiers Chibougamau Ltd. harvests its own trees, which enables Nordic products to adhere to strict quality control procedures throughout the manufacturing process. Every phase of the operation, from forest to the finished product, reflects our commitment to quality.

Nordic Engineered Wood I-joists use only finger-jointed black spruce lumber in their flanges, ensuring consistent quality, superior strength and longer span carrying capacity.

INSTALLING NORDIC I-JOISTS

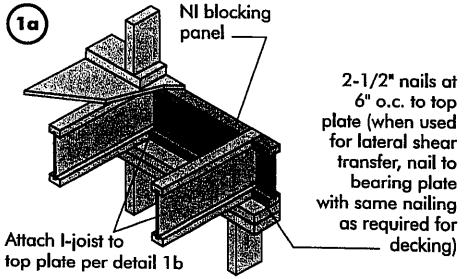
1. Before laying out floor system components, verify that I-joist flange widths match hanger widths. If not, contact your supplier.
2. Except for cutting to length, I-joist flanges should **never** be cut, drilled, or notched.
3. Install I-joists so that top and bottom flanges are within 1/2 inch of true vertical alignment.
4. I-joists must be anchored securely to supports before floor sheathing is attached, and supports for multiple-span joists must be level.
5. Minimum bearing lengths: 1-3/4 inches for end bearings and 3-1/2 inches for intermediate bearings.
6. When using hangers, seat I-joists firmly in hanger bottoms to minimize settlement.
7. Leave a 1/16-inch gap between the I-joist end and a header.
8. Concentrated loads greater than those that can normally be expected in residential construction should *only* be applied to the top surface of the top flange. Normal concentrated loads include track lighting fixtures, audio equipment and security cameras. Never suspend unusual or heavy loads from the I-joist's bottom flange. Whenever possible, suspend *all* concentrated loads from the top of the I-joist. Or, attach the load to blocking that has been securely fastened to the I-joist webs.
9. Never install I-joists where they will be permanently exposed to weather, or where they will remain in direct contact with concrete or masonry.
10. Restrain ends of floor joists to prevent rollover. Use rim board, rim joists or I-joist blocking panels.
11. For I-joists installed over and beneath bearing walls, use full depth blocking panels, rim board, or squash blocks (cripple members) to transfer gravity loads through the floor system to the wall or foundation below.
12. Due to shrinkage, common framing lumber set on edge **may never** be used as blocking or rim boards. I-joist blocking panels or other engineered wood products – such as rim board – must be cut to fit between the I-joists, and an I-joist-compatible depth selected.
13. Provide permanent lateral support of the bottom flange of all I-joists at interior supports of multiple-span joists. Similarly, support the bottom flange of all cantilevered I-joists at the end support next to the cantilever extension. In the completed structure, the gypsum wallboard ceiling provides this lateral support. Until the final finished ceiling is applied, temporary bracing or struts must be used.
14. If square-edge panels are used, edges must be supported between I-joists with 2x4 blocking. Glue panels to blocking to minimize squeaks. Blocking is not required under structural finish flooring, such as wood strip flooring, or if a separate underlayment layer is installed.
15. Nail spacing: Space nails installed to the flange's top face in accordance with the applicable building code requirements or approved building plans.

FIGURE 1
TYPICAL NORDIC I-JOIST FLOOR FRAMING AND CONSTRUCTION DETAILS



All nails shown in the above details are assumed to be common wire nails unless otherwise noted. 3" (0.122" dia.) common spiral nails may be substituted for 2-1/2" (0.128" dia.) common wire nails. Framing lumber assumed to be Spruce-Pine-Fir No. 2 or better. Individual components not shown to scale for clarity.

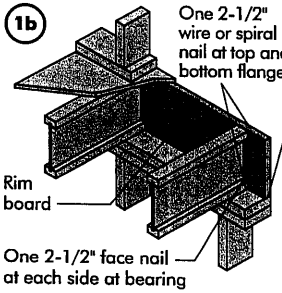
1a



Blocking Panel or Rim Joist	Maximum Factored Uniform Vertical Load* (plf)
NI Joists	3,300

*The uniform vertical load is limited to a joist depth of 16 inches or less and is based on standard term load duration. It shall not be used in the design of a bending member, such as joist, header, or rafter. For concentrated vertical load transfer, see detail 1d.

1b



Attach rim board to top plate using 2-1/2" wire or spiral toe-nails at 6" o.c.

To avoid splitting flange, start nails at least 1-1/2" from end of I-joist. Nails may be driven at an angle to avoid splitting of bearing plate.

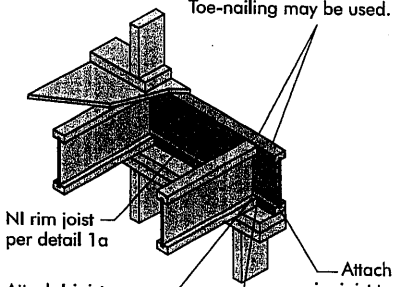
Minimum bearing length shall be 1-3/4" for the end bearings, and 3-1/2" for the intermediate bearings when applicable.

Blocking Panel or Rim Joist	Maximum Factored Uniform Vertical Load* (plf)
1-1/8" Rim Board Plus	8,090

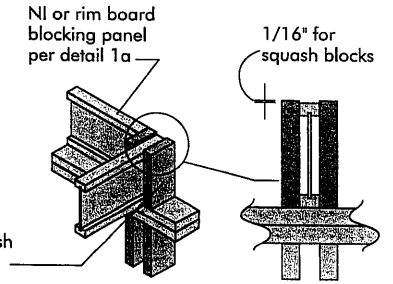
*The uniform vertical load is limited to a rim board depth of 16 inches or less and is based on standard term load duration. It shall not be used in the design of a bending member, such as joist, header, or rafter. For concentrated vertical load transfer, see detail 1d.

1c

Attach rim joist to floor joist with one nail at top and bottom. Nail must provide 1 inch minimum penetration into floor joist. Toe-nailing may be used.



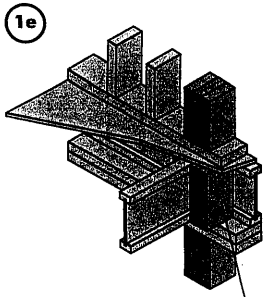
1d



Pair of Squash Blocks	Maximum Factored Vertical per Pair of Squash Blocks (lbs)	
	3-1/2" wide	5-1/2" wide
2x Lumber	5,500	8,500
1-1/8" Rim Board Plus	4,300	6,600

Provide lateral bracing per detail 1a, 1b, or 1c

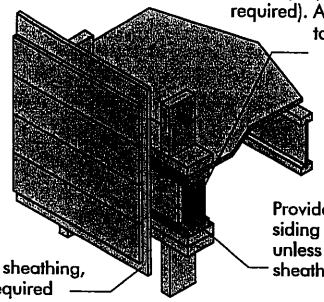
1e



Transfer load from above to bearing below. Install squash blocks per detail 1d. Match bearing area of blocks below to post above.

1f

Use single I-joist for loads up to 3,300 plf, double I-joists for loads up to 6,600 plf (filler block not required). Attach I-joist to top plate using 2-1/2" nails at 6" o.c.



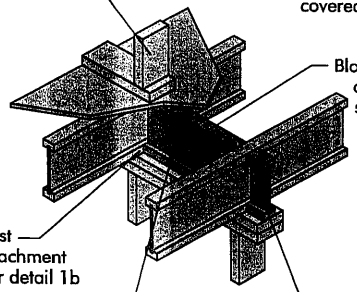
Provide backer for siding attachment unless nailable sheathing is used.

Wall sheathing, as required

Rim board may be used in lieu of I-joists. Backer is not required when rim board is used. Bracing per code shall be carried to the foundation.

1g

Load bearing wall above shall align vertically with the bearing below. Other conditions, such as offset bearing walls, are not covered by this detail.



Blocking required over all interior supports under load-bearing walls or when floor joists are not continuous over support

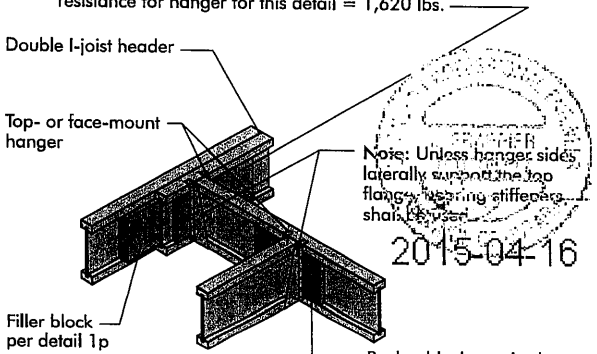
Joist attachment per detail 1b

2-1/2" nails at 6" o.c. to top plate

NI blocking panel per detail 1a

1h

Backer block (use if hanger load exceeds 360 lbs)
Before installing a backer block to a double I-joist, drive three additional 3" nails through the webs and filler block where the backer block will fit. Clinch. Install backer tight to top flange. Use twelve 3" nails, clinched when possible. Maximum factored resistance for hanger for this detail = 1,620 lbs.



Double I-joist header

Top- or face-mount hanger

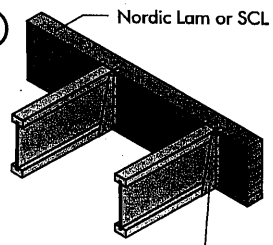
Note: Unless hanger sides laterally support the top flange, bearing stiffeners shall be used.

Filler block per detail 1p

Backer block required (both sides for face-mount hangers)

For hanger capacity see hanger manufacturer's recommendations. Verify double I-joist capacity to support concentrated loads.

1i



Nordic Lam or SCL

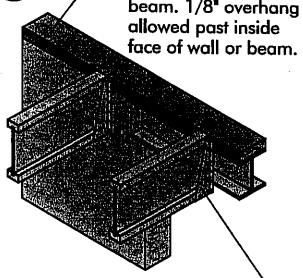
Top- or face-mount hanger installed per manufacturer's recommendations

For nailing schedules for multiple beams, see the manufacturer's recommendations.

Note: Unless hanger sides laterally support the top flange, bearing stiffeners shall be used.

1k

2x plate flush with inside face of wall or beam. 1/8" overhang allowed past inside face of wall or beam.

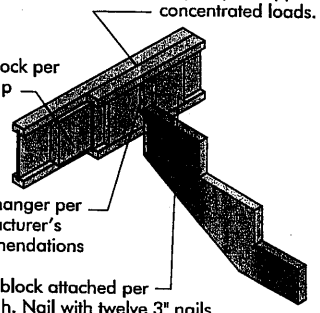


Top-mount hanger installed per manufacturer's recommendations

Note: Unless hanger sides laterally support the top flange, bearing stiffeners shall be used.

1m

Multiple I-joist header with full depth filler block shown. Nordic Lam or SCL headers may also be used. Verify double I-joist capacity to support concentrated loads.



Filler block per detail 1p

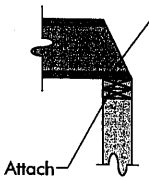
Install hanger per manufacturer's recommendations

Backer block attached per detail 1h. Nail with twelve 3" nails, clinch when possible.

Maximum support capacity = 1,620 lbs.

1n

Do not bevel-cut joist beyond inside face of wall



Attach I-joist per detail 1b

Note: Blocking required at bearing for lateral support, not shown for clarity.

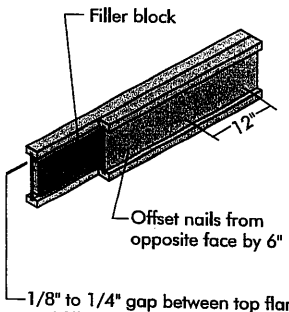
BACKER BLOCKS (Blocks must be long enough to permit required nailing without splitting)

Flange Width	Material Thickness Required*	Minimum Depth**
2-1/2"	1"	5-1/2"
3-1/2"	1-1/2"	7-1/4"

* Minimum grade for backer block material shall be S-P-F No. 2 or better for solid sawn lumber and wood structural panels conforming to CAN/CSA-O325 or CAN/CSA-O437 Standard.

** For face-mount hangers use net joist depth minus 3-1/4" for joists with 1-1/2" thick flanges. For 2" thick flanges use net depth minus 4-1/4".

1p



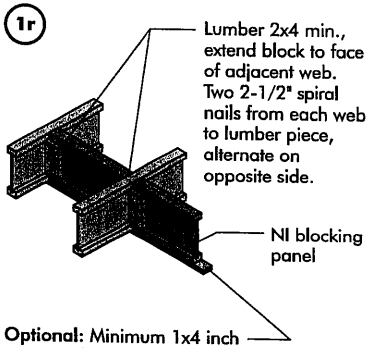
Notes:

1. Support back of I-joist web during nailing to prevent damage to web/flange connection.
2. Leave a 1/8 to 1/4-inch gap between top of filler block and bottom of top I-joist flange.
3. Filler block is required between joists for full length of span.
4. Nail joists together with two rows of 3" nails at 12 inches o.c. (clinched when possible) on each side of the double I-joist. Total of four nails per foot required. If nails can be clinched, only two nails per foot are required.
5. The maximum factored load that may be applied to one side of the double joist using this detail is 860 lbf/ft. Verify double I-joist capacity.

FILLER BLOCK REQUIREMENTS FOR DOUBLE I-JOIST CONSTRUCTION

Flange Size	Joist Depth	Filler Block Size
2-1/2" x 1-1/2"	9-1/2"	2-1/8" x 6"
	11-7/8"	2-1/8" x 8"
	14"	2-1/8" x 10"
	16"	2-1/8" x 12"
3-1/2" x 1-1/2"	9-1/2"	3" x 6"
	11-7/8"	3" x 8"
	14"	3" x 10"
	16"	3" x 12"
3-1/2" x 2"	11-7/8"	3" x 7"
	14"	3" x 9"
	16"	3" x 11"

1r

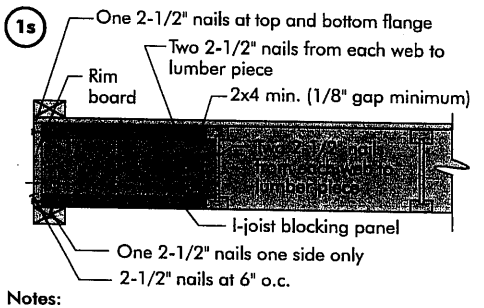


Lumber 2x4 min., extend block to face of adjacent web. Two 2-1/2" spiral nails from each web to lumber piece, alternate on opposite side.

NI blocking panel

Optional: Minimum 1x4 inch strap applied to underside of joist at blocking line or 1/2 inch minimum gypsum ceiling attached to underside of joists.

1s

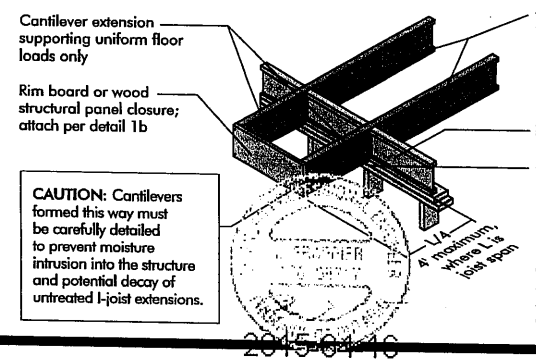


Notes:

- In some local codes, blocking is prescriptively required in the first joist space (or first and second joist space) next to the starter joist. Where required, see local code requirements for spacing of the blocking.
- All nails are common spiral in this detail.

CANTILEVER DETAILS FOR BALCONIES (NO WALL LOAD)

(3a) I-JOIST CANTILEVER DETAIL FOR BALCONIES (No Wall Load)

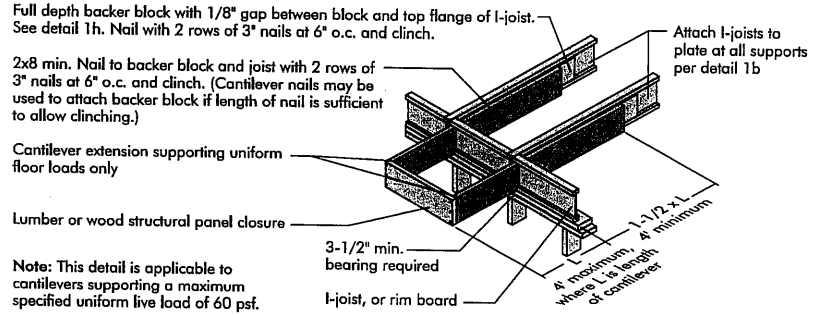


CAUTION: Cantilevers formed this way must be carefully detailed to prevent moisture intrusion into the structure and potential decay of untreated I-joist extensions.

Note: This detail is applicable to cantilevers supporting a maximum specified uniform live load of 60 psf.

2015-04-16

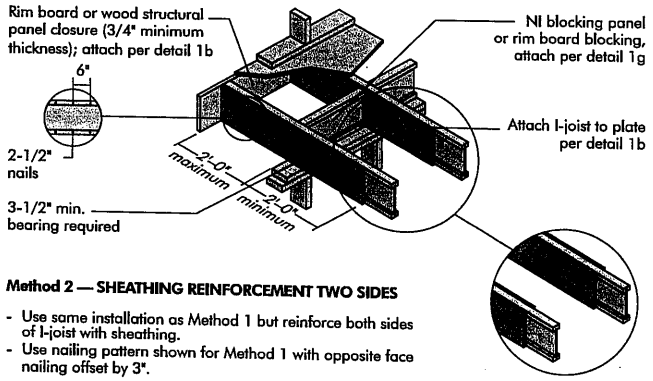
(3b) LUMBER CANTILEVER DETAIL FOR BALCONIES (No Wall Load)



Note: This detail is applicable to cantilevers supporting a maximum specified uniform live load of 60 psf.

CANTILEVER DETAILS FOR VERTICAL BUILDING OFFSET (CONCENTRATED WALL LOAD)

(4a) Method 1 — SHEATHING REINFORCEMENT ONE SIDE

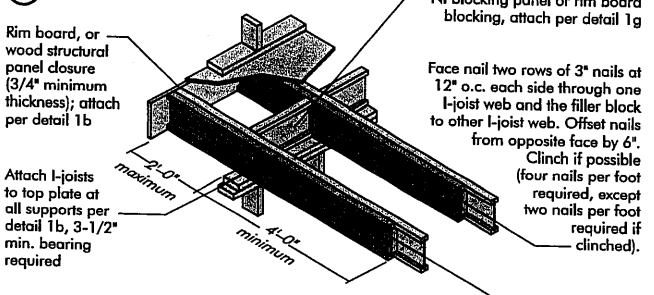


Method 2 — SHEATHING REINFORCEMENT TWO SIDES

- Use same installation as Method 1 but reinforce both sides of I-joist with sheathing.
- Use nailing pattern shown for Method 1 with opposite face nailing offset by 3".

Note: Canadian softwood plywood sheathing or equivalent (minimum thickness 3/4") required on sides of joist. Depth shall match the full height of the joist. Nail with 2-1/2" nails at 6" o.c., top and bottom flange. Install with face grain horizontal. Attach I-joist to plate at all supports per detail 1b. Verify reinforced I-joist capacity.

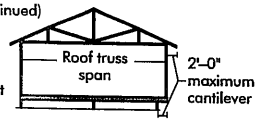
(4b) Alternate Method 2 — DOUBLE I-JOIST

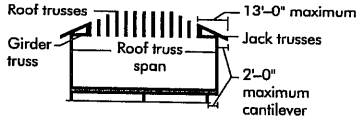


Block I-joists together with filler blocks for the full length of the reinforcement. For I-joist flange widths greater than 3 inches place an additional row of 3" nails along the centreline of the reinforcing panel from each side. Clinch when possible.

FIGURE 4 (continued)

See table below for NI reinforcement requirements at cantilever.





For hip roofs with the jack trusses running parallel to the cantilevered floor joists, the I-joist reinforcement requirements for a span of 26 ft. shall be permitted to be used.

CANTILEVER REINFORCEMENT METHODS ALLOWED

JOIST DEPTH (in.)	ROOF TRUSS SPAN (ft)	ROOF LOADING (UNFACTORED) LL = 30 psf, DL = 15 psf JOIST SPACING (in.) 12	16	19.2	24	LL = 40 psf, DL = 15 psf JOIST SPACING (in.) 12	16	19.2	24	LL = 50 psf, DL = 15 psf JOIST SPACING (in.) 12	16	19.2	24
9-1/2"	26	N	N	1	2	N	1	2	X	N	2	X	X
	28	N	N	1	X	N	1	2	X	N	2	X	X
	30	N	1	1	X	N	1	2	X	1	2	X	X
	32	N	1	2	X	N	2	X	X	1	X	X	X
	34	N	1	2	X	N	2	X	X	1	X	X	X
	36	N	1	2	X	1	2	X	X	1	X	X	X
11-7/8"	26	N	N	N	1	N	N	1	2	N	N	1	2
	28	N	N	N	1	N	N	1	2	N	1	1	X
	30	N	N	N	1	N	N	1	2	N	1	2	X
	32	N	N	1	1	N	N	1	2	N	1	2	X
	34	N	N	1	2	N	N	1	2	N	1	2	X
	36	N	N	1	2	N	1	2	X	N	1	2	X
	38	N	N	1	2	N	1	2	X	N	2	X	X
14"	26	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	1	N	N	N	1
	28	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	1	N	N	1	1
	30	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	1	N	N	1	2
	32	N	N	N	1	N	N	N	1	N	N	1	2
	34	N	N	N	1	N	N	1	1	N	N	1	2
	36	N	N	N	1	N	N	1	2	N	N	1	2
	38	N	N	N	1	N	N	1	2	N	1	2	2
	40	N	N	N	1	N	N	1	2	N	1	2	X
16"	26	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	1
	28	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	1	N	N	N	1
	30	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	1	N	N	N	1
	32	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	1	N	N	1	1
	34	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	1	N	N	1	1
	36	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	1	N	N	1	2
	38	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	1	N	N	1	2
	40	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	1	N	N	1	2
	42	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	2	N	1	1	2

1. N = No reinforcement required.
   1 = NI reinforced with 3/4" wood structural panel on one side only.
   2 = NI reinforced with 3/4" wood structural panel on both sides, or double I-joist.
   X = Try a deeper joist or closer spacing.
2. Maximum design load shall be: 15 psf roof dead load, 55 psf floor total load, and 80 plf wall load. Wall load is based on 3'-0" maximum width window or door openings. For larger openings, or multiple 3'-0" width openings spaced less than 6'-0" o.c., additional joists beneath the opening's cripple studs may be required.
3. Table applies to joists 12" to 24" o.c. that meet the floor span requirements for a design live load of 40 psf and dead load of 15 psf, and a live load deflection limit of L/480. Use 12" o.c. requirements for lesser spacing.
4. For conventional roof construction using a ridge beam, the Roof Truss Span column above is equivalent to the distance between the supporting wall and the ridge beam. When the roof is framed using a ridge board, the Roof Truss Span is equivalent to the distance between the supporting walls as if a truss is used.
5. Cantilevered joists supporting girder trusses or roof beams may require additional reinforcing.

WEB HOLES

RULES FOR CUTTING HOLES AND DUCT CHASE OPENINGS:

1. The distance between the inside edge of the support and the centreline of any hole or duct chase opening shall be in compliance with the requirements of Table 1 or 2, respectively.
2. I-joist top and bottom flanges must NEVER be cut, notched, or otherwise modified.
3. Whenever possible, field-cut holes should be centred on the middle of the web.
4. The maximum size hole or the maximum depth of a duct chase opening that can be cut into an I-joist web shall equal the clear distance between the flanges of the I-joist minus 1/4 inch. A minimum of 1/8 inch should always be maintained between the top or bottom of the hole or opening and the adjacent I-joist flange.
5. The sides of square holes or longest sides of rectangular holes should not exceed 3/4 of the diameter of the maximum round hole permitted at that location.
6. Where more than one hole is necessary, the distance between adjacent hole edges shall exceed twice the diameter of the largest round hole or twice the size of the largest square hole *(or twice the length of the longest side of the longest rectangular hole or duct chase opening)* and each hole and duct chase opening shall be sized and located in compliance with the requirements of Tables 1 and 2, respectively.
7. A knockout is **not** considered a hole, may be utilized anywhere it occurs, and may be ignored for purposes of calculating minimum distances between holes and/or duct chase openings.
8. Holes measuring 1-1/2 inches or smaller shall be permitted anywhere in a cantilevered section of a joist. Holes of greater size may be permitted subject to verification.
9. A 1-1/2 inch hole or smaller can be placed anywhere in the web provided that it meets the requirements of rule number 6 above.
10. All holes and duct chase openings shall be cut in a workman-like manner in accordance with the restrictions listed above and as illustrated in Figure 7.
11. Limit three maximum size holes per span, of which one may be a duct chase opening.
12. A group of round holes at approximately the same location shall be permitted if they meet the requirements for a single round hole circumscribed around them.

TABLE 1
LOCATION OF CIRCULAR HOLES IN JOIST WEBS
Simple or Multiple Span for Dead Loads up to 15 psf and Live Loads up to 40 psf

Joist Depth	Joist Series	Minimum distance from inside face of any support to centre of hole (ft-in.) Round hole diameter (in.) 2	3	4	5	6	6-1/4	7	8	8-5/8	9	10	10-3/4	11	12	12-3/4	Span adjustment Factor
[illegible]	20	0-7	1-6	2-10	4-3	5-8	6-0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13-6
	40	0-7	1-6	3-0	4-4	6-0	6-4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14-9
	60	1-3	2-6	4-0	5-4	7-0	7-5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14-11
	70	2-0	3-4	4-9	6-3	8-0	8-4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15-7
	80	2-3	3-6	5-0	6-6	8-2	8-8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15-9
[illegible]	20	0-7	0-8	1-0	2-4	3-8	4-0	5-0	6-6	7-9	—	—	—	—	—	—	15-6
	40	0-7	0-8	1-3	2-8	4-0	4-4	5-5	7-0	8-4	—	—	—	—	—	—	16-6
	60	0-7	1-8	3-0	4-3	5-9	6-0	7-3	8-10	10-0	—	—	—	—	—	—	16-9
	70	1-3	2-6	4-0	5-4	6-9	7-2	8-4	10-0	11-2	—	—	—	—	—	—	17-5
	80	1-6	2-10	4-2	5-6	7-0	7-5	8-6	10-3	11-4	—	—	—	—	—	—	17-7
	90	0-7	0-8	1-5	3-2	4-10	5-4	6-9	8-9	10-2	—	—	—	—	—	—	17-11
	90x	0-7	0-8	0-9	2-5	4-4	4-9	6-3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	18-0
[illegible]	40x	0-7	0-8	0-8	1-0	2-4	2-9	3-9	5-2	6-0	6-6	8-3	10-2	—	—	—	17-1
	60	0-7	0-8	1-8	3-0	4-3	4-8	5-8	7-2	8-0	8-8	10-4	11-9	—	—	—	18-2
	70	0-8	1-10	3-0	4-5	5-10	6-2	7-3	8-9	9-9	10-4	12-0	13-5	—	—	—	19-2
	80	0-10	2-0	3-4	4-9	6-2	6-5	7-6	9-0	10-0	10-8	12-4	13-9	—	—	—	19-5
	90	0-7	0-8	0-10	2-5	4-0	4-5	5-9	7-5	8-8	9-4	11-4	12-11	—	—	—	19-9
	90x	0-7	0-8	0-8	2-0	3-9	4-2	5-5	7-3	8-5	9-2	[illegible]	[illegible]	—	—	—	20-0
[illegible]	60	0-7	0-8	0-8	1-6	2-10	3-2	4-2	5-6	6-4	7-0	8-5	9-8	10-2	12-2	13-9	19-10
	70	0-7	1-0	2-3	3-6	4-10	5-3	6-3	7-8	8-6	9-2	10-8	12-0	12-4	14-0	15-6	20-10
	80	0-7	1-3	2-6	3-10	5-3	5-6	6-6	8-0	9-0	9-5	11-0	12-3	12-9	14-5	16-0	21-2
	90	0-7	0-8	0-8	1-9	3-3	3-8	4-9	6-5	7-5	8-0	9-10	11-3	11-9	13-9	15-4	21-6
	90x	0-7	0-8	0-9	2-0	3-6	4-0	5-0	6-9	7-9	8-4	10-2	11-6	12-0	—	—	21-10

1. Above table may be used for I-joist spacing of 24 inches on centre or less.
2. Hole location distance is measured from inside face of supports to centre of hole.
3. Distances in this chart are based on uniformly loaded joists.

OPTIONAL:

The above table is based on the I-joists used at their maximum span. If the I-joists are placed at less than their full maximum span (see Maximum Floor Spans), the minimum distance from the centreline of the hole to the face of any support (D) as given above may be reduced as follows:

$D_{reduced} = \frac{L_{actual}}{SAF} \times D$

Where:
- $D_{reduced}$ = Distance from the inside face of any support to centre of hole, reduced for less-than-maximum span applications (ft). The reduced distance shall not be less than 6 inches from the face of the support to edge of the hole.
- L_{actual} = The actual measured span distance between the inside faces of supports (ft).
- SAF = Span Adjustment Factor given in this table.
- D = The minimum distance from the inside face of any support to centre of hole from this table. If $\frac{L_{actual}}{SAF}$ is greater than 1, use 1 in the above calculation for $\frac{L_{actual}}{SAF}$.

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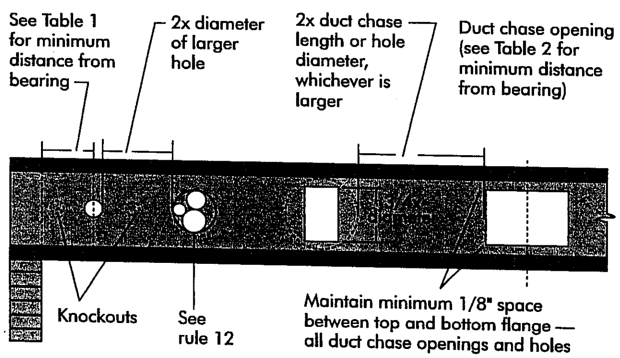
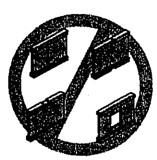
FIGURE 7
FIELD-CUT HOLE LOCATOR



A knockout is **NOT** considered a hole, may be utilized wherever it occurs and may be ignored for purposes of calculating minimum distances between holes.

Knockouts are prescored holes provided for the contractor's convenience to install electrical or small plumbing lines. They are 1-1/2 inches in diameter, and are spaced 15 inches on centre along the length of the I-joist. Where possible, it is preferable to use knockouts instead of field-cut holes.



Never drill, cut or notch the flange, or over-cut the web.

Holes in webs should be cut with a sharp saw.

For rectangular holes, avoid over-cutting the corners, as this can cause unnecessary stress concentrations. Slightly rounding the corners is recommended. Starting the rectangular hole by drilling a 1-inch diameter hole in each of the four corners and then making the cuts between the holes is another good method to minimize damage to the I-joist.

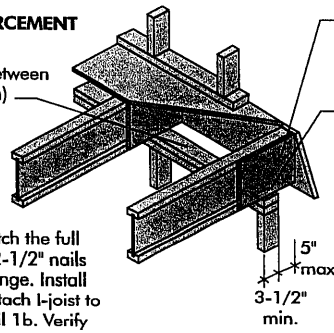
TABLE 2
DUCT CHASE OPENING SIZES AND LOCATIONS — Simple Span Only

Joist Depth	Joist Series	Minimum distance from inside face of any support to centre of opening (ft-in.) Duct chase length (in.) 8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
[illegible]	[illegible]	4-1	4-5	4-10	5-4	5-8	6-1	6-6	7-1	7-5
	[illegible]	5-3	5-8	6-0	6-5	6-10	7-3	7-8	8-2	8-6
	[illegible]	5-4	5-9	6-2	6-7	7-1	7-5	8-0	8-3	8-9
	[illegible]	5-1	5-5	5-10	6-3	6-7	7-1	7-6	8-1	8-4
	[illegible]	5-3	5-8	6-0	6-5	6-10	7-3	7-8	8-2	8-6
[illegible]	[illegible]	5-9	6-2	6-6	7-1	7-5	7-9	8-3	8-9	9-4
	[illegible]	6-8	7-2	7-6	8-1	8-6	9-1	9-6	10-1	10-9
	[illegible]	7-3	7-8	8-0	8-6	9-0	9-3	9-9	10-3	11-0
	[illegible]	7-1	7-4	7-9	8-3	8-7	9-1	9-6	10-1	10-4
	[illegible]	7-2	7-7	8-0	8-5	8-10	9-3	9-8	10-2	10-8
	[illegible]	7-6	7-11	8-4	8-9	9-2	9-7	10-1	10-7	10-11
	[illegible]	7-7	8-1	8-5	8-10	9-4	9-8	10-2	10-8	11-2
[illegible]	[illegible]	8-1	8-7	9-0	9-6	10-1	10-7	11-2	12-0	12-8
	[illegible]	8-9	9-3	9-8	10-1	10-6	11-1	11-6	13-3	13-0
	[illegible]	8-7	9-1	9-5	9-10	10-4	10-8	11-2	11-7	12-3
	[illegible]	9-0	9-3	9-9	10-1	10-7	11-1	11-6	12-1	12-6
	[illegible]	9-2	9-8	10-0	10-6	10-11	11-5	11-9	12-4	12-11
	[illegible]	9-4	9-9	10-3	10-7	11-1	11-7	12-1	12-7	13-2
[illegible]	[illegible]	10-3	10-8	11-2	11-6	12-1	12-6	13-2	14-1	14-10
	[illegible]	10-1	10-5	11-0	11-4	11-10	12-3	12-8	13-3	14-0
	[illegible]	10-4	10-9	11-3	11-9	12-1	12-7	13-1	13-8	14-4
	90	10-9	11-2	11-8	12-0	12-6	13-0	13-6	14-2	14-10
	90x	11-1	11-5	11-10	12-4	12-10	13-2	13-9	14-4	15-2

1. Above table may be used for I-joist spacing of 24 inches on centre or less.
2. Duct chase opening location distance is measured from inside face of supports to centre of opening.
3. The above table is based on simple-span joists only. For other applications, contact your local distributor.
4. Distances are based on uniformly loaded floor joists that meet the span requirements for a design live load of 40 psf and dead load of 15 psf, and a live load deflection limit of L/480. For other applications, contact your local distributor.

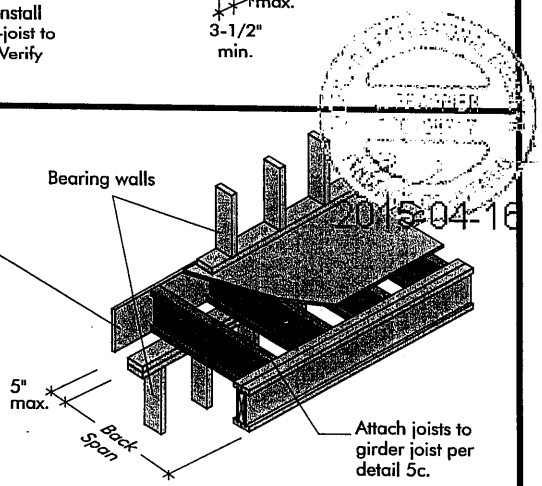
BRICK CANTILEVER DETAILS FOR VERTICAL BUILDING OFFSET (CONCENTRATED WALL LOAD)

5a SHEATHING REINFORCEMENT



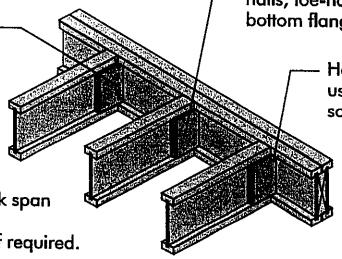
Note: Canadian softwood plywood sheathing or equivalent (minimum thickness 3/4") required on sides of joist. Depth shall match the full height of the joist. Nail with 2-1/2" nails at 6" o.c., top and bottom flange. Install with face grain horizontal. Attach I-joist to plate at all supports per detail 1b. Verify reinforced I-joist capacity.

5b SET-BACK DETAIL



Notes:
- Provide full depth blocking between joists over support (not shown for clarity)
- Attach I-joist to plate at all supports per detail 1b.
- 3-1/2" minimum I-joist bearing required.

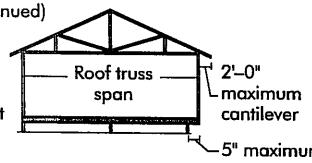
5c SET-BACK CONNECTION

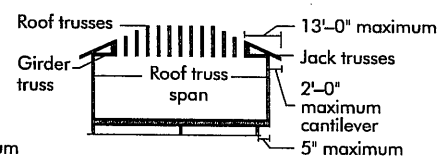


Notes:
- Verify girder joist capacity if the back span exceeds the joist spacing.
- Attach double I-joist per detail 1p, if required.

FIGURE 5 (continued)

See table below for NI reinforcement requirements at cantilever.





For hip roofs with the jack trusses running parallel to the cantilevered floor joists, the I-joist reinforcement requirements for a span of 26 ft. shall be permitted to be used.

BRICK CANTILEVER REINFORCEMENT METHODS ALLOWED

JOIST DEPTH (in.)	ROOF TRUSS SPAN (ft)	ROOF LOADING (UNFACTORED) LL = 30 psf, DL = 15 psf JOIST SPACING (in.) 12	16	19.2	24	LL = 40 psf, DL = 15 psf JOIST SPACING (in.) 12	16	19.2	24	LL = 50 psf, DL = 15 psf JOIST SPACING (in.) 12	16	19.2	24
9 1/2"	26	1	X	X	X	2	X	X	X	2	X	X	X
	28	1	X	X	X	2	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	30	1	X	X	X	2	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	32	2	X	X	X	2	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	34	2	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	36	2	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
11 7/8"	26	N	2	X	X	1	X	X	X	1	X	X	X
	28	N	2	X	X	1	X	X	X	2	X	X	X
	30	1	2	X	X	1	X	X	X	2	X	X	X
	32	1	2	X	X	1	X	X	X	2	X	X	X
	34	1	X	X	X	2	X	X	X	2	X	X	X
	36	1	X	X	X	2	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	38	1	X	X	X	2	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
14"	26	N	1	2	X	N	2	X	X	1	X	X	X
	28	N	1	X	X	1	2	X	X	1	X	X	X
	30	N	2	X	X	1	2	X	X	1	X	X	X
	32	N	2	X	X	1	X	X	X	2	X	X	X
	34	N	2	X	X	1	X	X	X	2	X	X	X
	36	1	2	X	X	1	X	X	X	2	X	X	X
	38	1	2	X	X	1	X	X	X	2	X	X	X
	40	1	X	X	X	2	X	X	X	2	X	X	X
16"	26	N	1	2	X	N	1	X	X	N	2	X	X
	28	N	1	2	X	N	2	X	X	1	2	X	X
	30	N	1	2	X	N	2	X	X	1	X	X	X
	32	N	1	2	X	N	2	X	X	1	X	X	X
	34	N	2	X	X	1	2	X	X	1	X	X	X
	36	N	2	X	X	1	X	X	X	1	X	X	X
	38	N	2	X	X	1	X	X	X	2	X	X	X
	40	N	2	X	X	1	X	X	X	2	X	X	X
	42	1	2	X	X	1	X	X	X	2	X	X	X

1. N = No reinforcement required.
   1 = NI reinforced with 3/4" wood structural panel on one side only.
   2 = NI reinforced with 3/4" wood structural panel on both sides, or double I-joist.
   X = Try a deeper joist or closer spacing.
2. Maximum design load shall be: 15 psf roof dead load, 55 psf floor total load, and 80 plf wall load. Wall load is based on 3'-0" maximum width window or door openings. For larger openings, or multiple 3'-0" width openings spaced less than 6'-0" o.c., additional joists beneath the opening's cripple studs may be required.
3. Table applies to joists 12" to 24" o.c. that meet the floor span requirements for a design live load of 40 psf and dead load of 15 psf, and a live load deflection limit of L/480. Use 12" o.c. requirements for lesser spacing.
4. For conventional roof construction using a ridge beam, the Roof Truss Span column above is equivalent to the distance between the supporting wall and the ridge beam. When the roof is framed using a ridge board, the Roof Truss Span is equivalent to the distance between the supporting walls as if a truss is used.
5. Cantilevered joists supporting girder trusses or roof beams may require additional reinforcing.

INSTALLING THE GLUED FLOOR SYSTEM

1. Wipe any mud, dirt, water, or ice from I-joist flanges before gluing.
2. Snap a chalk line across the I-joists four feet in from the wall for panel edge alignment and as a boundary for spreading glue.
3. Spread only enough glue to lay one or two panels at a time, or follow specific recommendations from the glue manufacturer.
4. Lay the first panel with tongue side to the wall, and nail in place. This protects the tongue of the next panel from damage when tapped into place with a block and sledgehammer.
5. Apply a continuous line of glue (about 1/4-inch diameter) to the top flange of a single I-joist. Apply glue in a winding pattern on wide areas, such as with double I-joists.
6. Apply two lines of glue on I-joists where panel ends butt to assure proper gluing of each end.
7. After the first row of panels is in place, spread glue in the groove of one or two panels at a time before laying the next row. Glue line may be continuous or spaced, but avoid squeeze-out by applying a thinner line (1/8 inch) than used on I-joist flanges.
8. Tap the second row of panels into place, using a block to protect groove edges.
9. Stagger end joints in each succeeding row of panels. A 1/8-inch space between all end joints and 1/8-inch at all edges, including T&G edges, is recommended. (Use a spacer tool or an 2-1/2" common nail to assure accurate and consistent spacing.)
10. **Complete all nailing of each panel before glue sets.** Check the manufacturer's recommendations for cure time. (Warm weather accelerates glue setting.) Use 2" ring- or screw-shank nails for panels 3/4-inch thick or less, and 2-1/2" ring- or screw-shank nails for thicker panels. Space nails per the table below. Closer nail spacing may be required by some codes, or for diaphragm construction. The finished deck can be walked on right away and will carry construction loads without damage to the glue bond.

FASTENERS FOR SHEATHING AND SUBFLOORING(1)

Maximum Joist Spacing (in.)	Minimum Panel Thickness (in.)	Nail Size and Type			Maximum Spacing of Fasteners	
		Common Wire or Spiral Nails	Ring Thread Nails or Screws	Staples	Edges	Interm. Supports
16	5/8	2"	1-3/4"	2"	6"	12"
20	5/8	2"	1-3/4"	2"	6"	12"
24	3/4	2"	1-3/4"	2"	6"	12"

1. Fasteners of sheathing and subflooring shall conform to the above table.
2. Staples shall not be less than 1/16-inch in diameter or thickness, with not less than a 3/8-inch crown driven with the crown parallel to framing.
3. Flooring screws shall not be less than 1/8-inch in diameter.
4. Special conditions may impose heavy traffic and concentrated loads that require construction in excess of the minimums shown.
5. Use only adhesives conforming to CAN/CGSB-71.26 Standard, Adhesives for Field-Gluing Plywood to Lumber Framing for Floor System, applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If OSB panels with sealed surfaces and edges are to be used, use only solvent-based glues; check with panel manufacturer.

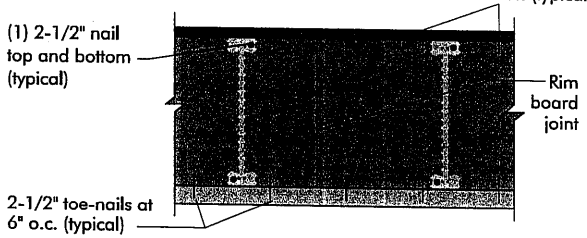
Ref.: NRC-CNRC, National Building Code of Canada 2010, Table 9.23.3.5.

IMPORTANT NOTE:
Floor sheathing must be field glued to the I-joist flanges in order to achieve the maximum spans shown in this document. If sheathing is nailed only, I-joist spans must be verified with your local distributor.

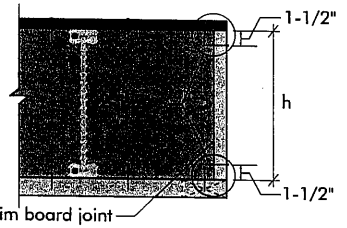
RIM BOARD INSTALLATION DETAILS

8a ATTACHMENT DETAILS WHERE RIM BOARDS ABUT

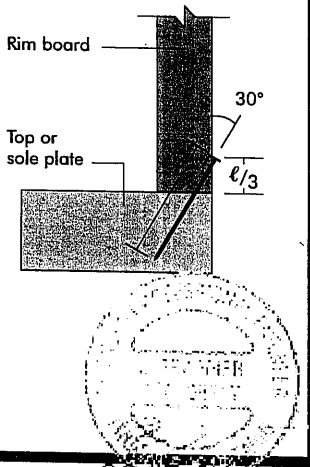
Rim board Joint Between Floor Joists



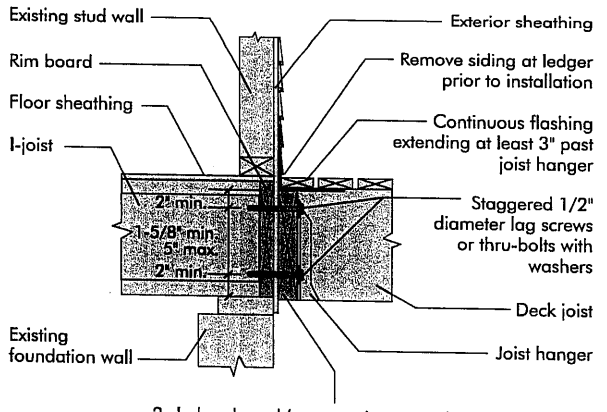
Rim board Joint at Corner



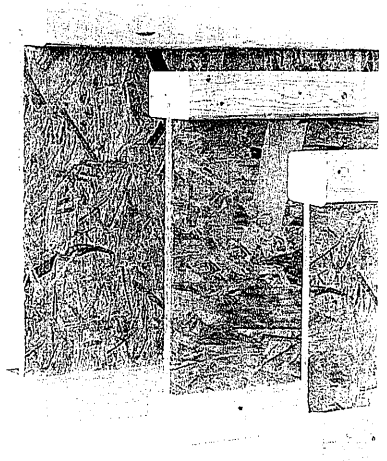
8b TOE-NAIL CONNECTION AT RIM BOARD



8c 2X LEDGER TO RIM BOARD ATTACHMENT DETAIL

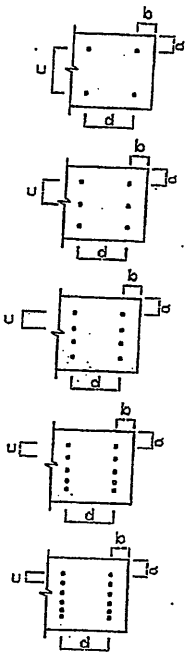


2015-04-16

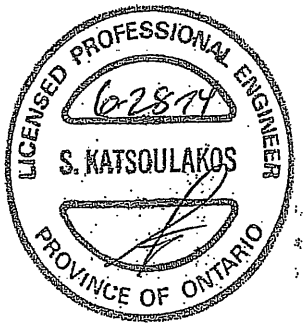


MICRO CITY
ENGINEERING SERVICES INC.
TEL: (519) 287 - 2242
R.R. #1, P.O. BOX 61, GLENCOE, ONTARIO, N0L 1M0

LVL HEADER AND CONVENTIONAL LUMBER NAILING DETAILS		
DETAIL NUMBER	NUMBER OF ROWS	SPACING (INCHES o/c) "d"
A	2	12
B	2	8
C	2	6
D	2	4
1A	3	12
1B	3	8
1C	3	6
1D	3	4
2A	4	12
2B	4	8
2C	4	6
2D	4	4
3A	5	12
3B	5	8
3C	5	6
3D	5	4
4A	6	12
4B	6	8
4C	6	6
4D	6	4



NOTES:
(1) MINIMUM LUMBER EDGE DISTANCE "a" = 1"
(2) MINIMUM LUMBER END DISTANCE "b" = 2"
(3) MINIMUM NAIL ROW SPACING "c" = 2"
(4) STAGGER NAILS "d/2" BETWEEN PLIES FOR MULTI-PLY MEMBERS (3 PLY OR MORE)
(5) ALL NAILS ARE 3-1/2" ARDOX SPIRAL NAILS
(6) DO NOT USE AIR-DRIVEN NAILS



DWG NO TAMN1001.14
STRUCTURAL
COMPONENT ONLY
TO BE USED ONLY WITH BEAM CALCS BEARING THE STAMP BELOW.

PROVIDE NAILING DETAIL № X SEE DWG #TAMN1001-14