

ALL CONVENTIONAL FRAMING TO CONFORM WITH PART 9 O.B.C. LATEST EDITION. ROOF RAFTERS THAT CROSS OVER TRUSSES TO BE 2X4 SPF #2 @ 24" O.C WITH A VERT. POST TO THE TRUSS UNDERNEATH AT EACH CROSS POINT. VERT. POSTS LONGER THAN 6' TO HAVE LATERAL BRACING SO THAT THE DISTANCE BETWEEN END POINTS & BETWEEN ROWS OF BRACING DOES NOT EXCEED 6'	CONVENTIONAL FRAMING BY OTHERS
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Plan Log: 116408

Date: 2022-04-21	Designer: AMANDA
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6002 / C OPT 2ND FL

OPT 2ND FL OR OPT ELEVATOR OR LOGGIA (FLAT ROOF)

THESE DRAWINGS CONSTITUTE THE PROPERTY OF ALPA ROOF TRUSSES INC., SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED, PUBLISHED, OR REDISTRIBUTED IN ANY MANNER OR UTILIZED FOR ANY PURPOSE OTHER THAN THE MANUFACTURE OF TRUSSES BY ALPA ROOF TRUSSES INC AND WILL BE RETRACTED BY ALPA ROOF TRUSSES INC IF UTILIZED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE.

EWP DESIGN INC.

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RESPONSIBILITIES AND SPECIFICATIONS

RESPONSIBILITIES

1. EWP DESIGN INC. is responsible for the design of trusses as individual components.
2. It is the responsibility of others to ascertain that the design loads utilized on each drawing meet or exceed the actual dead load imposed by the structure, the live load imposed by the intended use and the snow load imposed by local building code or authorities with jurisdictions.
3. All dimensions are to be verified by the owner, contractor, architect or other authorities with jurisdictions before truss fabrication.
4. EWP DESIGN INC. bears no responsibility for the erection of trusses. Persons erecting trusses are cautioned to seek professional advice regarding the temporary and permanent bracing for the system. Bracing shown on EWP DESIGN INC. drawing is specified for the truss as a component only and forms an integral part of the truss design.
5. It is the truss manufacturer's responsibility to ensure that trusses are manufactured in conformance with specifications of EWP DESIGN INC. as outlined below.

SPECIFICATIONS

1. Trusses designed by EWP DESIGN INC. conform to the relevant section of the Ontario Building Code of Canada (Part 9 or Part 4) or to the Canadian code for farm buildings, whichever applies to the building type, as indicated on the EWP DESIGN INC. drawings, and conform to the design procedures established by the Truss Plate Institute of Canada. Unit stresses used for truss designs are as per the edition of CSA-O86 shown on EWP DESIGN INC. drawings.
2. Lumber is to be the size, species and grade as specified on EWP DESIGN INC. drawings.
3. Moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% in service unless specified otherwise.
4. Metal connector plates shall be applied to both faces of truss at each joint and shall be positioned as specified.
5. Top chords of trusses are assumed to be continuously braced laterally by roof sheathing or by purlins at intervals not exceeding 12.5 times the thickness of top chord member.
6. Bottom chords shall be laterally braced at intervals not exceeding 3M (10') o.c., where rigid ceiling is not applied directly to the underside of chords.

THESE DRAWINGS CONSTITUTE THE PROPERTY OF EWP DESIGN INC., SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED, PUBLISHED, OR REDISTRIBUTED IN ANY MANNER OR UTILIZED FOR ANY PURPOSE OTHER THAN THE MANUFACTURE OF TRUSSES BY THE ALPA LUMBER GROUP, AND WILL BE RETRACTED BY EWP DESIGN INC. IF UTILIZED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE.

JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
343664	H01TA		2	JT 45147	E22052020(2)

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

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ID:9a_plwcon_izmXpuR1McGgzT9hG-jtoUQtBc18k6?DYGxQeqOI6F_GwSLuuH9k4wusz6O

PLATES (table is in inches)						
JT	TYPE	PLATES	W	LEN	Y	X
D	TTWW-h	MT20	8.0	9.0		
E	TMWW-t	MT20	8.0	9.0	2.50	3.50
F, G, J						
F	TMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
H	TS-t	MT20	5.0	8.0		
I	TMW+w	MT20	2.0	4.0		
K	TMWW+t	MT20	5.0	14.0	5.25	1.75
L	TMWW+t	MT20	4.0	6.0	2.75	1.75
M	TTWW-h	MT20	8.0	9.0		
N	TMWWWW-t	MT20	6.0	10.0	3.00	4.75
O	TMBMW1-l	MT20	8.0	9.0	2.50	0.50
Q	BMW+w	MT20	2.0	4.0		
R	BMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
S	BS-t	MT20	6.0	7.0		
T	BMWW+t	MT20	5.0	6.0	2.75	2.00
U	BBWW-h	MT20	10.0	12.0	2.75	7.00
V	BBWW+p	MT20	10.0	16.0	Edge	
W	BMWWWW-t	MT20	6.0	7.0		
X	BMWW-t	MT20	5.0	6.0		
Y	BBWW+p	MT20	10.0	12.0	7.00	4.75
Z	BBWW-h	MT20	10.0	12.0	3.25	7.50
AA	BMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
AB	BS-t	MT20	6.0	7.0		
AC	BMW+w	MT20	2.0	4.0		
Edge - INDICATES REFERENCE CORNER OF PLATE TOUCHES EDGE OF CHORD.						

CONNECTION REQUIREMENTS

1) C1: A SUITABLE HANGER/MECHANICAL CONNECTION IS REQUIRED.

WIND LOAD APPLIED IS DERIVED FROM REFERENCE VELOCITY PRESSURE OF { 9.2} PSF AT {30-0-0} FT-IN-SX REFERENCE HEIGHT ABOVE GRADE AND USING EXTERNAL PEAK COEFFICIENTS, CpCg, BASED ON THE (MAIN WIND FORCE RESISTING SYSTEM).INTERNAL WIND PRESSURE IS BASED ON DESIGN {CATEGORY 2}. BUILDING MAY BE LOCATED ON {ROUGH TERRAIN} AT MINIMUM {1.000} MILES DISTANCE FROM OPEN TERRAIN., AND TRUSS IS DESIGNED TO BE LOCATED AT LEAST {0-0} FT-IN-SX AWAY FROM EAVE.TRUSS UPLIFT IS BASED ON TOP AND BOTTOM CHORD DEAD LOADS OF 6.0 PSF AND 7.4 PSF RESPECTIVELY.

JSI GRIP= 0.88 (K) (INPUT = 0.90)
JSI METAL= 0.99 (Z) (INPUT = 1.00)

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2



JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
343664	H02TA		1	JT 45147	E22052021

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

Version 8.530 S Feb 23 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jun 14 11:22:15 2022 Page 1
 ID:9a plwcon izmXpuR1McGqzT9hG-be2 GFF75NEYUqr1AGimY8Gr?tFLHhyt4L281dz6O

TOTAL WEIGHT = 318 lb

NUMBER N. L. G. A. RULES CHORDS SIZE LUMBER DESCR. A - D 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF D - E 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF E - I 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF I - L 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF L - M 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF M - P 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF B - Z 2x6 DRY 1650F 1.5E SPF Z - X 2x6 DRY 1650F 1.5E SPF X - W 2x8 DRY No.2 SPF W - U 2x6 DRY 1650F 1.5E SPF U - T 2x8 DRY No.2 SPF T - R 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF R - O 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF

REINFORCING MEMBERS

HW1

2x6

DRY

No.2

SPF

HW2

2x6

DRY

No.2

SPF

ALL WEBS EXCEPT

Y - E

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

X - F

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

F - W

2x4

DRY

1650F 1.5E

SPF

U - K

2x4

DRY

1650F 1.5E

SPF

T - K

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

S - L

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.

 DIMENSIONS, SUPPORTS AND LOADS BUILDING DESIGNER BEARINGS FACTORED GROSS REACTION MAXIMUM FACTORED GROSS REACTION INPUT BRG REQRD BRG JT VERT HORZ DOWN HORZ UPLIFT IN-SX IN-SX B 3584 0 3712 114 -579 5-8 4-0 O 3584 0 3712 0 -579 5-8 4-0 PROVIDE ANCHORAGE AT BEARING JOINT B FOR 579 LBS. FACTORED UPLIFT PROVIDE ANCHORAGE AT BEARING JOINT O FOR 579 LBS. FACTORED UPLIFT PROVIDE FOR 114 LBS FACTORED HORIZONTAL REACTION AT JOINTB ALLOW FOR 0.4" OF HORIZONTAL MOVEMENT DUE TO TOTAL LOAD UNFACTORED REACTIONS 1ST LCASE MAX./MIN. COMPONENT REACTIONS JT COMBINED SNOW LIVE PERM.LIVE WIND DEAD SOIL B 2685 1533 / 0 535 / 0 0 / 0 111 / -865 702 / 0 0 / 0 O 2685 1533 / 0 535 / 0 0 / 0 128 / -865 702 / 0 0 / 0 HORIZONTAL REACTIONS B --- 0 / 0 0 / 0 0 / 0 82 / -82 0 / 0 0 / 0 BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) B, O BRACING MAX. UNBRACED TOP CHORD LENGTH = 2.37 FT. MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 6.25 FT OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED. ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE Laterally RESTRAINED. 2 LATERAL BRACE(S) AT 1/ 3 LENGTH OF F-X, K-T. 1 LATERAL BRACE(S) AT 1/ 2 LENGTH OF G-V, J-V, C-AB, N-AD. LOADING TOTAL LOAD CASES: (18) CHORDS MAX. FACTORED FACTORED VERT. LOAD LC1 MAX. UNBRAC LENGTH WEBS MAX. FACTORED MEMB. FORCE (LBS) VERT. LOAD (PLF) CSI (LC) MEMB. FORCE (LBS) MAX. CSI (LC) FR-TO FROM TO FR-TO A-B 0 / 0 -95.2 -95.2 0.10 (2) 10.00 AA-C 0 / 317 0.08 (17) B-AC -4614 / 605 -95.2 -95.2 0.35 (2) 3.74 C-Y -618 / 241 0.72 (2) AC-C -2913 / 527 -95.2 -95.2 0.32 (2) 4.62 Y-E -103 / 402 0.06 (5) C-D -5903 / 987 -95.2 -95.2 0.55 (2) 3.22 E-X -349 / 1946 0.44 (3) D-E -5903 / 987 -95.2 -95.2 0.55 (2) 3.22 X-F -7043 / 1063 0.92 (1) E-F -6054 / 1068 -95.2 -95.2 0.28 (1) 3.42 F-W -1026 / 6727 0.78 (1) F-G -7281 / 1256 -95.2 -95.2 0.37 (1) 3.06 W-G -1026 / 299 0.47 (3) G-H -8155 / 1328 -95.2 -95.2 0.97 (2) 2.37 G-V -223 / 1418 0.32 (3) H-I -8155 / 1328 -95.2 -95.2 0.97 (2) 2.37 V-H -989 / 308 0.44 (10) I-J -8155 / 1328 -95.2 -95.2 0.97 (2) 2.37 V-J -174 / 1112 0.25 (2) J-K -7517 / 1266 -95.2 -95.2 0.37 (1) 3.02 U-J -952 / 273 0.45 (2) K-L -6276 / 1099 -95.2 -95.2 0.29 (3) 3.37 U-K -989 / 6693 0.78 (1) L-M -5898 / 986 -95.2 -95.2 0.55 (3) 3.22 T-K -6881 / 1035 0.90 (1) M-N -5898 / 986 -95.2 -95.2 0.55 (3) 3.22 T-L -355 / 1968 0.44 (2) N-AE -2913 / 527 -95.2 -95.2 0.32 (3) 4.62 S-L -56 / 452 0.07 (6) AE-O -4609 / 604 -95.2 -95.2 0.35 (3) 3.74 S-N -624 / 210 0.73 (3) O-P 0 / 0 -95.2 -95.2 0.10 (3) 10.00 Q-N 0 / 319 0.08 (17) B-AB -500 / 2688 -39.5 -39.5 0.27 (2) 6.25 AB-C -3765 / 520 0.68 (2) AB-AA -954 / 5977 -39.5 -39.5 0.51 (2) 6.25 N-AD -3766 / 522 0.68 (3) AA-Z -956 / 5973 -39.5 |

JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
343664	H03TA	1		JT 45147	E22052022

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

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ID:9a plwcon izmXpuR1McGqzT9hG-UPHV6cld8ck yR9oP6oij RaUUa?DVRT?z0LAOz6D

Scale = 1:86.1

[illegible]

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE
2X4 SPF#2



TRUSS HAS BEEN CHECKED FOR UNBALANCED LOADING
AS PER NBCC 4.1.6.2.(8)

WIND LOAD APPLIED IS DERIVED FROM REFERENCE VELOCITY PRESSURE OF (9.2) PSF AT (30-0.0) FT-IN-SX REFERENCE HEIGHT ABOVE GRADE AND USING EXTERNAL PEAK COEFFICIENTS, CpG, BASED ON THE (MAIN WIND FORCE RESISTING SYSTEM); INTERNAL WIND PRESSURE IS BASED ON DESIGN (CATEGORY 2). BUILDING MAY BE LOCATED ON (ROUGH TERRAIN) AT MINIMUM (1.000) MILES DISTANCE FROM OPEN TERRAIN, AND TRUSS IS DESIGNED TO BE LOCATED AT LEAST (0-0) FT-IN-SX AWAY FROM EAVE. TRUSS UPLIFT IS BASED ON TOP AND BOTTOM CHORD DEAD LOADS OF 6.0 PSF AND 7.4 PSF RESPECTIVELY.

JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
343664	H06TA		1	TRUSS DESC.	E22052025

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

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ID:9a plwcon izmXpuR1McGqzT9hG-467o2OTPrV?ebDVD22 Hx02u8NBVpBWD9P5qaz6O

Scale = 1/84.0

TOTAL WEIGHT = 2 X 331 = 661 lb

NUMBER

N. L. G. A. RULES

CHORDS

SIZE

LUMBER

DESCR.

A - E

2x6

DRY

No.2

E - I

2x6

DRY

No.2

I - M

2x6

DRY

No.2

M - Q

2x6

DRY

No.2

B - AA

2x6

DRY

1650F 1.5E

AA- Y

2x6

DRY

1650F 1.5E

Y - X

2x6

DRY

No.2

X - V

2x6

DRY

No.2

V - U

2x6

DRY

No.2

U - S

2x6

DRY

1650F 1.5E

S - P

2x6

DRY

1650F 1.5E

REINFORCING MEMBERS

HW1

2x6

DRY

No.2

HW2

2x6

DRY

No.2

ALL WEBS

2x3

DRY

No.2

EXCEPT

Y - F

2x4

DRY

No.2

U - L

2x4

DRY

No.2

DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.

BEARINGS

FACTORED GROSS REACTION

MAXIMUM FACTORED GROSS REACTION

INPUT DOWN

REQRD BRG

JT

VERT

HORZ

UPLIFT

IN-SX

IN-SX

B

3584

0

3584

203

-482

5-8

3-14

P

3584

0

3584

0

-482

5-8

3-14

PROVIDE ANCHORAGE AT BEARING JOINT B FOR 482 LBS FACTORED UPLIFT

PROVIDE ANCHORAGE AT BEARING JOINT P FOR 482 LBS FACTORED UPLIFT

PROVIDE FOR 203 LBS FACTORED HORIZONTAL REACTION AT JOINTB

ALLOW FOR 0.3" OF HORIZONTAL MOVEMENT DUE TO TOTAL LOAD

UNFACTORED REACTIONS

1ST LCASE

MAX./MIN. COMPONENT REACTIONS

JT

COMBINED

SNOW

LIVE

PERM.LIVE

WIND

DEAD

SOIL

B

2685

1448 / 0

535 / 0

0 / 0

0 / -796

702 / 0

0 / 0

P

2685

1448 / 0

535 / 0

0 / 0

0 / -796

702 / 0

0 / 0

HORIZONTAL REACTIONS

B

0 / 0

0 / 0

0 / 0

145 / -145

0 / 0

0 / 0

BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) B, P

BRACING

MAX. UNBRACED TOP CHORD LENGTH = 3.13 FT.

MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 6.25 FT OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED.

ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE Laterally RESTRAINED.

2 LATERAL BRACE(S) AT 1/ 3 LENGTH OF F-Y, L-U, H-W, J-W.

1 LATERAL BRACE(S) AT 1/ 2 LENGTH OF I-W, N-U, H-X, J-V, C-AC, O-AE.

LOADING

TOTAL LOAD CASES: (18)

C H O R D S

W E B S

MEMB.

MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)

FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)

LC1 MAX

MAX. UNBRAC LENGTH

MEMB.

MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)

MAX CSI (LC)

FR-TO

FROM

TO

FR-TO

LENGTH

FR-TO

LENGTH

A- B

0 / 0

-95.2

-95.2

0.10 (2)

10.00

AB- C

0 / 230

0.05 (17)

B-AD

-4325 / 488

-95.2

-95.2

0.30 (1)

3.94

C- Z

-168 / 184

0.10 (2)

AD- C

-2693 / 422

-95.2

-95.2

0.25 (1)

4.85

Z- D

0 / 323

0.07 (5)

C- D

-6153 / 806

-95.2

-95.2

0.39 (1)

3.33

D- Y

-886 / 209

0.88 (2)

D- E

-5600 / 758

-95.2

-95.2

0.44 (1)

3.41

Y- F

-4127 / 442

0.62 (1)

E- F

-5600 / 758

-95.2

-95.2

0.44 (1)

3.41

F- X

-179 / 2912

0.66 (1)

F- G

-6380 / 901

-95.2

-95.2

0.47 (1)

3.13

X- G

-23 / 612

0.14 (1)

G- H

-6049 / 902

-95.2

-95.2

0.49 (1)

3.21

W- I

-412 / 3228

0.73 (1)

H- I

-4609 / 639

-95.2

-95.2

0.23 (1)

3.92

V- K

-17 / 485

0.11 (1)

I- J

-4601 / 654

-95.2

-95.2

0.20 (1)

3.96

V- L

-187 / 2774

0.62 (1)

J- K

-5825 / 844

-95.2

-95.2

0.46 (1)

3.29

U- L

-3819 / 333

0.62 (1)

K- L

-6099 / 831

-95.2

-95.2

0.45 (1)

3.22

U- N

-1007 / 232

0.40 (3)

L- M

-5451 / 738

-95.2

-95.2

0.42 (1)

3.48

T- N

0 / 402

0.09 (6)

M- N

-5451 / 738

-95.2

-95.2

0.42 (1)

3.48

T- O

-291 / 148

0.22 (3)

N- O

-6095 / 797

-95.2

-95.2

0.42 (1)

3.33

R- O

0 / 251

0.06 (17)

O- AF

-2737 / 433

-95.2

-95.2

0.27 (1)

4.80

X- H

-347 / 1778

0.40 (2)

AF- P

-4370 / 484

-95.2

-95.2

0.32 (1)

3.89

H- W

-1744 / 437

1.00 (2)

P- Q

0 / 0

-95.2

-95.2

0.10 (3)

10.00

W- J

-1731 / 417

0.99 (3)

J- V

-345 / 1750

0.39 (3)

B-AC

-501 / 2469

-39.5

-39.5

0.23 (1)

6.25

AC-AD

-114 / 2219

0.00 (1)

AC-AB

-846 / 5684

-39.5

-39.5

0.47 (1)

6.25

AC- C

-3740 / 401

0.46 (1)

AB-AA

-847 / 5681

-39.5

-39.5

0.49 (1)

6.25

O-AE

-3731 / 395

0.51 (1)

AA- Z

-847 / 5681

-39.5

-39.5

0.49 (1)

6.25

AE-AF

-95 / 2217

0.00 (1)

Z- Y

-757 / 5690

-39.5

-39.5

0.47 (1)

6.25

Y- X

-828 / 7074

-39.5

-39.5

0.84 (1)

6.25

X- W

-484 / 4919

-39.5

-39.5

0.78 (1)

6.25

W- V

-357 / 4817

-39.5

-39.5

0.77 (1)

6.25

V- U

-494 / 6735

-39.5

-39.5

0.80 (1)

6.25

U- T

-534 / 5636

-39.5

-39.5

0.47 (1)

6.25

T- S

-648 / 5733

-39.5

-39.5

0.49 (1)

6.25

S- R

-648 / 5733

-39.5

-39.5

0.49 (1)

6.25

DESIGN CRITERIA

SPECIFIED LOADS:

TOP CH. LL = 26.7 PSF

DL = 6.0 PSF

BOT CH. LL = 10.5 PSF

DL = 7.4 PSF

TOTAL LOAD = 50.6 PSF

SPACING = 24.0 IN. C/C

THIS TRUSS IS DESIGNED FOR COMMERCIAL OR INDUSTRIAL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS OF PART 4, NBCC 2015

THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH:

- PART 4 OF CBC 2018 , ABC 2019

- PART 4 OF OBC 2012 (2019 AMENDMENT)

- CSA 086-14

- TPIC 2014

DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS

- SLOPE REDUCTION FACTOR USED

- PERCENTAGE OF GROUND SNOW LOAD IS USER-DEFINED.

(80 % OF 23.0 P.S.F. G.S.L. PLUS 8.4 P.S.F. RAIN LOAD) TIMES IMPORTANCE FACTOR EQUALS 26.7 P.S.F. SPECIFIED ROOF LIVE LOAD

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/360 (1.70")

CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL) = L/ 999 (0.43")

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/180 (3.39")

CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL)= L/ 947 (0.65")

CSI: TC=0.49/1.00 (G-H:1) , BC=0.84/1.00 (X-Y:1) , WB=1.00/1.00 (H-W:2) , SSI=0.43/1.00 (F-G:1)

DOL LUMBER=1.00 NAIL=1.00 LS BEND=1.10

COMP=1.10 SHEAR=1.10 TENS= 1.10

SNOW LOAD IMPORTANCE FACTOR = 1.00

WIND LOAD IMPORTANCE FACTOR = 1.00

LIVE LOAD IMPORTANCE FACTOR = 1.00

COMPANION LIVE LOAD FACTOR = 1.00

TRUSS PLATE MANUFACTURER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR QUALITY CONTROL IN THE TRUSS MANUFACTURING PLANT .

NAIL VALUES

PLATE GRIP(DRY) SHEAR SECTION

(PSI) (PLI) (PLI)

MAX MIN MAX MIN MAX MIN

MT20 650 371 1747 788 1987 1873

PLATE PLACEMENT TOL. = 0.250 inches

PLATE ROTATION TOL. = 5.0 Deg.

JSI GRIP= 0.90 (L) (INPUT = 0.90)

JSI METAL= 0.91 (P) (INPUT = 1.00)

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE
2X4 SPF#2



DIMENSIONS, SUPPORTS AND LOADINGS SPECIFIED BY FABRICATOR TO BE VERIFIED BY BUILDING DESIGNER					
<u>BEARINGS</u>					
	FACTORED GROSS REACTION		MAXIMUM FACTORED GROSS REACTION		INPUT REQ'D
	VERT	HORZ	DOWN	HORZ	BRG UPLIFT
JOINT B	3584	0	3584	203	5-8
JOINT P	3584	0	3584	0	5-8
PROVIDE ANCHORAGE AT BEARING JOINT B FOR 482 LBS FACTORED UPLIFT					
PROVIDE ANCHORAGE AT BEARING JOINT P FOR 482 LBS FACTORED UPLIFT					
PROVIDE FOR 203 LBS FACTORED HORIZONTAL REACTION AT JOINT B					
ALLOW FOR 0.3" OF HORIZONTAL MOVEMENT DUE TO TOTAL LOAD					

UNFACTORED REACTIONS							
1ST LCASE		MAX./MIN. COMPONENT REACTIONS					
JT	COMBINED	SNOW	LIVE	PERM.LIVE	WIND	DEAD	SOIL
B	2685	1448 / 0	535 / 0	0 / 0	0 / -796	702 / 0	0 / 0
P	2685	1448 / 0	535 / 0	0 / 0	0 / -796	702 / 0	0 / 0

HORIZONTAL REACTIONS

BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) B, P

BRACING
MAX. UNBRACED TOP CHORD LENGTH = 3.13 FT.
MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 6.25 FT. OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED.

ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE LATERALLY RESTRAINED.

2 LATERAL BRACE(S) AT 1/3 LENGTH OF F-Y, L-U, H-W, J-W.
1 LATERAL BRACE(S) AT 1/2 LENGTH OF I-W, N-U, H-X, J-V, C-AC, O-AE.

LOADING
TOTAL LOAD CASES: (18)

CHORDS					WEBS				
MAX. FACTORED		FACTORED			MAX. FACTORED				
MEMB.	FORCE (LBS)	VERT. LOAD (LBS)	PLF	CS1 (MAX)	MAX. UNBRAC	MEMB.	FORCE (LBS)	MAX CS1 (LC)	
FR-TO		FROM	TO		LENGTH	FR-TO			
A-B	0 / 0	-95.2	-95.2	0.10 (2)	10.00	AB-C	0 / 230	0.05 (17)	
B-AD	-4625 / 488	-95.2	-95.2	0.30 (1)	3.94	C-Z	-168 / 184	0.10 (2)	
AD-C	-2393 / 422	-95.2	-95.2	0.25 (1)	4.85	Z-D	0 / 323	0.07 (5)	
C-D	-6153 / 806	-95.2	-95.2	0.39 (1)	3.33	D-Y	-886 / 209	0.88 (2)	
D-E	-5600 / 758	-95.2	-95.2	0.44 (1)	3.41	Y-F	-4127 / 442	0.62 (1)	
E-F	-5600 / 758	-95.2	-95.2	0.44 (1)	3.41	F-X	-179 / 2912	0.66 (1)	
F-G	-6380 / 901	-95.2	-95.2	0.47 (1)	3.13	X-G	-23 / 612	0.14 (1)	
G-H	-6049 / 902	-95.2	-95.2	0.49 (1)	3.21	W-I	-412 / 3228	0.73 (1)	
H-I	-4609 / 639	-95.2	-95.2	0.23 (1)	3.92	V-K	-17 / 485	0.11 (1)	
I-J	-4601 / 654	-95.2	-95.2	0.20 (1)	3.96	V-L	-187 / 2774	0.62 (1)	
J-K	-5825 / 844	-95.2	-95.2	0.46 (1)	3.29	U-L	-3819 / 333	0.62 (1)	
K-L	-6099 / 831	-95.2	-95.2	0.45 (1)	3.22	U-N	-1007 / 232	0.40 (3)	
L-M	-5451 / 738	-95.2	-95.2	0.42 (1)	3.48	T-N	0 / 402	0.09 (6)	
M-N	-5451 / 738	-95.2	-95.2	0.42 (1)	3.48	T-O	-291 / 148	0.22 (3)	
N-O	-6095 / 797	-95.2	-95.2	0.42 (1)	3.33	R-O	0 / 251	0.06 (17)	
O-AF	-2737 / 433	-95.2	-95.2	0.27 (1)	4.80	X-H	-347 / 1778	0.40 (2)	
P-F	-4370 / 484	-95.2	-95.2	0.32 (1)	3.89	H-W	-1744 / 437	1.00 (2)	
AQ-P	0 / 0	-95.2	-95.2	0.10 (3)	10.00	W-J	-1731 / 417	0.99 (3)	
						J-V	-345 / 1750	0.39 (3)	
B-AC	-501 / 2469	-39.5	-39.5	0.23 (1)	6.25	AC-AD	-114 / 2219	0.00 (1)	
AC-AB	-846 / 5684	-39.5	-39.5	0.47 (1)	6.25	AC-C	-3740 / 401	0.46 (1)	
AB-AA	-847 / 5681	-39.5	-39.5	0.49 (1)	6.25	O-AE	-3731 / 395	0.51 (1)	
AA-Z	-847 / 5681	-39.5	-39.5	0.49 (1)	6.25	AE-AF	-95 / 2217	0.00 (1)	
Z-Y	-757 / 5690	-39.5	-39.5	0.47 (1)	6.25				
Y-X	-828 / 7074	-39.5	-39.5	0.84 (1)	6.25				
X-W	-484 / 4919	-39.5	-39.5	0.78 (1)	6.25				
W-V	-357 / 4817	-39.5	-39.5	0.77 (1)	6.25				
V-U	-494 / 6735	-39.5	-39.5	0.80 (1)	6.25				
U-T	-534 / 5636	-39.5	-39.5	0.47 (1)	6.25				
T-S	-648 / 5733	-39.5	-39.5	0.49 (1)	6.25				
S-R	-648 / 5733	-39.5	-39.5	0.49 (1)	6.25				
R-AE	-647 / 5736	-39.5	-39.5	0.48 (1)	6.25				
AE-P	-305 / 2512	-39.5	-39.5	0.24 (1)	6.25				

TRUSS HAS BEEN CHECKED FOR UNBALANCED LOADING
AS PER NBCC 4.1.6.2.(8)

WIND LOAD APPLIED IS DERIVED FROM REFERENCE VELOCITY PRESSURE OF (9.2) PSF AT (30-0-0) FT-IN-SX REFERENCE HEIGHT ABOVE GRADE AND USING EXTERNAL PEAK COEFFICIENTS, CpG, BASED ON THE (MAIN WIND FORCE RESISTING SYSTEM); INTERNAL WIND PRESSURE IS BASED ON DESIGN (CATEGORY 2). BUILDING MAY BE LOCATED ON (ROUGH TERRAIN) AT MINIMUM (1.000) MILES DISTANCE FROM OPEN TERRAIN, AND TRUSS IS DESIGNED TO BE LOCATED AT LEAST (0-0) FT-IN-SX AWAY FROM EAVE. TRUSS UPLIFT IS BASED ON TOP AND BOTTOM CHORD DEAD LOADS OF 6.0 PSF AND 7.4 PSF RESPECTIVELY.

DESIGN CRITERIA

SPECIFIED LOADS:

TOP	CH.	LL	=	26.7	PSF
		DL	=	6.0	PSF
BOT	CH.	LL	=	10.5	PSF
		DL	=	7.4	PSF
TOTAL LOAD				=	50.6 PSF

SPACING = 24.0 IN. C/C

THIS TRUSS IS DESIGNED FOR COMMERCIAL
OR INDUSTRIAL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS OF
PART 4, NBCC 2015

THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH:

- PART 4 OF BCBC 2018 , ABC 2019
- PART 4 OF OBC 2012 (2019 AMENDMENT)
- CSA 086-14
- TPIC 2014

DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS

- SLOPE REDUCTION FACTOR USED
- PERCENTAGE OF GROUND SNOW LOAD IS USER-DEFINED.

(80 % OF 23.0 P.S.F. G.S.L. PLUS 8.4 P.S.F. RAIN LOAD) TIMES IMPORTANCE FACTOR EQUALS 26.7 P.S.F. SPECIFIED ROOF LIVE LOAD

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= $L/360$ (1.70")
 CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL) = $L/999$ (0.43")
 ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= $L/180$ (3.39")
 CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL) = $L/947$ (0.65")

CSI: TC=0.49/1.00 (G-H:1) , BC=0.84/1.00 (X-Y:1) ,
WB=1.00/1.00 (H-W:2) , SSI=0.43/1.00 (F-G:1)

DOL LUMBER=1.00 NAIL=1.00 LS BEND=1.10
COMP=1.10 SHEAR=1.10 TENS= 1.10

SNOW LOAD IMPORTANCE FACTOR = 1.00
WIND LOAD IMPORTANCE FACTOR = 1.00
LIVE LOAD IMPORTANCE FACTOR = 1.00
COMPANION LIVE LOAD FACTOR = 1.00

TRUSS PLATE MANUFACTURER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR QUALITY CONTROL IN THE TRUSS MANUFACTURING PLANT .

NAIL VALUES						
PLATE	GRIP(DRY)		SHEAR		SECTION	
	(PSI)		(PLI)		(PLI)	
	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN
MT20	650	371	1747	788	1987	1877

PLATE PLACEMENT TOL. = 0.250 inches

PLATE ROTATION TOL. = 5.0 Deg.

JSI GRIP= 0.90 (L) (INPUT = 0.90)
JSI METAL= 0.91 (P) (INPUT = 1.00)

JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
343291	H06	1		JT 45147	E22052031

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

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ID:9a plwcon izmXpuR1McGqzT9hG-4nSX8B?i4LswGjSVfPCRFKU4NUKqo7kdNZH6p5z6P7

Scale = 1:83.

5.00 12

11:9.2

5-8

50-0-0

0-0

6-6-4

6-6-4

6-3-12

12-10-0

6-3-12

19-1-12

6-3-12

25-5-8

6-3-12

31-9-4

6-3-12

38-1-0

6-3-12

44-4-12

6-6-4

50-11-0

TOTAL WEIGHT = 10 X 309 = 3094 lb

NUMBER

N. L. G. A. RULES

CHORDS

SIZE

LUMBER

DESCR.

A - D

2x6

DRY

No.2

SPF

D - G

2x6

DRY

No.2

SPF

G - J

2x6

DRY

No.2

SPF

J - M

2x6

DRY

No.2

SPF

B - T

2x6

DRY

1650F 1.5E

SPF

T - R

2x6

DRY

1650F 1.5E

SPF

R - P

2x6

DRY

1650F 1.5E

SPF

P - L

2x6

DRY

1650F 1.5E

SPF

REINFORCING MEMBERS

HW1

2x6

DRY

No.2

SPF

HW2

2x6

DRY

No.2

SPF

ALL WEBS

2x3

DRY

No.2

SPF

EXCEPT

R - G

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

R - H

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

F - R

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.

PLATES (table is in inches)

JT

TYPE

PLATES

W

LEN

Y

X

B

TMBMW-1

MT20

8.0

9.0

2.50

C

TMWWW-t

MT20

5.0

8.0

2.00

3.75

D

TS-t

MT20

5.0

6.0

E, F, H, I

G

TMWW-t

MT20

4.0

6.0

H

TTW+p

MT20

5.0

8.0

J

TS-t

MT20

5.0

6.0

K

TMWWW-t

MT20

5.0

8.0

2.00

3.75

L

TMBMW-1

MT20

8.0

9.0

2.50

0.50

N

BMW+w

MT20

2.0

4.0

O

BMWW-t

MT20

4.0

6.0

P

BS-t

MT20

6.0

7.0

Q

BMWW+t

MT20

4.0

6.0

R

BSWWW-I

MT20

8.0

9.0

4.50

4.50

S

BMWW+t

MT20

4.0

6.0

T

BS-t

MT20

6.0

7.0

U

BMWW-t

MT20

4.0

6.0

V

BMW+w

MT20

2.0

4.0

BEARINGS

FACTORED

MAXIMUM FACTORED

INPUT

REQRD

GROSS REACTION

GROSS REACTION

BRG

BRG

JT

VERT

HORZ

DOWN

HORZ

UPLIFT

IN-SX

IN-SX

B

3584

0

3584

203

-482

5-8

3-14

L

3584

0

3584

0

-482

5-8

3-14

PROVIDE ANCHORAGE AT BEARING JOINT B FOR 482 LBS. FACTORED UPLIFT

PROVIDE ANCHORAGE AT BEARING JOINT L FOR 482 LBS. FACTORED UPLIFT

PROVIDE FOR 203 LBS. FACTORED HORIZONTAL REACTION AT JOINTB

UNFACTORED REACTIONS

1ST LCASE

MAX./MIN. COMPONENT REACTIONS

JT

COMBINED

SNOW

LIVE

PERM.LIVE

WIND

DEAD

SOIL

B

2685

1448 / 0

535 / 0

0 / 0

0 / -796

702 / 0

0 / 0

L

2685

1448 / 0

535 / 0

0 / 0

0 / -796

702 / 0

0 / 0

HORIZONTAL REACTIONS

B

0 / 0

0 / 0

0 / 0

145 / -145

0 / 0

0 / 0

BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) B, L

BRACING

MAX. UNBRACED TOP CHORD LENGTH = 3.34 FT.

MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 6.25 FT. OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED.

ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE Laterally RESTRAINED.

1 LATERAL BRACE(S) AT 1/2 LENGTH OF G-R, H-Q, I-Q, F-S, E-S, C-W, K-Y.

2 LATERAL BRACE(S) AT 1/3 LENGTH OF H-R, F-R.

LOADING

TOTAL LOAD CASES: (18)

CHORDS

WEBS

MAX. FACTORED

FACTORED

MAX. FACTORED

MEMB.

FORCE

VERT. LOAD

LC1

MAX

MAX.

MEMB.

FORCE

MAX

(LBS)

(PLF)

CSI (LC)

UNBRAC

(LBS)

CSI (LC)

FR-TO

FROM

TO

LENGTH

FR-TO

A- B

0 / 0

-95.2

-95.2

0.10 (2)

10.00

R- G

-337 / 2734

0.44 (1)

B- X

-4433 / 480

-95.2

-95.2

0.35 (1)

3.84

R- H

-1770 / 386

0.47 (3)

X- C

-2801 / 453

-95.2

-95.2

0.30 (2)

4.72

Q- H

-91 / 1093

0.25 (3)

C- D

-5981 / 784

-95.2

-95.2

0.44 (1)

3.34

Q- I

-1188 / 271

0.60 (3)

D- E

-5981 / 784

-95.2

-95.2

0.44 (1)

3.34

O- I

0 / 511

0.12 (6)

E- F

-5184 / 701

-95.2

-95.2

0.44 (1)

3.55

O- K

-498 / 166

0.48 (3)

F- G

-4213 / 622

-95.2

-95.2

0.38 (1)

3.94

N- K

0 / 295

0.07 (17)

G- H

-4213 / 622

-95.2

-95.2

0.38 (1)

3.94

F- R

-1770 / 385

0.47 (2)

H- I

-5184 / 701

-95.2

-95.2

0.44 (1)

3.55

S- F

-91 / 1093

0.25 (2)

I- J

-5981 / 784

-95.2

-95.2

0.44 (1)

3.34

E- S

-1188 / 272

0.60 (2)

J- K

-5981 / 784

-95.2

-95.2

0.44 (1)

3.34

U- E

0 / 511

0.12 (5)

K- Z

-2801 / 452

-95.2

-95.2

0.30 (3)

4.72

C- U

-498 / 164

0.48 (2)

Z- L

-4433 / 479

-95.2

-95.2

0.35 (1)

3.84

V- C

0 / 295

0.07 (17)

L- M

0 / 0

-95.2

-95.2

0.10 (3)

10.00

W- X

-65 / 2207

0.00 (1)

B- W

-521 / 2575

-39.5

-39.5

0.25 (1)

6.25

W- C

-3707 / 376

0.60 (1)

W- V

-848 / 5802

-39.5

-39.5

0.49 (1)

6.25

K- Y

-3707 / 378

0.60 (1)

V- U

-850 / 5798

-39.5

-39.5

0.50 (1)

6.25

Y- Z

-66 / 2207

0.00 (1)

U- T

-706 / 5527

-39.5

-39.5

0.46 (1)

6.25

T- S

-706 / 5527

-39.5

-39.5

0.46 (1)

6.25

S- R

-509 / 4789

-39.5

-39.5

0.42 (1)

6.25

R- Q

-348 / 4789

-39.5

-39.5

0.42 (1)

6.25

Q- P

-502 / 5527

-39.5

-39.5

0.46 (1)

6.25

P- O

-502 / 5527

-39.5

-39.5

0.46 (1)

6.25

O- N

-648 / 5798

-39.5

-39.5

0.50 (1)

6.25

N- Y

-647 / 5802

-39.5

-39.5

0.49 (1)

6.25

Y- L

-317 / 2575

-39.5

-39.5

0.25 (1)

6.25

TRUSS HAS BEEN CHECKED FOR UNBALANCED LOADING

AS PER NBCC 4.1.6.2.(8)

WIND LOAD APPLIED IS DERIVED FROM REFERENCE VELOCITY PRESSURE OF { 9.2} PSF AT

DESIGN CRITERIA

SPECIFIED LOADS:

TOP

CH.

LL

=

26.7

PSF

DL

=

6.0

PSF

BOT

CH.

LL

=

10.5

PSF

DL

=

7.4

PSF

TOTAL LOAD

=

50.6

PSF

SPACING = 24.0 IN. C/C

THIS TRUSS IS DESIGNED FOR COMMERCIAL OR INDUSTRIAL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS OF PART 4, NBCC 2015

THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH:

- PART 4 OF CBC 2018 , ABC 2019

- PART 4 OF OBC 2012 (2019 AMENDMENT)

- CSA 086-14

- TPIC 2014

DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS

- SLOPE REDUCTION FACTOR USED

- PERCENTAGE OF GROUND SNOW LOAD IS USER-DEFINED.

(80 % OF 23.0 P.S.F. G.S.L. PLUS 8.4 P.S.F. RAIN LOAD) TIMES IMPORTANCE FACTOR

EQUALS 26.7 P.S.F. SPECIFIED ROOF LIVE LOAD

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/360 (1.70")

CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL) = L/999 (0.29")

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/180 (3.39")

CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL) = L/999 (0.43")

CSI: TC=0.44/1.00 (I-K:1) , BC=0.50/1.00 (N-O:1) ,

WB=0.60/1.00 (I-Q:3) , SSI=0.23/1.00 (G-H:3)

DOL LUMBER=1.00 NAIL=1.00 LS BEND=1.10

COMP=1.10 SHEAR=1.10 TENS= 1.10

SNOW LOAD IMPORTANCE FACTOR = 1.00

WIND LOAD IMPORTANCE FACTOR = 1.00

LIVE LOAD IMPORTANCE FACTOR = 1.00

COMPANION LIVE LOAD FACTOR = 1.00

TRUSS PLATE MANUFACTURER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR QUALITY CONTROL IN THE TRUSS MANUFACTURING PLANT .

NAIL VALUES

PLATE GRIP(DRY) SHEAR SECTION

(PSI) (PLI) (PLI)

MAX MIN MAX MIN MAX MIN

MT20 650 371 1747 788 1987 1873

PLATE PLACEMENT TOL. = 0.250 inches

PLATE ROTATION TOL. = 5.0 Deg.

JSI GRIP= 0.90 (C) (INPUT = 0.90)

JSI METAL= 0.92 (B) (INPUT = 1.00)

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE
2X4 SPF#2



JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
343291	H07A	2		JT 45147	E22052032

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

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ID:9a plwcon izmXpuR1McGqzT9hG-RIFQBu3rvt5DMUKSSyocyOBymVxRTlwMWrr?UJz6P7

Scale = 1:85.8

50-0-0

TOTAL WEIGHT = 2 X 307 = 615 LB

NUMBER N. L. G. A. RULES CHORDS SIZE LUMBER DESCR. A - C 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF C - E 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF E - F 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF F - J 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF J - L 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF L - O 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF AC- B 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF P - N 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF AC- Z 2x6 DRY 1650F 1.5E SPF Z - V 2x6 DRY 1650F 1.5E SPF V - S 2x6 DRY 1650F 1.5E SPF S - P 2x6 DRY 1650F 1.5E SPF	ALL WEBS 2x3 DRY No.2 SPF EXCEPT	DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.	DESIGN CONSISTS OF <u>2</u> TRUSSES BUILT SEPARATELY THEN FASTENED TOGETHER AS FOLLOWS:	CHORDS #ROWS SURFACE SPACING (IN) LOAD(PLF)	TOP CHORDS : (0.122"x3") SPIRAL NAILS A- C 2 12 SIDE(140.3) C- E 2 12 SIDE(62.9) E- F 2 12 TOP F- J 2 12 TOP J- L 2 12 TOP L- O 2 12 TOP AC- B 2 12 TOP P- N 2 12 TOP BOTTOM CHORDS : (0.122"x3") SPIRAL NAILS AC- Z 2 12 SIDE(11.7) Z- V 2 12 SIDE(210.5) V- S 2 12 TOP S- P 2 12 TOP WEBS : (0.122"x3") SPIRAL NAILS 2x3 1 6 G- X 1 6 SIDE(616.0)	NAILS TO BE DRIVEN FROM ONE SIDE ONLY.	GIRDER NAILING ASSUMES NAILED HANGERS ARE FASTENED WITH MIN. 3-0 INCH NAILS.	TOP - COMPONENTS ARE LOADED FROM THE TOP AND MUST BE PLACED ON TOP EDGE OF ALL PLIES FOR THE LOAD TO BE TRANSFERRED TO EACH PLY.	SIDE - PLF SHOWN IS THE EQUIVALENT UDL APPLIED TO ONE SIDE THAT THE CORRESPONDING NAILING PATTERN SHALL BE CAPABLE OF TRANSFERING. REMAINING PLF MUST BE APPLIED ON THE OPPOSITE SIDE OR ON THE TOP.	PLATES (table is in inches) JT TYPE PLATES W LEN Y X B TMVW-t MT20 6.0 10.0 2.25 5.00 C TTW+p MT20 5.0 8.0 3.75 2.50 D TMVW+h MT20 5.0 6.0 2.25 2.25 E TTWW-h MT20 8.0 9.0 F TTWW-I MT20 6.0 10.0 2.75 6.00 G TMVW-t MT20 4.0 6.0 H TMW+w MT20 2.0 4.0 I TMVW+h MT20 4.0 6.0 J TS-t MT20 5.0 6.0 K TMVW+h MT20 4.0 6.0 3.00 1.75 L TTWW-h MT20 8.0 9.0 2.75 4.50	LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2		DESIGN DESIGNER BEARINGS FACTORED GROSS REACTION MAXIMUM FACTORED GROSS REACTION INPUT BRG REQRD BRG DOWN HORZ UPLIFT IN-SX IN-SX AC 7058 0 7180 247 0 5-8 5-8 P 5109 0 5109 0 -216 5-8 2-13 PROVIDE ANCHORAGE AT BEARING JOINT P FOR 216 LBS FACTORED UPLIFT PROVIDE FOR 247 LBS FACTORED HORIZONTAL REACTION AT JOINTAC UNFACTORED REACTIONS 1ST LCASE MAX/MIN COMPONENT REACTIONS JT COMBINED SNOW LIVE PERM.LIVE WIND DEAD SOIL AC 5181 3024 / 0 615 / 0 0 / 0 577 / -1000 1623 / 0 0 / 0 P 3773 2113 / 0 542 / 0 0 / 0 300 / -873 1118 / 0 0 / 0 HORIZONTAL REACTIONS AC --- 0 / 0 0 / 0 0 / 0 176 / -176 0 / 0 0 / 0 BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) AC, P BEARING SIZE FACTOR = 1.15 AT JNT(S) AC (BASED ON SUPPORT DEPTH = 1-8) BRACING MAX. UNBRACED TOP CHORD LENGTH = 3.18 FT. MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 6.25 FT OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED. ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE Laterally RESTRAINED. 2x4 DRY SPF No.2 T-BRACE AT D-AB, E-Y, G-W, I-U, K-T FASTEN T AND I-BRACES TO NARROW EDGE OF WEB WITH ONE ROW PER PLY OF 3" COMMON WIRE NAILS @ 6" O.C. WITH 3" MINIMUM END DISTANCE. BRACE MUST COVER 90% OF WEB LENGTH. END VERTICAL(S) MUST BE SHEATHED OR HAVE BRACES AS INDICATED IN THE MAX. UNBRACED LENGTH COLUMN OF THE TABLE BELOW LOADING TOTAL LOAD CASES: (18) CHORDS WEBS MEMB. MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS) FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF) MAX. LC1 (LC) MAX. UNBRAC LENGTH FR-TO FR-TO A- B 0 / 47 -95.2 -95.2 0.06 (2) 10.00 AB- C 0 / 4439 0.55 (2) B- C -9472 / 0 -95.2 -95.2 0.34 (2) 3.74 AB- D -5380 / 0 0.89 (2) C- D -8014 / 0 -147.2 -147.2 0.15 (2) 4.17 D-AA 0 / 5090 0.63 (2) D- E -13474 / 0 -95.2 -95.2 0.27 (2) 3.18 AA- E -3337 / 0 0.68 (2) E- F -12522 / 0 -95.2 -95.2 0.28 (2) 3.30 E- Y -5121 / 0 0.95 (2) F- G -11864 / 0 -95.2 -95.2 0.31 (2) 3.41 Y- F 0 / 3992 0.49 (2) G- H -11015 / 0 -95.2 -95.2 0.30 (2) 3.54 F- X 0 / 3196 0.40 (3) H- I -11015 / 0 -95.2 -95.2 0.29 (2) 3.55 X- G 0 / 837 0.10 (2) I- J -9643 / 81 -95.2 -95.2 0.26 (2) 3.80 G- W -1534 / 0 0.65 (9) J- K -9643 / 81 -95.2 -95.2 0.26 (2) 3.80 W- H -610 / 183 0.33 (10) K- L -7849 / 198 -95.2 -95.2 0.20 (2) 4.20 W- I 0 / 2422 0.30 (2) L- M -6694 / 240 -95.2 -95.2 0.14 (3) 4.53 U- I -2495 / 0 0.67 (2) M- N -6292 / 214 -95.2 -95.2 0.15 (3) 4.64 U- K 0 / 3297 0.41 (2) N- O 0 / 47 -95.2 -95.2 0.06 (3) 10.00 T- K -3272 / 67 0.88 (2) AC- B -7132 / 0 0.0 0.0 0.25 (2) 5.60 T- L 0 / 4234 0.52 (2) P- N -4997 / 241 0.0 0.0 0.18 (1) 6.51 R- L -277 / 197 0.15 (9) AC-AB -232 / 239 -58.0 -58.0 0.20 (3) 6.25 R- M -14 / 709 0.09 (2) AB-AD 0 / 10800 -58.0 -58.0 0.86 (2) 10.00 Q- M -1026 / 89 0.16 (1) AD-AA 0 / 10800 -39.5 -39.5 0.86 (2) 10.00 B-AB 0 / 7987 0.99 (2) AA- Z 0 / 13544 -39.5 -39.5 0.69 (2) 10.00 Q- N -63 / 5370 0.66 (1) Z- Y 0 / 13544 -39.5 -39.5 0.69 (2) 10.00 Y- X 0 / 10474 -39.5 -39.5 0.47 (2) 10.00 X- W 0 / 11864 -39.5 -39.5 0.52 (2) 10.00 W- V 0 / 9643 -39.5 -39.5 0.43 (1) 10.00 V- U 0 / 9643 -39.5 -39.5 0.43 (1) 10.00 U- T 0 / 7849 -39.5 -39.5 0.
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JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
343291	H07A		2	JT 45147	E22052032(2)

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

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ID:9a_plwcon_izmXpuR1McGqzT9hG-RIFQB u3rvt5DMUKSSyocyOBymVxRTlwMW r?tUJz6P7Q

PLATES (table is in inches)

JT	TYPE	PLATES	W	LEN	Y	X
M	TMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
N	TMVW-t	MT20	5.0	8.0	2.00	3.75
P	BMV1+p	MT20	3.0	4.0		
Q	BMWW-t	MT20	5.0	6.0	2.50	2.00
R	BMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
S	BS-t	MT20	5.0	6.0		
T	BMWW+t	MT20	4.0	6.0	2.25	1.75
U	BMWW+t	MT20	4.0	6.0	3.00	1.75
V	BS-t	MT20	5.0	6.0		
W	BMWWW-t	MT20	5.0	6.0	2.00	3.00
X	BMWW+t	MT20	4.0	10.0		
Y	BMWW+t	MT20	5.0	6.0	3.00	2.25
Z	BS-t	MT20	6.0	7.0		
AA	BMWW+t	MT20	5.0	6.0	2.50	2.00
AB	BMWWW-t	MT20	6.0	10.0	2.50	4.75
AC	BMV1+t	MT20	6.0	10.0	5.50	

CONNECTION REQUIREMENTS

1) C1: A SUITABLE HANGER/MECHANICAL CONNECTION IS REQUIRED.

WIND LOAD APPLIED IS DERIVED FROM REFERENCE VELOCITY PRESSURE OF { 9.2} PSF AT {30-0-0} FT-IN-SX REFERENCE HEIGHT ABOVE GRADE AND USING EXTERNAL PEAK COEFFICIENTS, CpCg, BASED ON THE (MAIN WIND FORCE RESISTING SYSTEM).INTERNAL WIND PRESSURE IS BASED ON DESIGN {CATEGORY 2}. BUILDING MAY BE LOCATED ON (ROUGH TERRAIN) AT MINIMUM {1.000} MILES DISTANCE FROM OPEN TERRAIN., AND TRUSS IS DESIGNED TO BE LOCATED AT LEAST {0-0} FT-IN-SX AWAY FROM EAVE.TRUSS UPLIFT IS BASED ON TOP AND BOTTOM CHORD DEAD LOADS OF 6.0 PSF AND 7.4 PSF RESPECTIVELY.

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2



LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2 	WIND LOAD APPLIED IS DERIVED FROM REFERENCE VELOCITY PRESSURE OF { 9.2} PSF AT {30-0-0} FT-IN-SX REFERENCE HEIGHT ABOVE GRADE AND USING EXTERNAL PEAK COEFFICIENTS, CpCg, BASED ON THE {MAIN WIND FORCE RESISTING SYSTEM}.INTERNAL WIND PRESSURE IS BASED ON DESIGN {CATEGORY 2}. BUILDING MAY BE LOCATED ON {ROUGH TERRAIN} AT MINIMUM {1.000} MILES DISTANCE FROM OPEN TERRAIN., AND TRUSS IS DESIGNED TO BE LOCATED AT LEAST {0-0} FT-IN-SX AWAY FROM EAVE.TRUSS UPLIFT IS BASED ON TOP AND BOTTOM CHORD DEAD LOADS OF 6.0 PSF AND 7.4 PSF RESPECTIVELY.	
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JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
343291	H09		1	JT 45147	E22052034

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ID:9a plwcon izmXpuR1McGqzT9hG-CHkRsd9s0L54Kjx?wexUH4WDNji?LxZXM5xlmrz6P

Scale = 1:84.5

TOTAL WEIGHT = 2 X 302 = 603 LB

[illegible]

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2 	WIND LOAD APPLIED IS DERIVED FROM REFERENCE VELOCITY PRESSURE OF { 9.2} PSF AT {30-0-0} FT-IN-SX REFERENCE HEIGHT ABOVE GRADE AND USING EXTERNAL PEAK COEFFICIENTS, CpCg, BASED ON THE {MAIN WIND FORCE RESISTING SYSTEM}.INTERNAL WIND PRESSURE IS BASED ON DESIGN {CATEGORY 2}. BUILDING MAY BE LOCATED ON {ROUGH TERRAIN} AT MINIMUM {1.000} MILES DISTANCE FROM OPEN TERRAIN., AND TRUSS IS DESIGNED TO BE LOCATED AT LEAST {0-0} FT-IN-SX AWAY FROM EAVE.TRUSS UPLIFT IS BASED ON TOP AND BOTTOM CHORD DEAD LOADS OF 6.0 PSF AND 7.4 PSF RESPECTIVELY.
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JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
343291	H10	1		JT 45147	E22052035

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

Version 8.530 S Feb 23 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jun 14 10:54:38 2022 Page 1
ID:9a plwcon izmXpuR1McGqzT9hG-csQaVfBkJGTfBBgambUBui8oPxmWYIo 229yNAZ6P7

Scale = 1:85.5

TOTAL WEIGHT = 2 X 315 = 629 LB

NUMBER		N. L. G. A. RULES		DIMENSIONS, SUPPORTS AND LOADINGS SPECIFIED BY FABRICATOR TO BE VERIFIED BY BUILDING DESIGNER		DESIGN CRITERIA	
CHORDS	SIZE	LUMBER	DESCR.	BEARINGS		SPECIFIED LOADS:	
A - D	2x6	DRY	No.2	FACTORED	MAXIMUM FACTORED	INPUT	REQRD
D - E	2x6	DRY	No.2	GROSS REACTION	GROSS REACTION	BRG	BRG
E - H	2x6	DRY	No.2	JT VERT	DOWN	HORZ	UPLIFT
H - J	2x6	DRY	No.2	Z 3588	0	3668	-287
J - K	2x6	DRY	No.2	O 3588	0	3668	0
K - N	2x6	DRY	No.2				-581
Z - B	2x6	DRY	No.2				-581
O - M	2x6	DRY	No.2				-581
Z - W	2x6	DRY	No.2				-581
W - T	2x6	DRY	No.2				-581
T - Q	2x6	DRY	No.2				-581
Q - O	2x6	DRY	No.2				-581
ALL WEBS EXCEPT	2x3	DRY	No.2				-581
E - V	2x4	DRY	No.2				-581
F - U	2x4	DRY	No.2				-581
U - I	2x4	DRY	No.2				-581
S - J	2x4	DRY	No.2				-581
DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.				PROVIDE ANCHORAGE AT BEARING JOINT Z FOR 581 LBS FACTORED UPLIFT		TOTAL LOAD = 50.6 PSF	
				PROVIDE ANCHORAGE AT BEARING JOINT O FOR 581 LBS FACTORED UPLIFT		SPACING = 24.0 IN. C/C	
				PROVIDE FOR 287 LBS FACTORED HORIZONTAL REACTION AT JOINT Z		LOADING IN FLAT SECTION BASED ON A SLOPE OF 8.00/12	
				UNFACTORED REACTIONS		THIS TRUSS IS DESIGNED FOR COMMERCIAL OR INDUSTRIAL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS OF PART 4, NBCC 2015	
				1ST LCASE		THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH:	
				MAX./MIN. COMPONENT REACTIONS		- PART 4 OF BCBC 2018 , ABC 2019	
				JT COMBINED		- PART 4 OF OBC 2012 (2019 AMENDMENT)	
				Z		- CSA 086-14	
				O		- TPIC 2014	
				HORIZONTAL REACTIONS		DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS	
				Z		- SLOPE REDUCTION FACTOR USED	
						- PERCENTAGE OF GROUND SNOW LOAD IS USER-DEFINED.	
				BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) Z, O		(80 % OF 23.0 P.S.F. G.S.L. PLUS 8.4 P.S.F. RAIN LOAD) TIMES IMPORTANCE FACTOR EQUALS 26.7 P.S.F. SPECIFIED ROOF LIVE LOAD	
				BEARING SIZE FACTOR = 1.15 AT JNT(S) Z, O (BASED ON SUPPORT DEPTH = 1-8)		ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/360 (1.70")	
				BRACING		CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL) = L/999 (0.23")	
				MAX. UNBRACED TOP CHORD LENGTH = 3.58 FT.		ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/180 (3.39")	
				MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 6.25 FT OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED.		CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL) = L/999 (0.34")	
				ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE Laterally RESTRAINED.		CSI: TC=0.50/1.00 (F-G:2) , BC=0.63/1.00 (U-V:1) , WB=0.85/1.00 (B-Y:2) , SSI=0.25/1.00 (E-F:2)	
				1 LATERAL BRACE(S) AT 1/2 LENGTH OF E-X, E-V, F-V, F-U, G-U, I-U, I-S, J-S, J-R.		DOL LUMBER=1.00 NAIL=1.00 LS BEND=1.10 COMP=1.10 SHEAR=1.10 TENS= 1.10	
				END VERTICAL(S) MUST BE SHEATHED OR HAVE BRACES AS INDICATED IN THE MAX. UNBRACED LENGTH COLUMN OF THE TABLE BELOW		SNOW LOAD IMPORTANCE FACTOR = 1.00	
				LOADING		WIND LOAD IMPORTANCE FACTOR = 1.00	
				TOTAL LOAD CASES: (18)		LIVE LOAD IMPORTANCE FACTOR = 1.00	
				CHORDS		COMpanion LIVE LOAD FACTOR = 1.00	

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE
2X4 SPF#2



WIND LOAD APPLIED IS DERIVED FROM REFERENCE VELOCITY PRESSURE OF (9.2) PSF AT (30-0-0) FT-IN-SX REFERENCE HEIGHT ABOVE GRADE AND USING EXTERNAL PEAK COEFFICIENTS, CpCg, BASED ON THE (MAIN WIND FORCE RESISTING SYSTEM); INTERNAL WIND PRESSURE IS BASED ON DESIGN (CATEGORY 2). BUILDING MAY BE LOCATED ON (ROUGH TERRAIN) AT MINIMUM (1.000) MILES DISTANCE FROM OPEN TERRAIN.. AND TRUSS IS DESIGNED TO BE LOCATED AT LEAST (0-0) FT-IN-SX AWAY FROM EAVE. TRUSS UPLIFT IS BASED ON TOP AND BOTTOM CHORD DEAD LOADS OF 6.0 PSF AND 7.4 PSF RESPECTIVELY.

JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
343291	H12	1		JT 45147	E22052037

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

Version 8.530 S Feb 23 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jun 14 10:54:44 2022 Page 1
 ID:N8SiOON96W7G9F ecZrXrqzOnZF-R0nrliGVv6Epv67jy1bb8zOn7Lk8y?EsR cGbqz6P7

0-0 4-4-15 4-4-15 3-7-9 8-0-8 6-4-8 14-5-0 5-4-8 19-9-8 2-7-8 22-5-0 4-1-12 26-6-12 4-4-4 30-11-0 1-6-8 32-5-8

Scale = 1:51.7

2-8 5-8 29-9-8 5-8

0-0 4-4-15 4-4-15 3-7-9 8-0-8 6-4-8 14-5-0 5-4-8 19-9-8 2-7-8 22-5-0 4-1-12 26-6-12 4-4-4 30-11-0

TOTAL WEIGHT = 180 lb

N. L. G. A. RULES
CHORDS SIZE LUMBER DESCR.
A - C 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF
C - E 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF
E - F 2x4 DRY No.2 SPF
F - I 2x4 DRY No.2 SPF
J - H 2x4 DRY No.2 SPF
S - P 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF
O - D 2x4 DRY No.2 SPF
O - L 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF
L - J 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF

BEARING BLOCKS
BL1 2x6 DRY No.2 SPF

ALL WEBS 2x3 DRY No.2 SPF
EXCEPT
E - M 2x4 DRY No.2 SPF

DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.

PLATES (table is in inches)
JT TYPE PLATES W LEN Y X
A TBMK1*-I MT20 8.0 9.0 4.50 1.25
B TMVW-t MT20 4.0 6.0
C TTWW-I MT20 5.0 8.0 2.75 5.25
D TMV+p MT20 2.0 4.0
E TTWWW+p MT20 8.0 9.0 Edge
F TTW+p MT20 4.0 6.0 2.50 2.00
G TMVW-t MT20 4.0 6.0
H TMVW+p MT20 5.0 6.0 Edge 3.00
J BMV1+p MT20 3.0 4.0 2.00
K BMW-t MT20 4.0 6.0 2.00 2.00
L BS-t MT20 4.0 6.0
M BMWWW-t MT20 6.0 7.0 2.25 3.50
N BMW-t MT20 4.0 10.0 2.25 4.00
O BMV+p MT20 2.0 4.0
P BVMWWW-I MT20 8.0 12.0 4.50 4.75
Q BMW-t MT20 4.0 6.0
R BMW+w MT20 2.0 4.0

Edge - INDICATES REFERENCE CORNER OF PLATE TOUCHES EDGE OF CHORD.

DIMENSIONS, SUPPORTS AND LOADINGS SPECIFIED BY FABRICATOR TO BE VERIFIED BY BUILDING DESIGNER
BEARINGS
FACTORED MAXIMUM FACTORED INPUT REQ'D
GROSS REACTION GROSS REACTION BRG BRG
VERT HORZ DOWN HORZ UPLIFT IN-SX IN-SX
JT A 3057 0 3057 0 0 5-8 3-5
J 2481 0 2481 0 0 5-8 4-9

UNFACTORED REACTIONS
1ST LCASE MAX /MIN. COMPONENT REACTIONS
JT COMBINED SNOW LIVE PERM.LIVE WIND DEAD SOIL
A 2171 1372 / 0 0 / 0 0 / 0 799 / 0 0 / 0
J 1755 1149 / 0 0 / 0 0 / 0 607 / 0 0 / 0

BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) A, J

BRACING
TOP CHORD TO BE SHEATHED OR MAX. PURLIN SPACING = 3.12 FT.
MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 6.25 FT OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED.
ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE Laterally RESTRAINED.
2x4 DRY SPF No.2 T-BRACE AT E-M
FASTEN T AND I-BRACES TO NARROW EDGE OF WEB WITH ONE ROW PER PLY OF 3"
COMMON WIRE NAILS @ 6" O.C. WITH 3" MINIMUM END DISTANCE. BRACE MUST COVER 90% OF WEB LENGTH.
END VERTICAL(S) MUST BE SHEATHED OR HAVE BRACES AS INDICATED IN THE MAX. UNBRACED LENGTH COLUMN OF THE TABLE BELOW

LOADING
TOTAL LOAD CASES: (4)

CHORDS				WEBS			
MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)	MAX LC1 CSI (LC)	MAX UNBRAC LENGTH FR-TO	MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	MAX CSI (LC)
FR-TO		FROM	TO		FR-TO		
A-U	-4964 / 0	-78.0	-78.0 0.23 (1)	3.71	R-B	-5 / 85	0.03 (4)
U-B	-4987 / 0	-78.0	-78.0 0.27 (1)	3.67	B-Q	-301 / 0	0.10 (1)
B-C	-4728 / 0	-78.0	-78.0 0.21 (1)	3.83	Q-C	0 / 635	0.16 (1)
C-V	-5178 / 0	-153.5	-153.5 0.68 (1)	3.12	C-P	0 / 1566	0.39 (1)
V-D	-5178 / 0	-78.0	-78.0 0.68 (1)	3.12	P-N	0 / 3156	0.78 (1)
D-E	-5160 / 0	-78.0	-78.0 0.48 (1)	3.38	P-E	0 / 2860	0.71 (1)
E-F	-2390 / 0	-78.0	-78.0 0.18 (1)	4.26	N-E	-753 / 0	0.62 (1)
F-G	-2398 / 0	-78.0	-78.0 0.35 (1)	4.08	E-M	-2989 / 0	0.92 (1)
G-H	-2034 / 0	-78.0	-78.0 0.32 (1)	4.41	M-F	0 / 2431	0.60 (1)
H-I	0 / 35	-78.0	-78.0 0.16 (1)	10.00	M-G	0 / 453	0.11 (1)
J-H	-2445 / 0	0.0	0.0 0.40 (1)	5.42	K-G	-946 / 0	0.50 (1)
					K-H	0 / 2002	0.50 (1)
					T-U	-188 / 0	0.00 (1)
S-A	-25 / 0	-124.8	-124.8 0.00 (1)	6.25			
A-T	0 / 4170	-36.4	-36.4 0.66 (1)	10.00			
T-R	0 / 4170	-36.4	-36.4 0.70 (1)	10.00			
R-Q	0 / 4170	-36.4	-36.4 0.79 (1)	10.00			
Q-W	0 / 3935	-36.4	-36.4 0.94 (1)	10.00			
W-P	0 / 3935	-18.5	-18.5 0.94 (1)	10.00			
O-P	0 / 48	0.0	0.0 0.15 (1)	10.00			
P-D	-821 / 0	0.0	0.0 0.38 (1)	7.81			
O-N	0 / 64	-18.5	-18.5 0.07 (4)	10.00			
N-M	0 / 3090	-18.5	-18.5 0.44 (1)	10.00			
M-L	0 / 1708	-18.5	-18.5 0.27 (1)	10.00			
L-K	0 / 1708	-18.5	-18.5 0.27 (1)	10.00			
K-J	0 / 0	-18.5	-18.5 0.04 (4)	10.00			

FACTORED CONCENTRATED LOADS (LBS)
JT LOC. LC1 MAX- MAX+ FACE DIR. TYPE HEEL CONN.
C 8-0-8 -457 -457 --- FRONT VERT TOTAL --- C1
W 14-2-7 -1258 -1258 --- FRONT VERT TOTAL --- C1

CONNECTION REQUIREMENTS
1) C1: A SUITABLE HANGER/MECHANICAL CONNECTION IS REQUIRED.

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2



*** SPECIAL LOADS ANALYSIS ***
GEOMETRY AND/OR BASIC LOADS CHANGED BY USER.
LOADS WERE DERIVED FROM USER INPUT
NO FURTHER MODIFICATIONS WERE MADE

SPECIFIED LOADS:
TOP CH. LL = 21.0 PSF DL = 6.0 PSF
BOT CH. LL = 0.0 PSF DL = 7.4 PSF
TOTAL LOAD = 34.4 PSF

SPACING = 24.0 IN./C/C

LOADING IN ALL FLAT SECTIONS BASED ON A SLOPE OF 2.00/12 MINIMUM

GIRDER TYPE: CPrimeHip
LEFT SETBACK = 8-0-8
RIGHT SETBACK = 8-6-0
END SETBACK = 5-10-8
END WALL WIDTH = 0-0
CORNER FRAMING TYPE: CONVENTIONAL
END JACK TYPE: CONVENTIONAL
APPLIED TO FRONT SIDE
- ADDTL LOADS BASED ON 55 % OF GSL.
LOADS APPLIED TO FIRST 14-1-0 OF SPAN MEASURED FROM THE LEFT.

*** NON STANDARD GIRDER ***
ADDTL USER-DEFINED LOADS APPLIED TO ALL LOAD CASES.

THIS TRUSS IS DESIGNED FOR RESIDENTIAL OR SMALL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS OF PART 9, NBCC 2015

THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH:
- PART 9 OF CBC 2018 , ABC 2019
- PART 9 OF OBC 2012 (2019 AMENDMENT)
- CSA 086-14
- TPIC 2014

(55 % OF 23.0 P.S.F. G.S.L. PLUS 8.4 P.S.F. RAIN LOAD) EQUALS 21.0 P.S.F. SPECIFIED ROOF LIVE LOAD

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/360 (1.01")
CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL) = L/ 999 (0.21")
ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/360 (1.01")
CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL) = L/ 909 (0.40")

CANTILEVER DEFLECTION:
ALLOWABLE DEFL

JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
343291	H13	1		JT 45147	E22052038

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

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ID:N8SIOON96W7G9F ecZrXrqzOnZF-vCLDz2H7gPMqXFiwWk6qqBx?JlDKhTX?feMq7Gz6P

0-0 4-11-7 4-11-7 4-8-15 9-8-6 6-6-0 16-2-6 6-6-0 22-8-6 3-10-0 26-6-6 4-0-8 30-6-14 1-6-8 32-1-6
Scale = 1:51.4

NUMBER	N. L. G. A. RULES	CHORDS	SIZE	LUMBER	DESCR.	DIMENSIONS, SUPPORTS AND LOADINGS SUBJECTED TO BE VERIFIED BY BUILDING DESIGNER	DESIGN NOTES
A - C	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	FACTORED GROSS REACTION	FACTORED GROSS REACTION	SPECIFIED LOADS:
C - E	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	VERT	DOWN	TOP CH. LL = 21.0 PSF
E - H	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	HORIZ	HORIZ	DL = 6.0 PSF
O - A	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF		UPLIFT	BOT CH. LL = 0.0 PSF
I - G	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF		MECHANICAL	DL = 7.4 PSF
O - L	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF			TOTAL LOAD = 34.4 PSF
L - I	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF			
ALL WEBS EXCEPT	2x3	DRY	No.2	SPF			SPACING = 24.0 IN. C/C
DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.							LOADING IN FLAT SECTION BASED ON A SLOPE OF 2.00/12 MINIMUM
							THIS TRUSS IS DESIGNED FOR RESIDENTIAL OR SMALL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS OF PART 9, NBCC 2015
							THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH: - PART 9 OF CBC 2018, ABC 2019 - PART 9 OF OBC 2012 (2019 AMENDMENT) - CSA 086-14 - TPIC 2014
							(55 % OF 23.0 P.S.F. G.S.L. PLUS 8.4 P.S.F. RAIN LOAD) EQUALS 21.0 P.S.F. SPECIFIED ROOF LIVE LOAD
							ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/360 (1.02") CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL) = L/ 999 (0.05") ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/360 (1.02") CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL) = L/ 999 (0.14")
							CSI: TC=0.46/1.00 (C-D:1) , BC=0.37/1.00 (J-K:4) , WB=0.85/1.00 (D-K:1) , SSI=0.25/1.00 (C-D:1)
							DOL LUMBER=1.00 NAIL=1.00 LS BEND=1.10 COMP=1.10 SHEAR=1.10 TENS= 1.10
							COMPANION LIVE LOAD FACTOR = 1.00
							TRUSS PLATE MANUFACTURER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR QUALITY CONTROL IN THE TRUSS MANUFACTURING PLANT .
							NAIL VALUES PLATE GRIP(DRY) SHEAR SECTION (PSI) (PLI) (PLI) MAX MIN MAX MIN MAX MIN MT20 650 371 1747 788 1987 1873
							PLATE PLACEMENT TOL. = 0.250 inches
							PLATE ROTATION TOL. = 5.0 Deg.
							JSI GRIP= 0.87 (E) (INPUT = 0.90) JSI METAL= 0.40 (A) (INPUT = 1.00)

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE
2X4 SPF#2



343291

H15

1

TRUSS DESC.

JT 45147

E22052040

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

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ID:N8SiOON96W7G9F ecZrXrqzOnZF-Kn1Mb4J0yKkEOjRVBsqXlpZUhzEGuxOSLcaUkbz6P7

0-0

6-11-7

6-11-7

6-8-15

13-8-6

5-0-0

18-8-6

5-10-0

24-6-6

6-0-8

30-6-14

32-1-6

Scale = 1:51.3

Diagram of a roof truss structure. The truss is symmetrical and consists of several members labeled T1 through T10 and W1 through W10. The truss is supported by a 2x4 at the left end and a 2x4 at the right end. The total weight is 154 lb.

0-0

6-11-7

6-11-7

6-8-15

13-8-6

5-0-0

18-8-6

5-10-0

24-6-6

6-0-8

30-6-14

5-8

0-0

6-11-7

6-11-7

6-8-15

13-8-6

5-0-0

18-8-6

5-10-0

24-6-6

6-0-8

30-6-14

TOTAL WEIGHT = 154 lb

N. L. G. A. RULES

CHORDS

SIZE

LUMBER

DESCR.

A - C

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

C - D

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

D - E

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

E - F

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

F - I

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

P - A

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

J - H

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

P - M

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

M - J

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

ALL WEBS EXCEPT

2x3

DRY

No.2

SPF

N - D

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

N - E

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

L - E

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.

PLATES (table is in inches)

JT

TYPE

PLATES

W

LEN

Y

X

A

TMVW-t

MT20

4.0

6.0

1.75

Edge

B

TMVW-t

MT20

4.0

6.0

C

TS-t

MT20

4.0

6.0

Edge 3.00

D

TTW-h

MT20

4.0

6.0

1.75

3.00

E

TTWW-h

MT20

5.0

6.0

1.50

2.25

F

TS-t

MT20

4.0

6.0

Edge 3.00

G

TMVW-t

MT20

4.0

6.0

H

TMVW-t

MT20

4.0

6.0

1.75

3.00

J

BMV1+p

MT20

2.0

4.0

K

BMVW-t

MT20

4.0

6.0

L

BMVW-t

MT20

4.0

6.0

M

BS-t

MT20

4.0

6.0

N

BMVW-t

MT20

5.0

8.0

O

BMVW-t

MT20

4.0

6.0

2.00

2.75

P

BMV1+p

MT20

2.0

4.0

Edge - INDICATES REFERENCE CORNER OF PLATE TOUCHES EDGE OF CHORD.

DIMENSIONS, SUPPORTS AND LOADINGS SPECIFIED BY FABRICATOR TO BE VERIFIED BY BUILDING DESIGNER

BEARINGS

FACTORED

MAXIMUM FACTORED

INPUT

REQRD

GROSS REACTION

GROSS REACTION

BRG

BRG

VERT

HORZ

DOWN

HORZ

UPLIFT

IN-SX

IN-SX

P

1475

0

1475

0

0

MECHANICAL

J

1601

0

1601

0

0

5-8

1-12

A SUITABLE HANGER/MECHANICAL CONNECTION IS REQUIRED AT JOINT P. MINIMUM BEARING LENGTH AT JOINT P = 1-10.

UNFACTORED REACTIONS

1ST LCASE

MAX./MIN.

COMPONENT REACTIONS

JT

LC COMBINED

SNOW

LIVE

PERM.LIVE

WIND

DEAD

SOIL

P

1051

642 / 0

0 / 0

0 / 0

0 / 0

410 / 0

0 / 0

J

1139

710 / 0

0 / 0

0 / 0

0 / 0

429 / 0

0 / 0

BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) J

BRACING

TOP CHORD TO BE SHEATHED OR MAX. PURLIN SPACING = 4.55 FT.

MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 10.00 FT OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED.

ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE LATERALLY RESTRAINED.

1 LATERAL BRACE(S) AT 1/ 2 LENGTH OF B-N, G-L.

END VERTICAL(S) MUST BE SHEATHED OR HAVE BRACES AS INDICATED IN THE MAX. UNBRACED LENGTH COLUMN OF THE TABLE BELOW

LOADING

TOTAL LOAD CASES: (4)

CHORDS

MAX. FACTORED

FACTORED

VERT. LOAD

LC1

MAX

MAX.

UNBRAC

WEBS

MAX. FACTORED

MEMB.

FORCE

MAX

MEMB.

FORCE

MAX

FR-TO

FROM

TO

LENGTH

FR-TO

FROM

TO

LENGTH

FR-TO

FROM

TO

LENGTH

A - B

-1612 / 0

-78.0

-78.0

0.58

(1)

4.55

O - B

-156 / 48

0.11

(1)

B - C

-1293 / 0

-78.0

-78.0

0.53

(1)

5.00

B - N

-439 / 0

0.26

(1)

C - D

-1293 / 0

-78.0

-78.0

0.53

(1)

5.00

N - D

0 / 307

0.05

(1)

D - E

-1048 / 0

-78.0

-78.0

0.26

(1)

5.83

N - E

0 / 100

0.02

(1)

E - F

-1240 / 0

-78.0

-78.0

0.39

(1)

5.31

L - E

0 / 216

0.04

(4)

F - G

-1240 / 0

-78.0

-78.0

0.39

(1)

5.31

L - G

-168 / 0

0.09

(1)

G - H

-1309 / 0

-78.0

-78.0

0.40

(1)

5.19

K - G

-379 / 0

0.33

(1)

H - I

0 / 35

-78.0

-78.0

0.15

(1)

10.00

A - O

0 / 1404

0.32

(1)

P - A

-1423 / 0

0.0

0.0

0.16

(1)

6.84

K - H

0 / 1225

0.28

(1)

J - H

-1556 / 0

0.0

0.0

0.26

(1)

6.61

P - O

0 / 0

-18.5

-18.5

0.22

(4)

10.00

O - N

0 / 1371

-18.5

-18.5

0.35

(4)

10.00

N - M

0 / 1007

-18.5

-18.5

0.23

(1)

10.00

M - L

0 / 1007

-18.5

-18.5

0.23

(1)

10.00

L - K

0 / 1115

-18.5

-18.5

0.27

(4)

10.00

K - J

0 / 0

-18.5

-18.5

0.17

(4)

10.00

DESIGN CRITERIA

SPECIFIED LOADS:

TOP CH.

LL

=

21.0

PSF

DL

=

6.0

PSF

BOT CH.

LL

=

0.0

PSF

DL

=

7.4

PSF

TOTAL LOAD

=

34.4

PSF

SPACING = 24.0 IN. C/C

LOADING IN FLAT SECTION BASED ON A SLOPE OF 2.00/12 MINIMUM

THIS TRUSS IS DESIGNED FOR RESIDENTIAL OR SMALL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS OF PART 9, NBCC 2015

THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH:

- PART 9 OF CBC 2018 , ABC 2019

- PART 9 OF OBC 2012 (2019 AMENDMENT)

- CSA 086-14

- TPIC 2014

(55 % OF 23.0 P.S.F. G.S.L. PLUS 8.4 P.S.F. RAIN LOAD) EQUALS 21.0 P.S.F. SPECIFIED ROOF LIVE LOAD

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/360 (1.02")

CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL) = L/ 999 (0.05")

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/360 (1.02")

CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL) = L/ 999 (0.11")

CSI: TC=0.58/1.00 (A-B:1) , BC=0.35/1.00 (N-O:4) , WB=0.33/1.00 (G-K:1) , SSI=0.22/1.00 (A-B:1)

DOL LUMBER=1.00 NAIL=1.00 LS BEND=1.10

COMP=1.10 SHEAR=1.10 TENS=1.10

COMPANION LIVE LOAD FACTOR = 1.00

TRUSS PLATE MANUFACTURER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR QUALITY CONTROL IN THE TRUSS MANUFACTURING PLANT .

NAIL VALUES

PLATE GRIP(DRY) SHEAR SECTION

(PSI) (PLI) (PLI)

MAX MIN MAX MIN MAX MIN

MT20 650 371 1747 788 1987 1873

PLATE PLACEMENT TOL. = 0.250 inches

PLATE ROTATION TOL. = 5.0 Deg.

JSI GRIP= 0.86 (O) (INPUT = 0.90)

JSI METAL= 0.42 (A) (INPUT = 1.00)

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE
2X4 SPF#2



JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
343291	J01	1		JT 45147	E22052044

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

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ID:N8SiOON96W7G9F ecZrXrqzOnZF-8xOds7OnYAUO6eueX7nxY4pX4NK3lk2KkY1oxFz6P

The diagram illustrates a structural truss assembly. Key components include:

- Members:** A (top chord), B (bottom chord), C (vertical support), D (horizontal support), E (diagonal bracing), W1 (vertical post), T1 (top chord), and B1 (bottom chord).
- Dimensions:**
 - Horizontal spans: -1-6-8, 1-6-8, 0-0, 5-10-8, 5-10-8, 5-10-8.
 - Vertical heights: 5-5-13, 1-6-13, 5-0-10, 5-5-13.
 - Member length: 8.00' @ 12°.
- Labels:** 2x4 II (wood framing), 5-8, 1-8, 5-3-8.

Scale = 1:25.2

TOTAL WEIGHT = 25 X 18 = 459 lb

LUMBER

N. L. G. A. RULES

CHORDS SIZE

E - B 2x4 DRY

A - C 2x4 DRY

E - D 2x4 DRY

LUMBER

No.2

No.2

No.2

DESCR.

SPF

SPF

SPF

DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.

PLATES (table is in inches)

JT	TYPE	PLATES	W	LEN	Y	X
B	TMV+p	MT20	2.0	4.0		
E	BMV1+p	MT20	2.0	4.0		

DIMENSIONS, SUPPORTS AND LOADINGS SPECIFIED BY FABRICATOR TO BE VERIFIED BY BUILDING DESIGNER

BEARINGS

	FACTORED GROSS REACTION	MAXIMUM FACTORED GROSS REACTION	INPUT BRG	REQRD BRG
JT	VERT HORZ	DOWN HORZ	UPLIFT	IN-SX IN-SX
E	475 0	475 0	0	5-8 1-8
C	172 0	172 0	0	1-8 1-8
D	46 0	52 0	0	1-8 1-8

SEE MITEK STANDARD DETAIL MSD2015-H FOR CONNECTION TO JOINT(S) C , D

UNFACTORED REACTIONS

1ST LCASE	MAX./MIN. COMPONENT REACTIONS						
JT	COMBINED	SNOW	LIVE	PERM.LIVE	WIND	DEAD	SOIL
E	336	222 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	114 / 0	0 / 0
C	119	93 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	26 / 0	0 / 0
D	37	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	37 / 0	0 / 0

BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) E

BRACING

TOP CHORD TO BE SHEATHED OR MAX. PURLIN SPACING = 6.25 FT.

MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 10.00 FT OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED.

ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE Laterally RESTRAINED.

LOADING

TOTAL LOAD CASES: (4)

C H O R D S					W E B S				
MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)	LC1 MAX	MAX. UNBRAC LENGTH	MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	MAX CSI (LC)		
FR-TO		FROM TO			FR-TO				
E-B	-413 / 0	0.0 0.0	0.11 (4)	7.81					
A-B	0 / 35	-78.0 -78.0	0.15 (1)	10.00					
B-C	-32 / 0	-78.0 -78.0	0.46 (1)	6.25					
E-D	0 / 0	-18.5 -18.5	0.13 (4)	10.00					

DESIGN CRITERIA

SPECIFIED LOADS:

TOP	CH.	LL	=	21.0	PSF
		DL	=	6.0	PSF
BOT	CH.	LL	=	0.0	PSF
		DL	=	7.4	PSF
TOTAL	LOAD	=	34.4	PSF	

SPACING = 24.0 IN.C/C

THIS TRUSS IS DESIGNED FOR RESIDENTIAL OR SMALL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS OF PART 9, NBCC 2015

THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH:

- PART 9 OF BCBC 2018 , ABC 2019

- PART 9 OF OBC 2012 (2019 AMENDMENT)

- CSA 086-14

- TPIC 2014

DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS

-OVERHANG NOT TO BE ALTERED OR CUT OFF.

(55 % OF 23.0 P.S.F. G.S.L. PLUS 8.4 P.S.F. RAIN LOAD) EQUALS 21.0 P.S.F. SPECIFIED ROOF LIVE LOAD

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/360 (0.20")

CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL) = L/ 999 (0.00")

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/360 (0.20")

CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL) = L/ 999 (0.03")

CSI: TC=0.46/1.00 (B-C:1) , BC=0.13/1.00 (D-E:4) , WB=0.00/1.00 (n/a:0) , SSI=0.19/1.00 (B-C:1)

DOL LUMBER=1.00 NAIL=1.00 LS BEND=1.10

COMP=1.10 SHEAR=1.10 TENS= 1.10

COMPANION LIVE LOAD FACTOR = 1.00

AUTOSOLVE RIGHT HEEL ONLY

TRUSS PLATE MANUFACTURER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR QUALITY CONTROL IN THE TRUSS MANUFACTURING PLANT .

NAIL VALUES

PLATE	GRIP(DRY)	SHEAR	SECTION
	(PSI)	(PLI)	(PLI)
	MAX	MIN	MAX
MT20	650	371	1747
	788	1987	1873

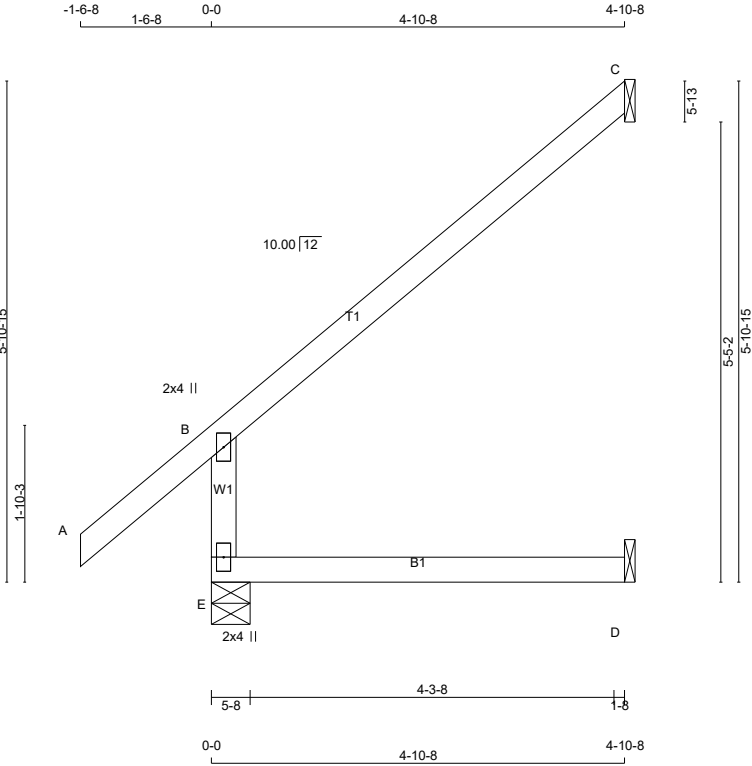
PLATE PLACEMENT TOL. = 0.250 inches

PLATE ROTATION TOL. = 5.0 Deg.

JSI GRIP= 0.25 (B) (INPUT = 0.90)

JSI METAL= 0.21 (B) (INPUT = 1.00)

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2



TOTAL WEIGHT = 8 X 17 = 136 lb

LUMBER					
N. L. G. A. RULES					
CHORDS	SIZE		LUMBER	DESCR.	
E - B	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	
A - C	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	
E - D	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	

DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.

PLATES (table is in inches)					
JT	TYPE	PLATES	W	LEN	Y X
B	TMV+p	MT20	2.0	4.0	
E	BMV1+p	MT20	2.0	4.0	

DIMENSIONS, SUPPORTS AND LOADINGS SPECIFIED BY FABRICATOR TO BE VERIFIED BY BUILDING DESIGNER

JT	FACTORED GROSS REACTION		MAXIMUM FACTORED GROSS REACTION		INPUT BRG IN-SX	REQRD BRG IN-SX
	VERT	HORZ	DOWN	HORZ		
E	416	0	416	0	5-8	1-8
C	143	0	143	0	1-8	1-8
D	39	0	44	0	1-8	1-8

SEE MITEK STANDARD DETAIL MSD2015-H FOR CONNECTION TO JOINT(S) C , D

UNFACTORED REACTIONS

JT	1ST LCASE COMBINED	MAX./MIN. COMPONENT REACTIONS				DEAD	SOIL
		SNOW	LIVE	PERM.LIVE	WIND		
E	293	196 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	97 / 0	0 / 0
C	99	77 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	22 / 0	0 / 0
D	31	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	31 / 0	0 / 0

BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) E

BRACING

TOP CHORD TO BE SHEATHED OR MAX. PURLIN SPACING = 6.25 FT.
MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 10.00 FT OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED.

ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE Laterally RESTRAINED.

LOADING

TOTAL LOAD CASES: (4)

CHORDS				WEBS			
MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)	LC1 MAX CSI (LC)	MAX. UNBRAC LENGTH	MEMB. FR-TO	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	MAX CSI (LC)
FR-TO		FROM	TO				
E- B	-365 / 0	0.0	0.0	0.07 (4)	7.81		
A- B	0 / 41	-78.0	-78.0	0.15 (1)	10.00		
B- C	-30 / 0	-78.0	-78.0	0.32 (1)	6.25		
E- D	0 / 0	-18.5	-18.5	0.10 (4)	10.00		

DESIGN CRITERIA

SPECIFIED LOADS:
TOP CH. LL = 21.0 PSF
DL = 6.0 PSF
BOT CH. LL = 0.0 PSF
DL = 7.4 PSF
TOTAL LOAD = 34.4 PSF

SPACING = 24.0 IN. C/C

THIS TRUSS IS DESIGNED FOR RESIDENTIAL OR SMALL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS OF PART 9, NBCC 2015

THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH:
- PART 9 OF BCBC 2018 , ABC 2019
- PART 9 OF OBC 2012 (2019 AMENDMENT)
- CSA 086-14
- TPIC 2014

DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS
-OVERHANG NOT TO BE ALTERED OR CUT OFF.

(55 % OF 23.0 P.S.F. G.S.L. PLUS 8.4 P.S.F. RAIN LOAD) EQUALS 21.0 P.S.F. SPECIFIED ROOF LIVE LOAD

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/360 (0.19")
CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL) = L/ 999 (0.00")
ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/360 (0.19")
CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL) = L/ 999 (0.02")

CSI: TC=0.32/1.00 (B-C:1) , BC=0.10/1.00 (D-E:4) ,
WB=0.00/1.00 (n/a:0) , SSI=0.14/1.00 (B-C:1)

DOL LUMBER=1.00 NAIL=1.00 LS BEND=1.10
COMP=1.10 SHEAR=1.10 TENS= 1.10

COMPANION LIVE LOAD FACTOR = 1.00

AUTOSOLVE RIGHT HEEL ONLY

TRUSS PLATE MANUFACTURER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR QUALITY CONTROL IN THE TRUSS MANUFACTURING PLANT .

NAIL VALUES
PLATE GRIP(DRY) SHEAR SECTION (PSI) (PLI) (PLI)
MAX MIN MAX MIN MAX MIN
MT20 650 371 1747 788 1987 1873

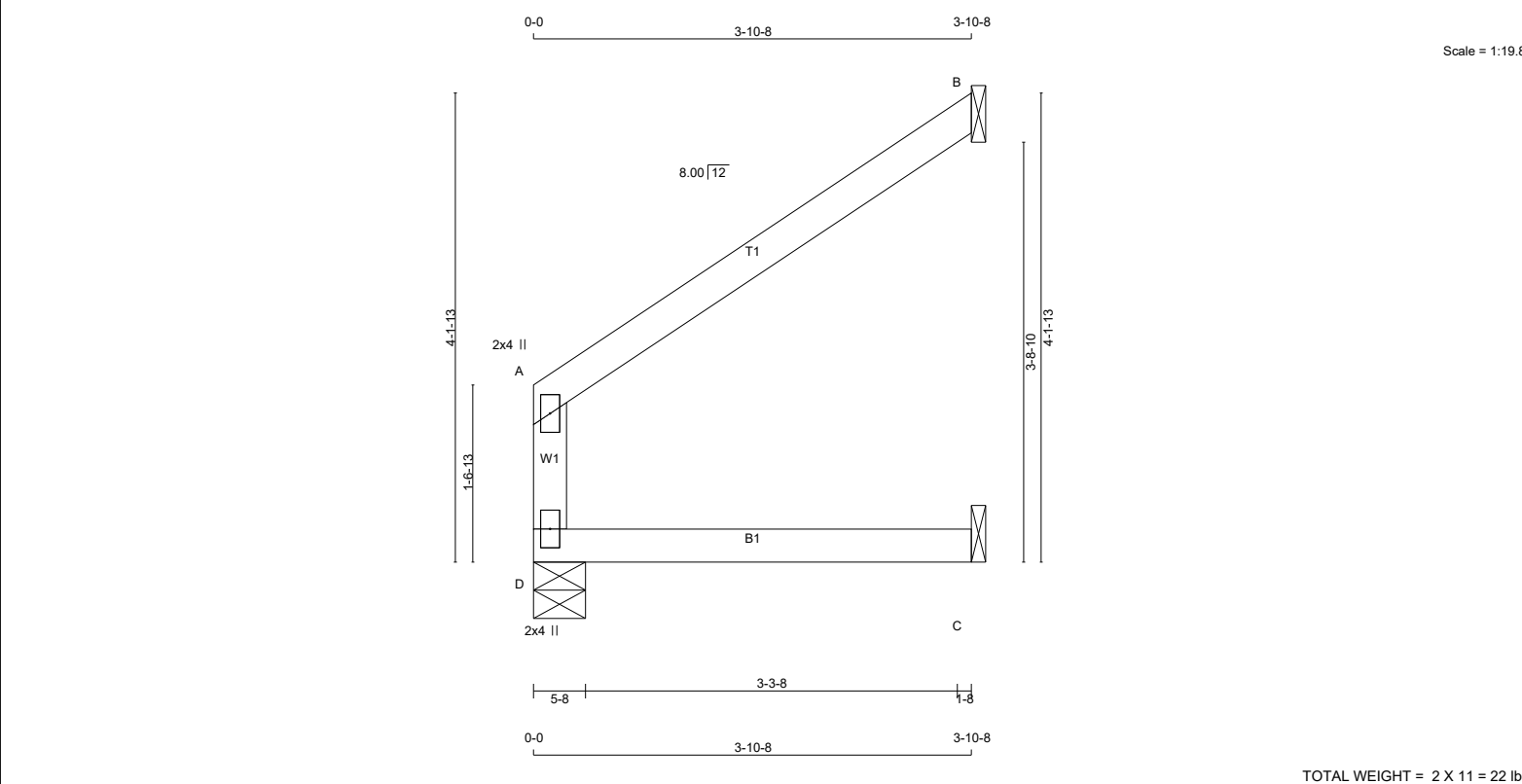
PLATE PLACEMENT TOL. = 0.250 inches

PLATE ROTATION TOL. = 5.0 Deg.

JSI GRIP= 0.25 (B) (INPUT = 0.90)
JSI METAL= 0.19 (B) (INPUT = 1.00)

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2





LUMBER N. L. G. A. RULES <table><tr><th>CHORDS</th><th>SIZE</th><th>LUMBER</th><th>DESCR.</th></tr><tr><td>D - A</td><td>2x4</td><td>DRY No.2</td><td>SPF</td></tr><tr><td>A - B</td><td>2x4</td><td>DRY No.2</td><td>SPF</td></tr><tr><td>D - C</td><td>2x4</td><td>DRY No.2</td><td>SPF</td></tr></table> DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.					CHORDS	SIZE	LUMBER	DESCR.	D - A	2x4	DRY No.2	SPF	A - B	2x4	DRY No.2	SPF	D - C	2x4	DRY No.2	SPF	DIMENSIONS, SUPPORTS AND LOADINGS SPECIFIED BY FABRICATOR TO BE VERIFIED BY BUILDING DESIGNER BEARINGS <table><tr><th>JT</th><th>FACTORED GROSS REACTION</th><th>MAXIMUM FACTORED GROSS REACTION</th><th>INPUT BRG</th><th>REQRD BRG</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>VERT</th><th>HORZ</th><th>DOWN</th><th>HORZ</th><th>UPLIFT</th><th>IN-SX</th><th>IN-SX</th></tr><tr><td>D</td><td>187</td><td>0</td><td>187</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>5-8</td><td>1-8</td></tr><tr><td>B</td><td>140</td><td>0</td><td>140</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1-8</td><td>1-8</td></tr><tr><td>C</td><td>47</td><td>0</td><td>47</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1-8</td><td>1-8</td></tr></table> SEE MITEK STANDARD DETAIL MSD2015-H FOR CONNECTION TO JOINT(S) B , C UNFACTORED REACTIONS <table><tr><th>JT</th><th>1ST LCASE</th><th>SNOW</th><th>LIVE</th><th>PERM.LIVE</th><th>WIND</th><th>DEAD</th><th>SOIL</th></tr><tr><td>D</td><td>133</td><td>81 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>52 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td></tr><tr><td>B</td><td>97</td><td>74 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>23 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td></tr><tr><td>C</td><td>36</td><td>8 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>29 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td></tr></table> BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) D BRACING TOP CHORD TO BE SHEATHED OR MAX. PURLIN SPACING = 10.00 FT. MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 10.00 FT OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED. ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE Laterally RESTRAINED. LOADING TOTAL LOAD CASES: (4) <table><tr><th colspan="4">CHORDS</th><th colspan="4">WEBS</th></tr><tr><th>MEMB.</th><th>MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)</th><th>FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)</th><th>LC1 MAX CSI (LC)</th><th>MAX. UNBRAC LENGTH</th><th>MEMB. FR-TO</th><th>MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)</th><th>MAX CSI (LC)</th></tr><tr><td>D- A</td><td>-163 / 0</td><td>0.0</td><td>0.0</td><td>0.05 (1)</td><td>7.81</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>A- B</td><td>-6 / 0</td><td>-78.0</td><td>-78.0</td><td>0.16 (1)</td><td>10.00</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>D- C</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>-18.5</td><td>-18.5</td><td>0.08 (1)</td><td>10.00</td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>					JT	FACTORED GROSS REACTION	MAXIMUM FACTORED GROSS REACTION	INPUT BRG	REQRD BRG		VERT	HORZ	DOWN	HORZ	UPLIFT	IN-SX	IN-SX	D	187	0	187	0	0	5-8	1-8	B	140	0	140	0	0	1-8	1-8	C	47	0	47	0	0	1-8	1-8	JT	1ST LCASE	SNOW	LIVE	PERM.LIVE	WIND	DEAD	SOIL	D	133	81 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	52 / 0	0 / 0	B	97	74 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	23 / 0	0 / 0	C	36	8 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	29 / 0	0 / 0	CHORDS				WEBS				MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)	LC1 MAX CSI (LC)	MAX. UNBRAC LENGTH	MEMB. FR-TO	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	MAX CSI (LC)	D- A	-163 / 0	0.0	0.0	0.05 (1)	7.81			A- B	-6 / 0	-78.0	-78.0	0.16 (1)	10.00			D- C	0 / 0	-18.5	-18.5	0.08 (1)	10.00			DESIGN CRITERIA SPECIFIED LOADS: <table><tr><td>TOP CH.</td><td>LL</td><td>=</td><td>21.0</td><td>PSF</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DL</td><td>=</td><td>6.0</td><td>PSF</td></tr><tr><td>BOT CH.</td><td>LL</td><td>=</td><td>0.0</td><td>PSF</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>DL</td><td>=</td><td>7.4</td><td>PSF</td></tr><tr><td>TOTAL LOAD</td><td>=</td><td>34.4</td><td>PSF</td><td></td></tr></table> SPACING = 24.0 IN. C/C THIS TRUSS IS DESIGNED FOR RESIDENTIAL OR SMALL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS OF PART 9, NBCC 2015 THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH: - PART 9 OF BCBC 2018 , ABC 2019 - PART 9 OF OBC 2012 (2019 AMENDMENT) - CSA 086-14 - TPIC 2014 (55 % OF 23.0 P.S.F. G.S.L. PLUS 8.4 P.S.F. RAIN LOAD) EQUALS 21.0 P.S.F. SPECIFIED ROOF LIVE LOAD ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/360 (0.19") CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL) = L/ 999 (0.01") ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/360 (0.19") CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL) = L/ 999 (0.02") CSI: TC=0.16/1.00 (A-B:1) , BC=0.08/1.00 (C-D:1) , WB=0.00/1.00 (n/a:0) , SSI=0.11/1.00 (A-B:1) DOL LUMBER=1.00 NAIL=1.00 LS BEND=1.10 COMP=1.10 SHEAR=1.10 TENS= 1.10 COMPANION LIVE LOAD FACTOR = 1.00 TRUSS PLATE MANUFACTURER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR QUALITY CONTROL IN THE TRUSS MANUFACTURING PLANT . NAIL VALUES <table><tr><th>PLATE</th><th>GRIP(DRY)</th><th>SHEAR (PSI)</th><th>SECTION (PLI)</th></tr><tr><td></td><td>MAX</td><td>MIN</td><td>MAX</td></tr><tr><td>MT20</td><td>650</td><td>371</td><td>1747</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>788</td><td>1987</td><td>1873</td></tr></table> PLATE PLACEMENT TOL. = 0.250 inches PLATE ROTATION TOL. = 5.0 Deg. JSI GRIP= 0.10 (A) (INPUT = 0.90) JSI METAL= 0.08 (A) (INPUT = 1.00)	TOP CH.	LL	=	21.0	PSF		DL	=	6.0	PSF	BOT CH.	LL	=	0.0	PSF		DL	=	7.4	PSF	TOTAL LOAD	=	34.4	PSF		PLATE	GRIP(DRY)	SHEAR (PSI)	SECTION (PLI)		MAX	MIN	MAX	MT20	650	371	1747		788	1987	1873
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LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2

H – Seismic and Hurricane Ties

The H connector series provides wind and seismic ties for trusses and rafters.

Material: 18 gauge **Finish:** G90 galvanized

Design: • Factored resistances are in accordance with CSA O86-14

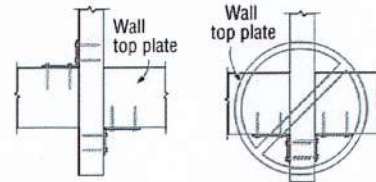
- Factored resistances have been increased 15%. No further increase is permitted.

Installation: • Use all specified fasteners

- Nails: 8d = 0.131" dia. x 2½" long common wire, 8d x 1½" = 0.131" x 1½" long, 10d x 1½" = 0.146" x 1½" long
- H1 can be installed with flanges facing outwards
- Hurricane ties do not replace solid blocking

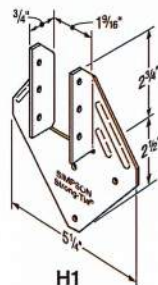
Factored resistances for more than one direction for a single connection cannot be added together. A factored load which can be divided into components in the directions given must be evaluated as follows: Factored Shear/Resisting Shear + Factored Tension/Resisting Tension ≤ 1.0.

Hurricane Tie Installations to Achieve Twice the Load (Top View)

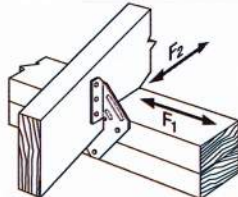


Install diagonally across from each other for minimum 2x truss.

Nailing into both sides of a single ply 2x truss may cause the wood to split.



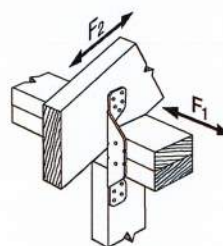
H1



H1 Installation



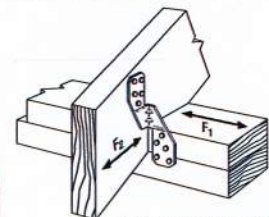
H2A



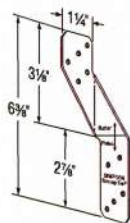
H2A Installation



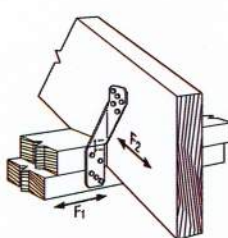
H2.5A



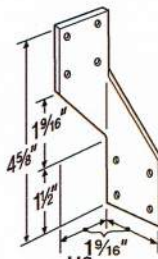
H2.5A Installation



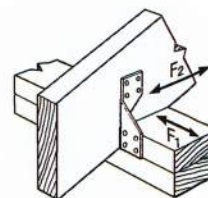
H2.5T



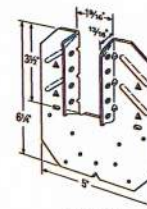
H2.5T Installation
(Nails into both top plates)



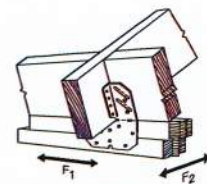
H3



H3 Installation



H10A



H10A Installation

Model No.	Ga.	Fasteners			Factored Resistance (lb.)					
					D.Fir-L			S-P-F		
		To Rafter	To Plates	To Studs	Uplift	Normal		Uplift	Normal	
						F ₁	F ₂		F ₁	F ₂
						(K ₀ =1.15)			(K ₀ =1.15)	
H1	18	(6) 8d x 1½"	(4) 8d	—	740	685	300	680	485	215
H2A	18	(5) 8d x 1½"	(2) 8d x 1½"	(5) 8d x 1½"	830	220	75	590	155	55
H2.5A	18	(5) 8d	(5) 8d	—	805	160	160	755	160	160
H2.5T	18	(5) 8d	(5) 8d	—	835	175	240	740	160	210
H3	18	(4) 8d	(4) 8d	—	740	180	265	615	125	190
H10A	18	(9) 10d x 1½"	(9) 10d x 1½"	—	1735	795	410	1505	565	290

1. Factored resistances have been increased 15% for earthquake or wind loading with no further increase allowed.
2. Factored resistances are for one anchor. A minimum rafter thickness of 2½" must be used when framing anchors are installed on each side of the joist and on the same side of the plate.

3. When cross-grain bending or cross-grain tension cannot be avoided, mechanical reinforcement to resist such forces should be considered.
4. Hurricane ties are shown installed on the outside of the wall for clarity. Installation on the inside of the wall is acceptable. For a Continuous Load Path, connections must be on same side of the wall.



**LIMIT
STATES
DESIGN**

This technical bulletin is effective until June 30, 2022, and reflects information available as of April 1, 2020. This information is updated periodically and should not be relied upon after June 30, 2022. Contact Simpson Strong-Tie for current information and limited warranty or see strongtie.com.

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T-SPECH20 3/20 exp. 6/22

(800) 999-5099
strongtie.com

LUS – Double Shear Joist Hangers



All LUS hangers have double shear nailing. This patented innovation distributes the load through two points on each joist nail for greater strength. It also allows the use of fewer nails, faster installation and the use of common nails for all connections.

Material: 18 gauge

Finish: G90 galvanized

Design:

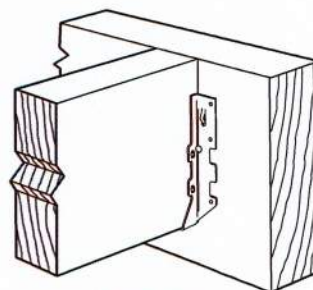
- Factored resistances are in accordance with CSA O86-14.
- Uplift resistances have been increased 15%. No further increase is permitted.
- Wood shear is not considered in the factored resistances given. The specifier must ensure that the joist and header capacities are capable of withstanding these loads.

Installation:

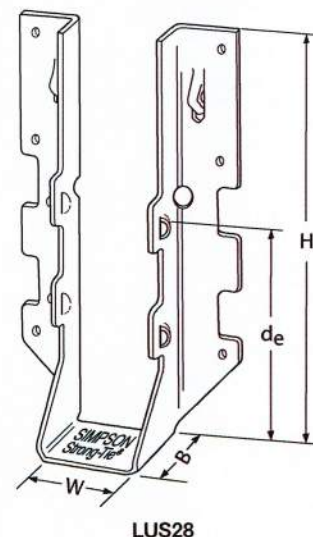
- Use all specified fasteners.
- Nails: 16d = 0.162" dia. x 3½" long common wire, 10d = 0.148" x 3" long common wire.
- Double shear nails must be driven at an angle through the joist or truss into the header to achieve the table loads.
- Not designed for welded or nailer applications.

Options:

- These hangers cannot be modified



Typical LUS Installation



LUS28

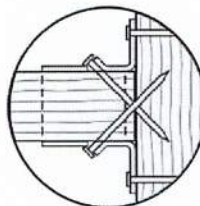
Model No.	Ga.	Dimensions (in.)				Fasteners		Factored Resistance (lb.)			
								D.Fir-L		S-P-F	
		W	H	B	d _e ¹	Face	Joist	Uplift	Normal	Uplift	Normal
								(K _p =1.15)	(K _p =1.00)	(K _p =1.15)	(K _p =1.00)
LUS24	18	1½	3½	1¾	1½	(4) 10d	(2) 10d	710	1630	645	1155
LUS24-2	18	3½	3½	2	1½	(4) 16d	(2) 16d	835	2020	590	1435
LUS26	18	1½	4¾	1¾	3½	(4) 10d	(4) 10d	1420	2170	1290	1630
LUS26-2	18	3½	4¾	2	4	(4) 16d	(4) 16d	1720	2595	1545	1920
LUS26-3	18	4½	4¾	2	3¼	(4) 16d	(4) 16d	1720	2595	1545	2340
LUS28	18	1½	6½	1¾	3¾	(6) 10d	(6) 10d	1420	2520	1290	1790
LUS28-2	18	3½	7	2	4	(6) 16d	(4) 16d	1720	3325	1545	2575
LUS28-3	18	4½	6¼	2	3¼	(6) 16d	(4) 16d	1720	3325	1545	2375
LUS210	18	1½	7½	1¾	3¾	(8) 10d	(4) 10d	1420	2785	1290	2210
LUS210-2	18	3½	9	2	6	(8) 16d	(6) 16d	2580	4500	2320	3195
LUS210-3	18	4½	8¾	2	5¼	(8) 16d	(6) 16d	2580	3345	2320	2375

1. d_e is the distance from the seat of the hanger to the highest joist nail.



Dome Double Shear Nailing prevents tabs breaking off (available on some models).

U.S. Patent 5,603,580



Double Shear Nailing Top View.



LIMIT
STATES
DESIGN

This technical bulletin is effective until June 30, 2022, and reflects information available as of April 1, 2020. This information is updated periodically and should not be relied upon after June 30, 2022. Contact Simpson Strong-Tie for current information and limited warranty or see strongtie.com.

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T-SPECLUS20 3/20 exp. 6/22

(800) 999-5099
strongtie.com

HUS/LJS – Double Shear Joist Hangers

SIMPSON
Strong-Tie®

All hangers have double shear nailing. This patented innovation distributes the load through two points on each joist nail for greater strength. It also allows the use of fewer nails, faster installation and the use of common nails for all connections. Do not bend or remove tabs.

Material: See table

Finish: G90 galvanized

Design:

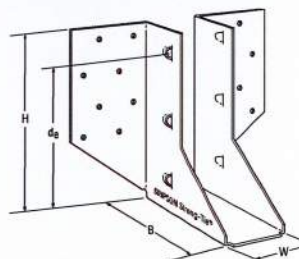
- Factored resistances are in accordance with CSA O86 -14.
- Uplift resistances have been increased 15%. No further increase is permitted.
- Wood shear is not considered in the factored resistances given. The specifier must ensure that the joist and header capacities are capable of withstanding these loads.

Installation:

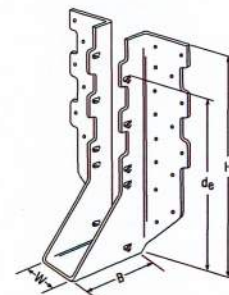
- Use all specified fasteners
- Nails: 16d = 0.162" dia. x 3½" long common wire
- Double shear nails must be driven at an angle through the joist or truss into the header to achieve the table loads
- Not designed for welded or nailer applications

Options:

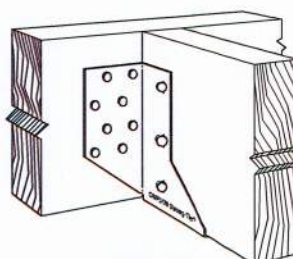
- See current catalogue for options



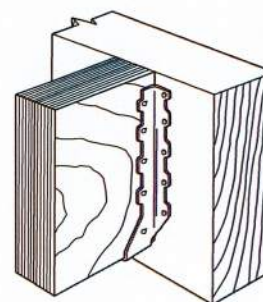
LJS26DS



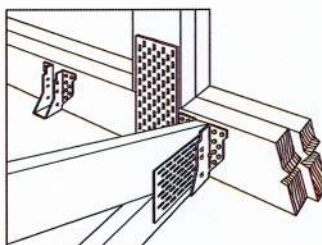
HUS210
(HUS26, HUS28, similar)



Typical LJS26DS
Installation



Typical HUS
Installation



Typical HUS Installation
(Truss Designer to provide fastener quantity for connecting multiple members together)

Model No.	Ga.	Dimensions (in.)				Fasteners		Factored Resistance (lb.)			
		W	H	B	d _e ¹	Face	Joist	D.Fir-L		S-P-F	
								Uplift (K ₀ =1.15) lb.	Normal (K ₀ =1.00) lb.	Uplift (K ₀ =1.15) lb.	Normal (K ₀ =1.00) lb.
LJS26DS	18	1½	5	3½	4%	(16) 16d	(6) 16d	2055	4265	1460	4115
HUS26	16	1½	5½	3	3½	(14) 16d	(6) 16d	2705	4940	2065	3875
HUS28	16	1½	7½	3	6½	(22) 16d	(8) 16d	3605	5365	2675	4345
HUS210	16	1½	9½	3	7½	(30) 16d	(10) 16d	4505	5795	4010	4740
HUS1.81/10	16	1½	9	3	8	(30) 16d	(10) 16d	4505	6450	4010	5200

1. d_e is the distance from the seat of the hanger to the highest joist nail.

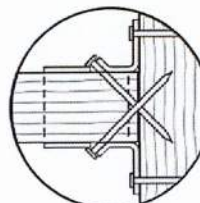


Dome Double Shear Nailing prevents tabs breaking off (available on some models).

U.S. Patent 5,603,580



Double Shear Nailing Side View. Do not bend tab back.



Double Shear Nailing Top View.



LIMIT
STATES
DESIGN

This technical bulletin is effective until June 30, 2022, and reflects information available as of April 1, 2020. This information is updated periodically and should not be relied upon after June 30, 2022. Contact Simpson Strong-Tie for current information and limited warranty or see strongtie.com.

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T-SPECHUS20 3/20 exp. 6/22

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HHUS – Double Shear Joist Hangers

All HHUS hangers have double shear nailing. This patented innovation distributes the load through two points on each joist nail for greater strength. It also allows the use of fewer nails, faster installation and the use of common nails for all connections. Do not bend or remove tabs.

Material: 14 gauge

Finish: G90 galvanized

Design:

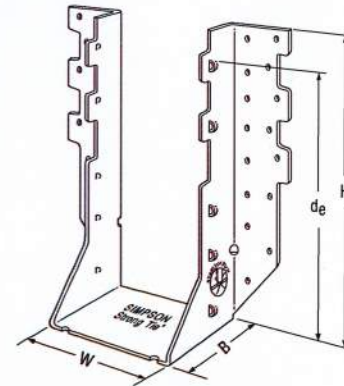
- Factored resistances are in accordance with CSA O86-14.
- Uplift resistances have been increased 15%. No further increase is permitted.
- Wood shear is not considered in the factored resistances given. The specifier must ensure that the joist and header capacities are capable of withstanding these loads.

Installation:

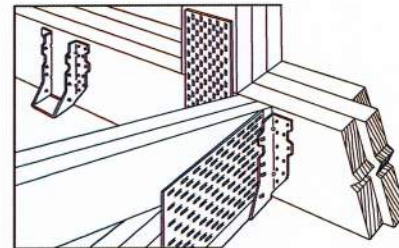
- Use all specified fasteners
- Nails: 16d = 0.162" dia. x 3 1/2" long common wire
- Double shear nails must be driven at an angle through the joist or truss into the header to achieve the table loads
- Not designed for welded or nailer applications

Options:

- See current catalogue for options



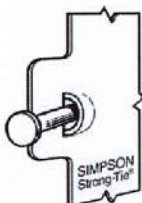
HHUS410



Typical HHUS Installation
(Truss Designer to provide fastener quantity for connecting multiple members together)

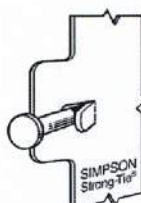
Model No.	Ga.	Dimensions (in.)				Fasteners		Factored Resistance (lb.)			
		W	H	B	d _e ¹	Face	Joist	D.Fir-L		S-P-F	
								Uplift (K ₀ =1.15)	Normal (K ₀ =1.00)	Uplift (K ₀ =1.15)	Normal (K ₀ =1.00)
HHUS26-2	14	3 1/16	5 13/16	3	3 15/16	(14) 16d	(6) 16d	2850	7335	2065	5205
HHUS28-2	14	3 1/16	7 1/32	3	6 5/32	(22) 16d	(8) 16d	3765	8940	2675	6345
HHUS210-2	14	3 1/16	9 3/32	3	8	(30) 16d	(10) 16d	4670	9660	4235	7000
HHUS210-3	14	4 11/16	9	3	7 15/16	(30) 16d	(10) 16d	4670	9670	4235	6865
HHUS210-4	14	6 1/8	8 29/32	3	7 27/32	(30) 16d	(10) 16d	4670	10155	4235	7210
HHUS46	14	3 3/8	5 13/32	3	3 15/16	(14) 16d	(6) 16d	2540	7335	2065	5205
HHUS48	14	3 3/8	7 1/8	3	6 1/8	(22) 16d	(8) 16d	3765	8940	2675	6345
HHUS410	14	3 3/8	9	3	8	(30) 16d	(10) 16d	4670	9855	4235	7000
HHUS5.50/10	14	5 1/2	9	3	8	(30) 16d	(10) 16d	4670	10155	4235	7210
HHUS7.25/10	14	7 1/4	9	3 3/16	7 29/32	(30) 16d	(10) 16d	4670	10155	3370	7210

1. d_e is the distance from the seat of the hanger to the highest joist nail.

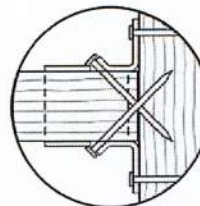


Dome Double Shear Nailing prevents tabs breaking off (available on some models).

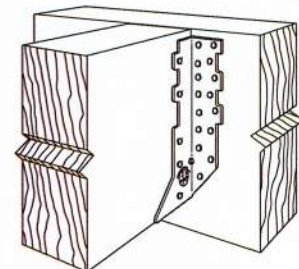
U.S. Patent 5,603,580



Double Shear Nailing Side View. Do not bend tab back.



Double Shear Nailing Top View.



Typical HHUS Installation



LIMIT
STATES
DESIGN

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TC – Truss Connectors

SIMPSON
Strong-Tie

The TC truss connector is an ideal connector for scissor trusses and can allow horizontal movement up to 1¼". The TC also attaches plated trusses to top plates or sill plates to resist uplift forces. Typically used on one or both ends of truss as determined by the building designer.

Material: 16 gauge

Finish: G90 galvanized

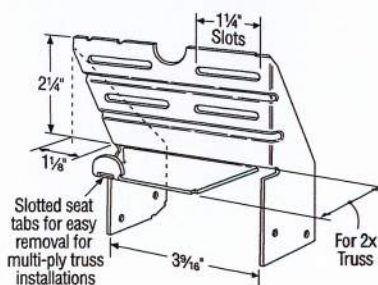
Design: Factored resistances are in accordance with CSA 086-14

Installation:

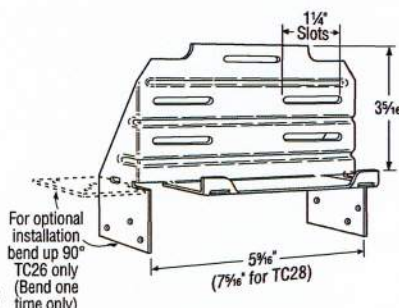
- Use all specified fasteners.
- Nails: 10d = 0.148" dia. x 3" long common wire, 10d x 1½" = 0.148" dia. x 1½" long.
- Drive 10d nails into the truss at the inside end of the slotted holes (inside end is towards the centre of the truss) and clinch on the back side. Do not seat these nails into the truss—allow room under the nail head for movement of the truss with respect to the wall.

Optional TC Installation:

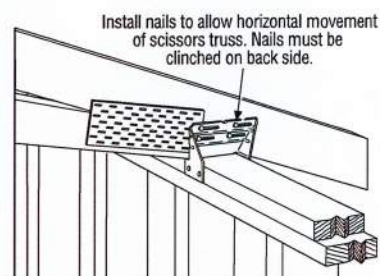
- Bend one flange up 90°. Drive specified nails into the top and face of the top plates or install Titen® screws into the top and face of masonry wall. See optional load tables and installation details.



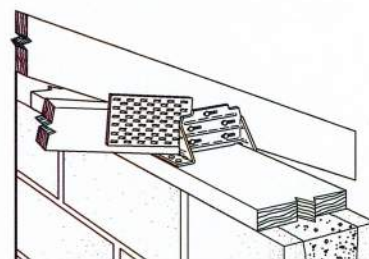
TC24
U.S. Patent 4,932,173



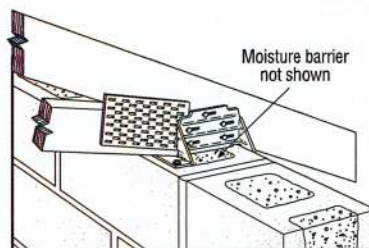
TC26
(TC28 Similar)



Typical TC24 Installation



Optional TC26 Installation for Grouted Concrete Block using a Wood Nailer
(8", 10", 12" Wall Installation Similar)



Optional TC26 Installation for Grouted Concrete Block using Titen Screws

Model No.	Fasteners		Factored Resistance	
	Truss	Wall Plates	D.Fir-L	S-P-F
			Uplift (K ₀ =1.15)	Uplift (K ₀ =1.15)
TC24	(4) 10d	(4) 10d	605	430
TC26	(5) 10d	(6) 10d	1015	720
TC28	(5) 10d	(6) 10d	1015	720

Optional TC Installation Table

Model No.	Fasteners		Factored Resistance	
	Truss	Wall Plates	D.Fir-L	S-P-F
			Uplift (K ₀ =1.15)	Uplift (K ₀ =1.15)
TC26	(5) 10d	(6) 10d x 1½"	810	660
	(5) 10d	(6) 10d	930	660

1. Factored resistances have been increased 15% for earthquake or wind loading; no further increase allowed; reduce where other loads govern.
2. Grout strength is 15 MPa minimum.
3. Optional TC26 installation with 10d nails requires minimum 3" top plate thickness.
4. TC26 fastened to grouted concrete block with (6) – ¾" x 2¼" Titen screws has a factored uplift resistance of 275 lb.



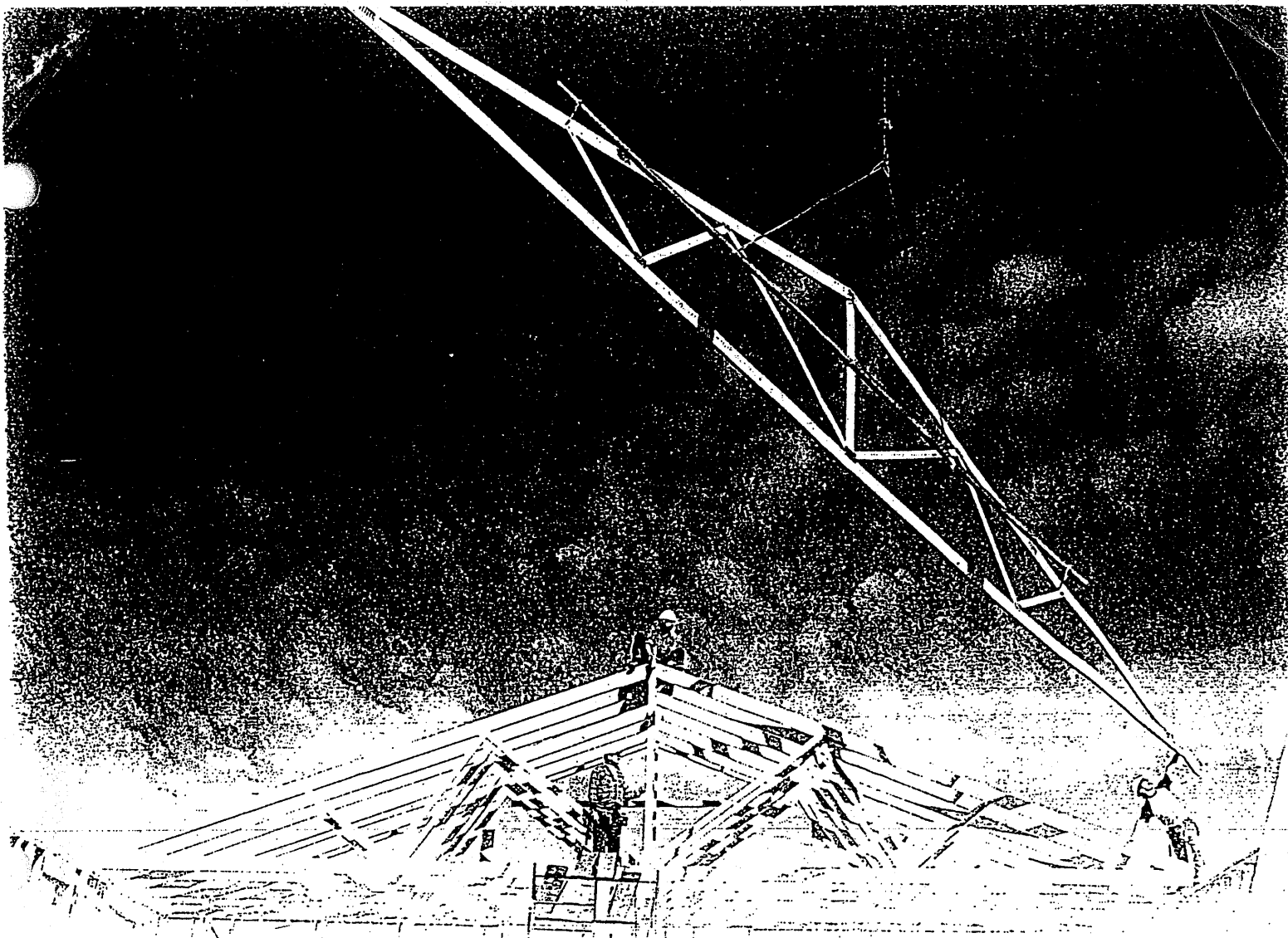
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STATES
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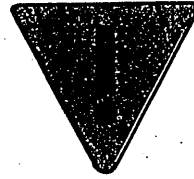
Wood Truss Installation

**A Guide to proper handling, erecting and bracing
metal plate connected wood trusses**

Table of Content

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1 Unloading & Lifting.....	5
2 Job Site Handling.....	5
3 Hoisting.....	6
4 Beginning the Erection Process.....	7
5 Erection Tolerance.....	8
6 Bracing.....	8
7 Bracing Requirements for 3 Planes of Roof.....	9
8 Stacking Materials.....	10
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Warning



General

Familiarity with the Construction Design Documents, the Truss Design Drawings, and Truss Placement Plans (if required by the Construction Design Documents) is required to properly erect, brace, and connect the trusses to the building system.

All of the care and quality involved in the design and manufacture of wood trusses can be jeopardized if the trusses are not properly handled, erected, and braced.

The consequences of improper handling, erecting, and bracing may be a collapse of the structure, which at best is a substantial loss of time and materials, and at worst is a loss of life. The majority of truss accidents occur during truss installation and not as a result of improper design or manufacture.

Prior to truss erection, the builder/erector shall meet with the erection crew for a safety and planning meeting, making sure each crew member understands his or her roles and responsibilities during the erection process.

Temporary Erection Bracing

Trusses are not marked in any way to identify the frequency, or location of temporary erection bracing.

All temporary bracing shall comply with the latest edition of *Commentary and Recommendations for Handling, Installing & Bracing Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* (HIB), published by the Truss Plate Institute, and/or as specified in the Construction Design Documents prepared by the building designer.

Permanent Truss Bracing

Permanent bracing for the roof or floor trusses is the responsibility of the building designer and should be shown on the Construction Design Documents. Permanent bracing locations for individual compression members of a wood truss are shown on the Truss Design Drawings, and shall be installed by the building or erection contractor. This bracing is needed for the proper performance of individual trusses within the roof or floor system. The design and connection of the bracing to the truss and then to the overall building system is the responsibility of the building designer, and is in addition to the permanent bracing plan, which is also specified by the building designer.

Special Design Requirements

Special design requirements, such as wind bracing, portal bracing, seismic bracing, diaphragms, shear walls, or other load transfer elements and their connections to wood trusses must be considered separately by the building designer, who shall determine size, location, and method of connections for all bracing as needed to resist these forces.

1 Unloading & Lifting

Never handle trusses flat

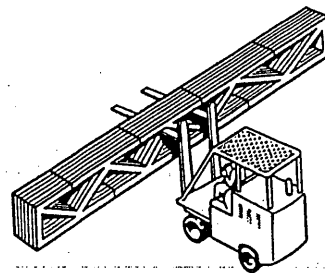
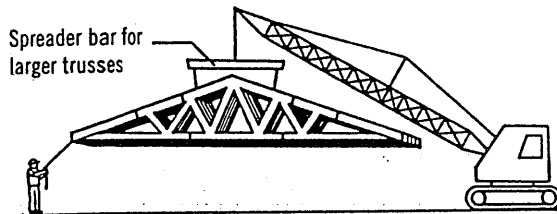
Beginning with the unloading process, and throughout all phases of construction, care must be taken to avoid lateral bending of trusses, which can cause damage to the lumber and metal connector plates at the joints.



Avoid lateral bending

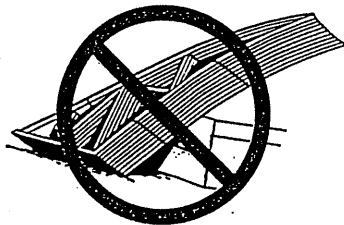
- Use special care in windy weather.
- If using a crane within 10 feet of an electric line, contact the local power company.
- If using a crane within 5 miles of an airport, contact the airport 30 days prior to erection to learn about any safety regulations that must be followed.

2 Job Site Handling



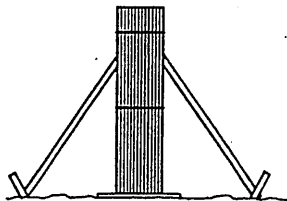
All trusses should be picked up at the top chords in a vertical position only

Proper banding and smooth ground allow for unloading of trusses without damage. This should be done as close to the building site as possible to minimize handling. Do not break banding until installation begins. Hand erection of trusses is allowed, provided excessive lateral bending is prevented.



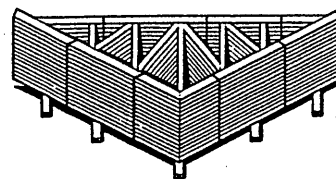
Do not store unbraced bundles upright

If trusses are stored vertically they shall be braced in a manner that will prevent tipping or topping. Generally cutting of the banding is done just prior to installation.



Do not store on uneven ground

If trusses are stored horizontally, blocking should be used on eight to ten foot centers, or as required, to minimize lateral bending and moisture gain.

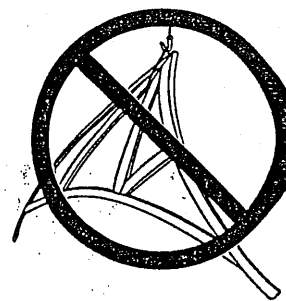


Care should be exercised when removing banding to avoid damaging trusses.

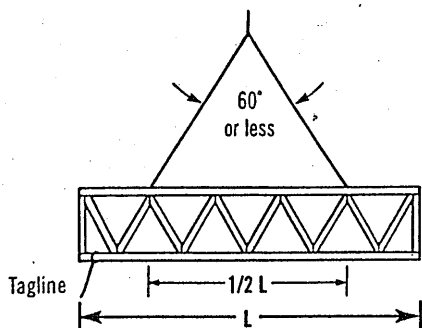
During long term storage, trusses shall be protected from the environment in a manner that provides for adequate ventilation of the trusses. If tarpaulins or other material is used, the ends shall be left open for ventilation. Plastic is not recommended, since it can trap moisture.

3 Hoisting

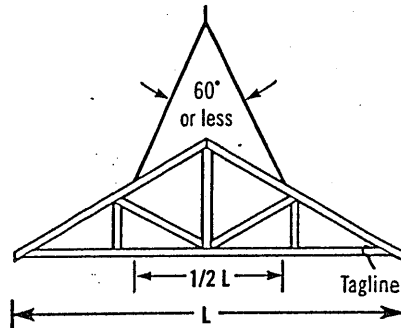
All trusses that are erected one at a time shall be held safely in position by the erection equipment until such time as all necessary bracing has been installed and the ends of the trusses are securely fastened to the building.



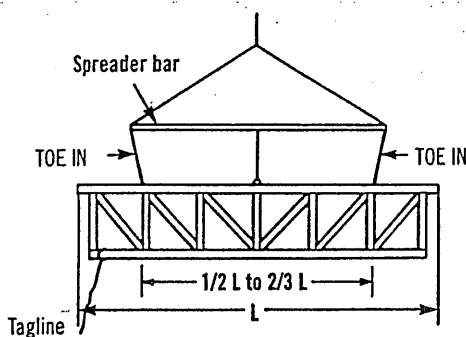
Avoid lateral bending



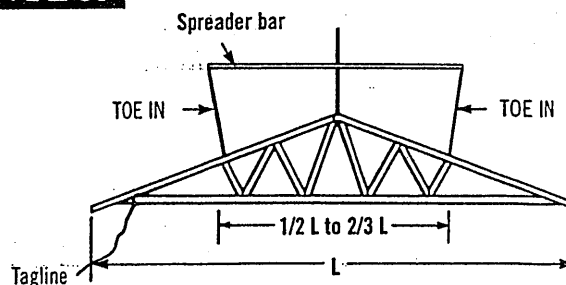
$L \leq 30'$



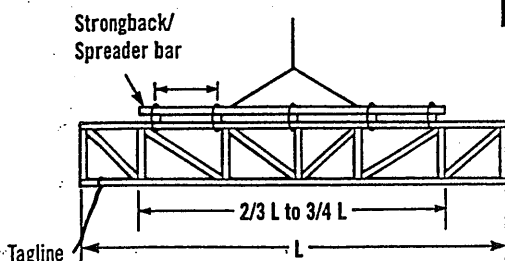
Truss sling is acceptable where these criteria are met.



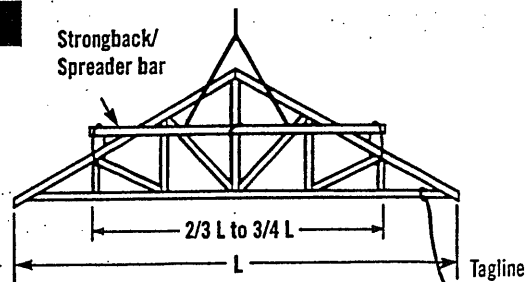
$30' < L \leq 60'$



Use spreader bar in all other cases. It should be noted that the lines from the ends of the spreader bar "TOE IN"; if these lines should "TOE OUT" the truss may fold in half.



$L > 60'$



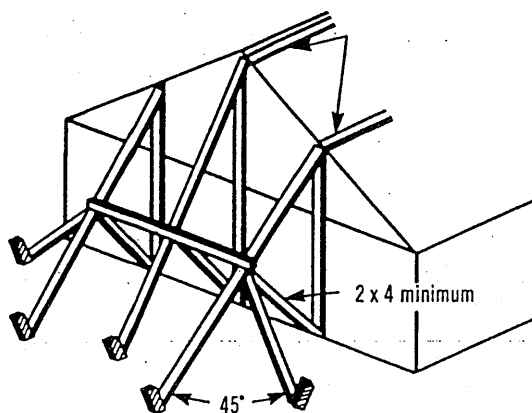
For lifting trusses with spans in excess of 60 feet, it is recommended that a strongback/spreader bar be used as illustrated. The strongback/spreader bar should be attached to the top chord and web members at intervals of approximately 10 feet. Further, the strongback/spreader bar should be at or above the mid-height of the truss to prevent overturning. The strongback/spreader bar can be of any material with sufficient strength to safely carry the weight of the truss and sufficient rigidity to adequately resist bending of the truss.

4 Beginning the Erection Process

It is important for the builder or erection contractor to provide substantial bracing for the first truss erected. The two or more trusses making up the rest of the first set are tied to and rely upon the first truss for stability. Likewise, after this first set of trusses is adequately cross-braced, the remaining trusses installed rely upon this first set for stability. Thus, the performance of the truss bracing system depends to a great extent on how well the first group of trusses is braced.

Ground Brace - Exterior

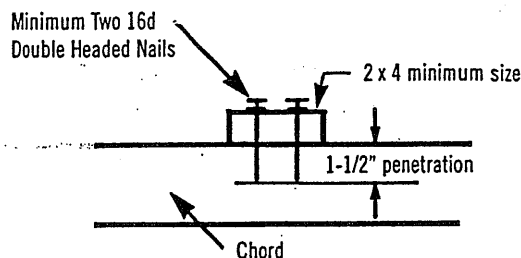
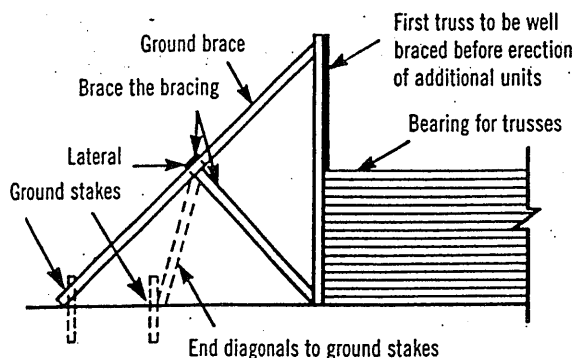
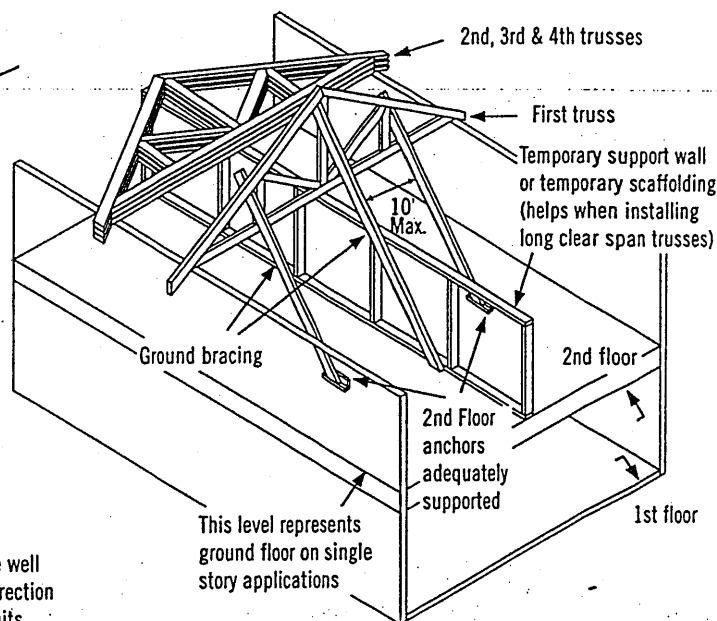
One satisfactory method ties the first unit of trusses off to a series of braces that are attached to a stake driven into the ground and securely anchored. The ground brace itself should be supported as shown below or it is apt to buckle. Additional ground braces in the opposite direction, inside the building, are also recommended.



Note: Locate ground braces for first truss directly in line with all rows of top chord continuous lateral bracing (either temporary or permanent).

Ground Brace - Interior

Another satisfactory method where height of building or ground conditions prohibit bracing from the exterior is to tie the first truss rigidly in place from the interior at the floor level, provided the floor is substantially completed and capable of supporting the ground bracing forces. Securely fasten the first truss to the middle of the building. Brace the bracing similar to exterior ground bracing shown at left. Set trusses from the middle toward the end of the building. Properly cross-brace the first set of trusses before removing floor braces and setting remaining trusses.

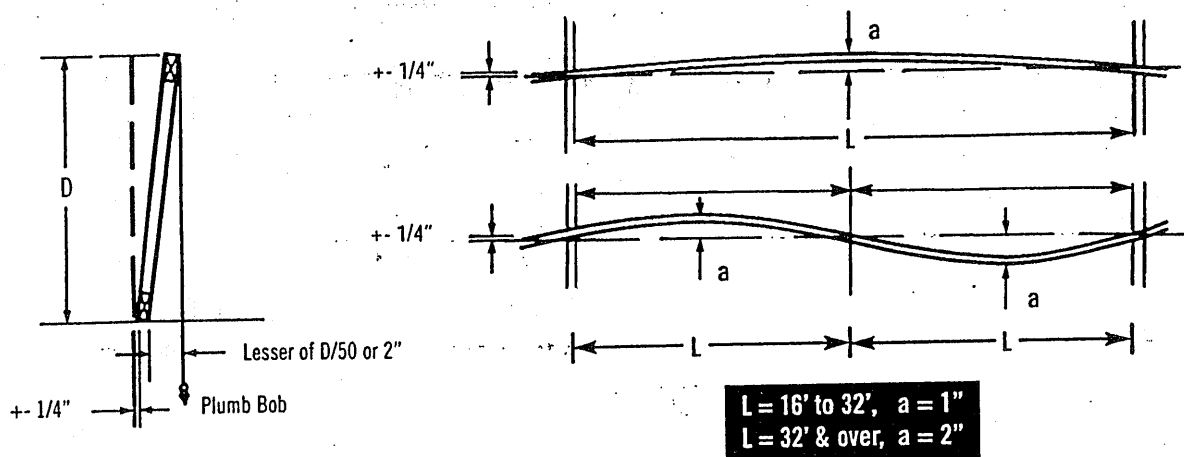


Inadequate size of bracing material or inadequate fastening is a major cause of erection dominoing.

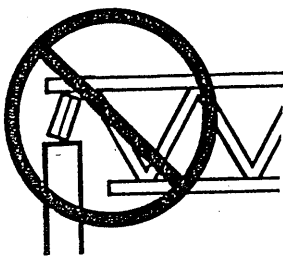
5 Erection Tolerance

Complying with erection tolerances is critical to achieving an acceptable roof or floor line, and to accomplishing effective bracing. Setting trusses within tolerance the first time will prevent the need for the hazardous practice of respacing or adjusting trusses when roof sheathing or roof purlins are installed. Trusses leaning or bowing can cause nails to miss the top chords when sheathing is applied, and create cumulative stresses on the bracing, which is a frequent cause of dominoing.

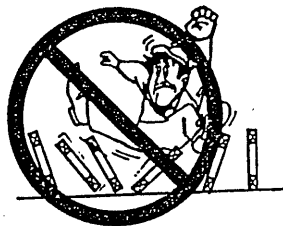
When sheathing, make sure nails are driven into the top chord of the trusses.



6 Bracing



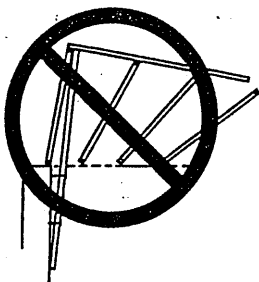
Do not install trusses on temporarily connected supports



Do not walk on unbraced trusses



Do not walk on trusses or gable ends lying flat

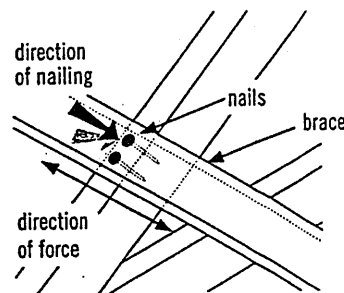


Nails in withdrawal (parallel to force)

All anchors, hangers, tie-downs, seats, bearing ledgers, etc., that are part of the supporting structure shall be accurately and properly placed and permanently attached before truss installation begins. No trusses shall ever be installed on anchors or ties that have temporary connections to the supporting structure.

Nailing scabs to the end of the building to brace the first truss is not recommended.

All nailing of bracing should be done so that nails are driven perpendicular to the direction of force, as shown at right.



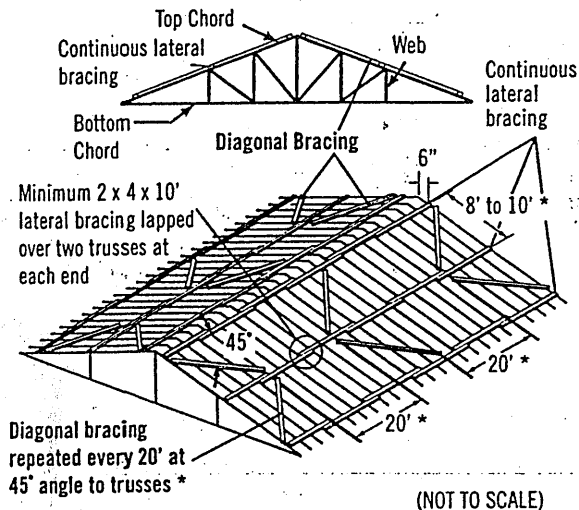
Well nailed (perpendicular to force)

7 Bracing Requirements for 3 Planes of Roof

Temporary erection bracing must be applied to three planes of the roof system to ensure stability: Plane 1) Top Chord (sheathing), Plane 2) Bottom Chord (ceiling plane), and Plane 3) Web Member plane or vertical plane perpendicular to trusses.

1) Top Chord Plane

Most important to the builder or erection contractor is bracing in the plane of the top chord. Truss top chords are susceptible to lateral buckling before they are braced or sheathed.

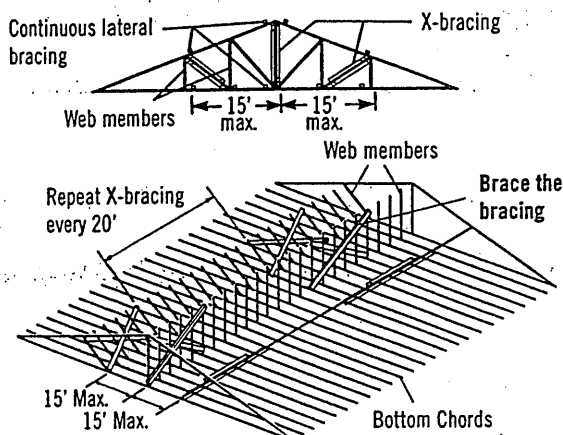


Exact spacing between trusses should be maintained as bracing is installed to avoid the hazardous practice of removing bracing to adjust spacing. This act of "adjusting spacing" can cause trusses to topple if connections are removed at the wrong time.

3) Web Member Plane

"X" bracing, as shown, is critical in preventing trusses from leaning or dominoing. Repeat as shown to create a succession of rigid units.

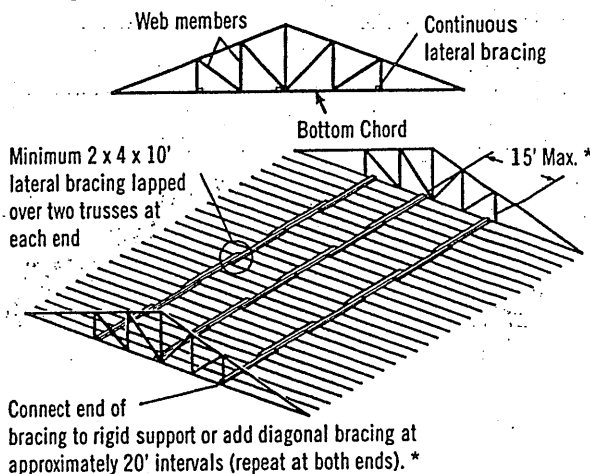
X-bracing should be installed on vertical web members wherever possible, at or near lateral bracing. Plywood or OSB may be substituted for X-bracing.



Note: Top chords and some web members are not shown, in order to make drawings more readable.

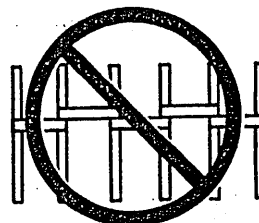
2) Bottom Chord Plane

In order to hold proper spacing on the bottom chord, temporary bracing is recommended on the top of the bottom chord.

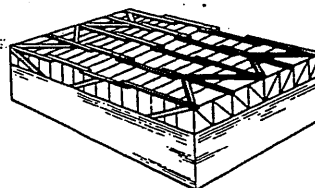


* Long spans, heavy loads or other spacing configurations may require closer spacing between lateral bracing and closer intervals between diagonals. Consult the building designer or HIB and DSB (Recommended Design Specification for Temporary Bracing of Metal-Plate Connected Wood Trusses) for details.

Diagonal or cross-bracing is very important!



Do not use short blocks to brace individual trusses without a specific bracing plan detailing their use

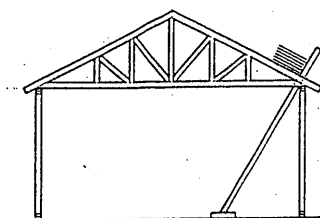
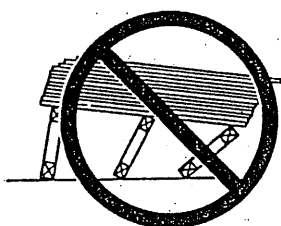


Bracing requirements using the same principles apply to parallel chord trusses

8 Stacking Materials

Do not proceed with building completion until all bracing is securely and properly in place

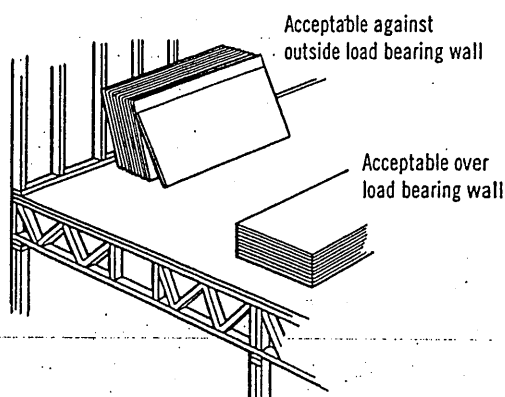
Never stack materials on unbraced or inadequately braced trusses



Platform must be rigidly braced

Proper distribution of construction materials is a must during construction.

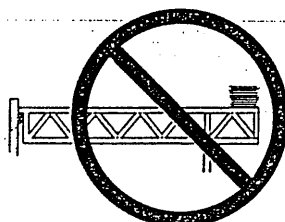
Never stack materials near a peak



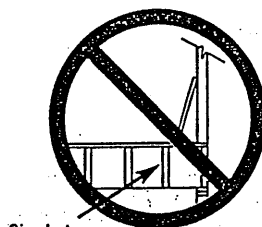
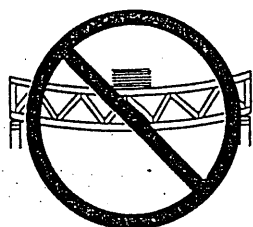
Acceptable against outside load bearing wall

Acceptable over load bearing wall

Never stack materials on the cantilever of a truss

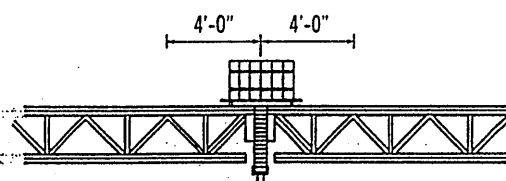


Always stack materials over two or more trusses.



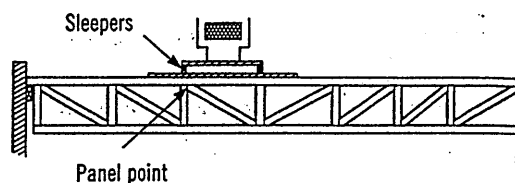
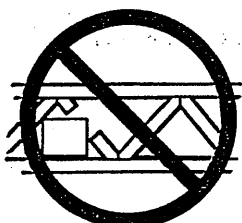
Single truss

Never overload small groups or single trusses. Position load over as many trusses as possible.



Roofing and mechanical contractors are cautioned to stack materials only along outside supporting members or directly over inside supporting members. Trusses are not designed for dynamic loads (i.e., moving vehicles). Extreme care should be taken when loading and stacking construction materials (rolled roofing, mechanical equipment, etc.) on the roof or floor system.

Never cut any structural member of a truss.



Sleepers

Panel point

Sleepers for mechanical equipment should be located at panel points (joints) or over main supporting members, and only on trusses that have been designed for such loads.

Caution Notes

Errors in building lines and/or dimensions, or errors by others shall be corrected by the contractor or responsible construction trade subcontractor or supplier before erection of trusses begins.

Cutting of nonstructural overhangs is considered a part of normal erection and shall be done by the builder or erection contractor.

Any field modification that involves the cutting, drilling, or relocation of any structural truss member or connector plate shall not be done without the approval of the truss manufacturer or a licensed design professional.

The methods and procedures outlined are intended to ensure that the overall construction techniques employed will put floor and roof trusses safely in place in a completed structure. These recommendations for bracing wood trusses originate from the collective experience of leading technical personnel in the wood truss industry, but must, due to the nature of responsibilities involved, be presented only as a guide for use by a qualified building designer, builder, or erection contractor. Thus, the Wood Truss Council of America expressly disclaims any responsibility for damages arising from the use, application, or reliance on the recommendations and information contained herein.

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