



Floor Beam\B01

Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 15, 2017 14:14:59

BC CALC® Design Report



Name: 45147 (5004) Audress: Pine Valley

City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON Customer:

Gold Park

Code reports:

Build 6080

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290673.bcc

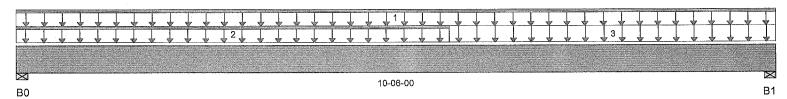
Description: Second Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer: NL

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 10-06-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs)							
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind			
B0, 3-1/2"	513 / 0	261 / 0					
B1, 3-1/2"	1,192 / 0	505 / 0					

Load Summary				Live	Dead	Snow Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00 1.15	
1	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 00-00-00	10-06-00	27	14		n/a
2	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 00-00-00	06-00-00	27	14		n/a
3-	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 06-00-00	10-06-00	40	15		07-00-00

Domand

Domand/

	Factored	Factored	Demand /	Load	Location
Controls Summary	Demand	Resistance	Resistance	Case	
Pos. Moment	4,209 ft-lbs	17,696 ft-lbs	23.8%	1	06-07-04
End Shear	1,630 lbs	7,232 lbs	22.5%	1	09-02-10
Total Load Defl.	L/999 (0.103")	n/a	n/a	4	05-06-11
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.071")	n/a	n/a	5	05-06-11
Max Defl.	0.103"	n/a	n/a	4	05-06-11
Span / Depth	10.1	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Bear	ring Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Resistance Support	Resistance Member	Material	I
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	1,096 lbs	29.1%	14.7%	Spruce Pine F	ir '
В1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	2,420 lbs	64.2%	32.4%	Spruce Pine F	ir s

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 4

Disclosure

Completeness and accuracy of input must be verified by anyone who would rely on output as evidence of suitability for particular application. Output here based on building code-accepted design properties and analysis methods. Installation of Boise Cascade engineered wood products must be in accordance with current Installation Guide and applicable building codes. To obtain Installation Guide or ask questions, please call 1-800-964-6999 before installation.

BC CALC®, BC FRAMER®, AJS™ ALLJOIST®, BC RIM BOARD™, BCI®, BOISE GLULAM™, SIMPLE FRAMING SYSTEM®, VERSA-LAM®, VERSA-RIM PLUS®, VERSA-RIM®, VERSA-STRAND®, VERSA-STUD® are trademarks of Boise Cascade Wood Products L.L.C.





Floor Beam\B02

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 15, 2017 14:15:00

Build 6080

Name:

45147 (5004)

Audress: City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Pine Valley

Customer: Code reports: Gold Park

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290673.bcc

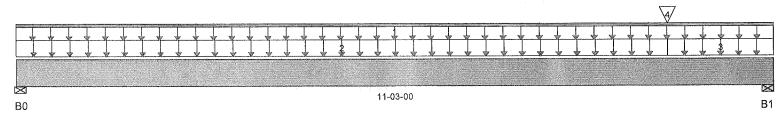
Description: Second Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer: NL

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 11-03-00

Reaction Summary (De	own / Uplift) (Ibs)				
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	
B0, 3"	2,143 / 0	1,297 / 0			
B1, 3-1/2"	1,735 / 0	1,552 / 0			

Load Summary			Live	Dead	Snow Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End 1.00	0.65	1.00 1.15	
1	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 00-00-00	11-03-00 27	74		n/a
<i>?</i> ~	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 00-00-00	09-08-00 40	15		09-00-00
	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 09-08-00	11-03-00 40	15		01-06-00
4	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L 09-08-00	09-08-00	540		n/a

Controls Summary	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Pos. Moment	12,755 ft-lbs	35,392 ft-lbs	36%	1	05-07-00
End Shear	4,201 lbs	14,464 lbs	29%	1	09-11-10
Total Load Deft.	L/659 (0.197")	0.542"	36.4%	4	05-07-00
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.119")	n/a	n/a	5	05-07-00
Max Defl.	0.197"	1"	19.7%	4	05-07-00
Span / Depth	10.9	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Bearin	g Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
	Wall/Plate	3" x 3-1/2"	4,836 lbs	74.9%	37.8%	Spruce Pine Fir
	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	4,542 lbs	60.3%	30.4%	Spruce Pine Fir

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

O86.

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

ortance Factor : Normal Part code : Part 4

Nail one ply to another with 3 ½" spiral nails @ (D)

o.c, staggered in 2 rows





Floor Beam\B03

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 15, 2017 14:15:00

Build 6080

Name:

45147 (5004)

Audress: City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Pine Valley

Customer:

Gold Park

Code reports:

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290673.bcc

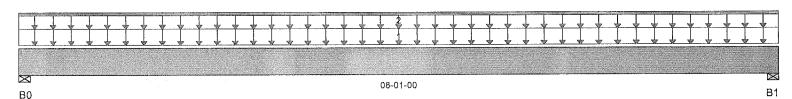
Description: Second Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer: NL

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 08-01-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs) Wind Bearing Dead Snow Live B0, 3-1/2" 2,506 / 0 1,544 / 0 B1, 3-1/2" 2,506 / 0 1,544 / 0

Load Summary				Live	Dead	Snow Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00 1.15	
1	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 00-00-00	08-01-00	40	20		15-06-00
2	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 00-00-00	08-01-00		60		n/a

ontrols Summary	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Pos. Moment	10,229 ft-lbs	35,392 ft-lbs	28.9%	1	04-00-08
End Shear	3,885 lbs	14,464 lbs	26.9%	1	01-03-06
Total Load Defl.	L/999 (0.078")	n/a	n/a	4	04-00-08
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.048")	n/a	n/a	5	04-00-08
Max Defl.	0.078"	n/a	n/a	4	04-00-08
Span / Depth	7.7	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Bearin	ng Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	5,689 lbs	75.5%	38.1%	Spruce Pine Fir
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	5,689 lbs	75.5%	38.1%	Spruce Pine Fir

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 4

Nail one ply to another with 3 ½" spiral nails @ 9" o.c, staggered in 2 rows والمائية والماسية والماسية والماسية





Floor Beam\B04

Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 15, 2017 14:15:01

BC CALC® Design Report



File Name: 290673.bcc

√ame: 45147 (5004) Description: Second Floor Framing

Pine Valley Auuress: City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON Specifier:

Build 6080

Designer: NL

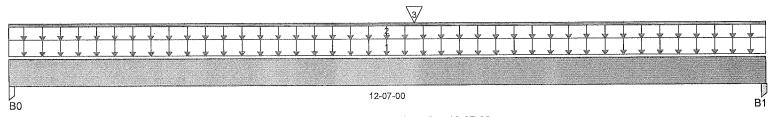
Gold Park Customer:

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Code reports:

CCMC 12472-R

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 12-07-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs)							
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind			
B0, 3-1/2"	3,561 / 0	2,370 / 0					
B1, 3"	3,726 / 0	2,471 / 0					

Load Summary				Live	Dead	Snow Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00 1.15	
1	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 00-00-00	12-07-00	40	20		09-06-00
<u>\$</u>	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 00-00-00	12-07-00		60		n/a
	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L 06-09-00	06-09-00	2,506	1,544		n/a

Controls Summary	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Pos. Moment	33,735 ft-lbs	35,392 ft-lbs	95.3%	1	06-09-00
End Shear	7,566 lbs	14,464 lbs	52.3%	1	11-04-02
Total Load Defl.	L/247 (0.591")	0.608"	97.1%	4	06-04-14
Live Load Defl.	L/409 (0.357")	0.406"	88%	5	06-04-14
Max Defl.	0.591"	1"	59.1%	4	06-04-14
Span / Depth	12.3	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Bea	ring Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Post	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	8,305 lbs	39.1%	55.6%	Spruce Pine Fir
В1	Post	3" x 3-1/2"	8,678 lbs	47.6%	67.7%	Spruce Pine Fir

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 4

Nail one ply to another with 3 ½" spiral nails @ 8 o.c. staggered in 2 rows







PASSED

April 18, 2019 15:01:02

Wind

1.15

Tributary

00-00-00 n∖a n\a n∖a n\a n∖a n\a n\a n∖a

1st Floor\Flush Beams\B5A(i5935) Dry | 1 span | No cant.

BC CALC® Member Report

Build 6766

Job name: Address:

45147(5004)

Pine Valley Description:

308357-A-LOT 92.mmdl File name:

Wind

1st Floor\Flush Beams\B5A(i5935)

City, Province, Postal Code: Customer:

Vaughan, ON Gold Park

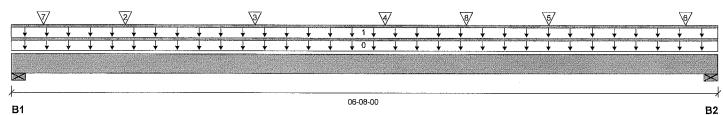
Specifier:

Designer: NL

Code reports:

CCMC 12472-R

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses



Total Horizontal Product Length = 06-08-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs)

Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow
B1, 4"	1,537 / 0	606 / 0	
B2. 4"	1.550 / 0	609 / 0	

Loa	ad Summary						Live	Dead	Snov
Tag	Description	Load Type	Ref.	Start	End	Loc.	1.00	0.65	1.00
0	Self-Weight	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	00-00-00	06-08-00	Top		6	
1	User Load	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	00-00-00	06-08-00	Top		60	
2	-	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L.	01-00-15	01-00-15	Тор	533	134	
3		Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	02-03-10	02-03-10	Тор	517	130	
4	-	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	03-06-06	03-06-06	Top	517	130	
5	-	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	05-00-15	05-00-15	Тор	530	133	
6	-	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	06-04-06	06-04-06	Тор	512	128	
7	J1(i6425)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	00-03-10	00-03-10	Тор	317	79	1
8	J5(i6418)	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	04-03-10	04-03-10	Тор	159	40	

Controls Summary	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand/ Resistance	Case	Location
Pos. Moment	4.000 ft-lbs	17.696 ft-lbs	22.6 %	**************************************	03-06-10
		•	,,	1	
End Shear	2,137 lbs	7,232 lbs	29.6 %	1	01-03-14
Total Load Deflection	L/999 (0.038")	n\a	n\a	4	03-03-10
Live Load Deflection	L/999 (0.027")	n\a	n\a	5	03-03-10
Max Defl.	0.038"	n\a	n\a	4	03-03-10
Span / Depth	6.2				

Bearing	Supports	Dim. (LxW)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B1	Wall/Plate	4" x 1-3/4"	3,062 lbs	71.1 %	35.9 %	Unspecified
B2	Wall/Plate	4" x 1-3/4"	3,086 lbs	71.7 %	36.1 %	Unspecified

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (0.75") Maximum live load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2015 and CSA O86.

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 9

Disclosure

Use of the Boise Cascade Software is subject to the terms of the End User License Agreement (EULA). Completeness and accuracy of input must be reviewed and verified by a qualified engineer or other appropriate expert to assure its adequacy, prior to anyone relying on such output as evidence of suitability for a particular application. The output here is based on building code-accepted design properties and analysis methods. Installation of Boise Cascade engineered wood products must be in accordance with current Installation Guide and applicable building codes. To obtain Installation Guide or ask questions, please call (800)232-0788 before installation.

BC CALC®, BC FRAMER® , AJS™ ALLJOIST®, BC RIM BOARD™, BCI®, BOISE GLULAM™, BC FloorValue®, VERSA-LAM®, VERSA-RIM PLUS®,



Floor Beam\B06

Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 15, 2017 14:15:02

BC CALC® Design Report Build 6080

Name:

Audress:

45147 (5004)

City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Pine Valley

Customer:

Gold Park

Code reports:

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290673.bcc

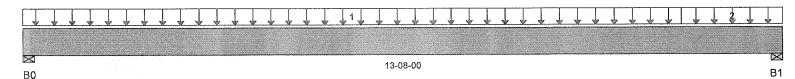
Description: Second Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer: NL

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 13-08-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs) Wind Bearing Live Dead Snow B0, 3-1/2" 2,985 / 0 1,572 / 0 2,625 / 0 1,347 / 0 B1, 3-1/2"

Load Summary				Live	Dead	Snow Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00 1.15	
1	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 00-00-00	11-10-00	40	20		11-00-00
2	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 11-10-00	13-08-00	40	15		05-06-00

	Factored Factored		Demand /	Load	Location
ηtrols Summary	Demand	Resistance	Resistance	Case	
. Moment	20,395 ft-lbs	35,392 ft-lbs	57.6%	1	06-08-11
End Shear	5,226 lbs	14,464 lbs	36.1%	1	01-03-06
Total Load Defl.	L/343 (0.462")	0.66"	70%	4	06-10-10
Live Load Defl.	L/523 (0.303")	0.44"	68.8%	5	06-10-10
Max Defl.	0.462"	1"	46.2%	4	06-10-10
Span / Depth	13.3	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Bear	ing Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	6,443 lbs	85.5%	43.1%	Spruce Pine Fir
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	5,621 lbs	74.6%	37.6%	Spruce Pine Fir

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 4

Nail one ply to another with 3 1/2" spiral nails @ 91

o.c, staggered in 2 rows





Floor Beam\B07

Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

BC CALC® Design Report

November 15, 2017 14:15:03

Build 6080

lame: Auuress:

45147 (5004) Pine Valley

City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Customer: Code reports: Gold Park

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290673.bcc

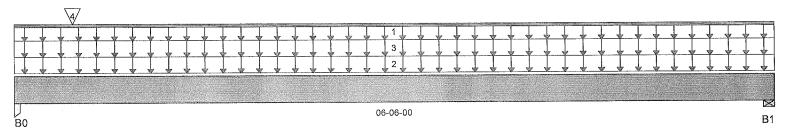
Description: Second Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer: NL

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 06-06-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (Ibs)								
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind				
B0, 3-1/2"	2,594 / 0	1,930 / 0	770 / 0					
B1, 3-1/2"	206 / 0	704 / 0	770 / 0					

Load Summary					Live	Dead	Snow Wind		Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref.	Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00	1.15	
	Unf, Lin. (lb/ft)	L	00-00-00	06-06-00	27	114			n/a
	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L	00-00-00	06-06-00		20	78		02-06-00
3	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L	00-00-00	06-06-00		11	21		02-00-00
4	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	00-06-00	00-06-00	2,625	1,347			n/a

Controls Summary	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Pos. Moment	3,236 ft-lbs	35,392 ft-lbs	9.1%	5	03-00-01
End Shear	1,730 lbs	14,464 lbs	12%	1	01-03-06
Total Load Defl.	L/999 (0.016")	n/a	n/a	13	03-02-04
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.008")	n/a	n/a	17	03-02-04
Max Defl.	0.016"	n/a	n/a	13	3 03-02-04
Span / Depth	6.1	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Beari	ing Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material :
B0	Post	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	6,689 lbs	31.5%	44.8%	Spruce Pine Fir
В1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	2,139 lbs	28.4%	14.3%	Spruce Pine Fir

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

ign based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor : Normal Part code : Part 4

Nail one ply to another with 3 ½" spiral nails @ (2"

o.c, staggered in 2 rows





Floor Beam\B08

Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 15, 2017 14:15:04

BC CALC® Design Report



45447 (5004)

45147 (5004) Pine Valley

City, Province, Postal Code:Vaughan, ON Customer: Gold Park

Customer: Code reports:

(lame: Audress:

Build 6080

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290673.bcc

Description: Second Floor Framing

Specifier: Designer: NL

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
⊠ B0	10-06-00	B1

Total Horizontal Product Length = 10-06-00

Reaction Summary (Do	own / Uplift) (lbs)			<u> </u>	
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	
B0, 3-1/2"	1,260 / 0	662 / 0			
B1, 3-1/2"	1,260 / 0	662 / 0			

Load Summary				Live	Dead	Snow Wind	irib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00 1.15	
1	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 00-00-00	10-06-00	40	20		06-00-00

Controls Summary	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Moment	6,523 ft-lbs	17,696 ft-lbs	36.9%	1	05-03-00
Shear	2,054 lbs	7,232 lbs	28.4%	1	01-03-06
Total Load Defl.	L/703 (0.171")	0.502"	34.1%	4	05-03-00
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.112")	n/a	n/a	5	05-03-00
Max Defl.	0.171"	1"	17.1%	4	05-03-00
Span / Depth	10.1	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Bearir	ng Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Resistance Support	Resistance Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	2,717 lbs	72.1%	36.4%	Spruce Pine Fir
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	2,717 lbs	72.1%	36.4%	Spruce Pine Fir

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA O86.

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 4

Disclosure

Completeness and accuracy of input must be verified by anyone who would rely on output as evidence of suitability for particular application. Output here based on building code-accepted design properties and analysis methods. Installation of Boise Cascade engineered wood products must be in accordance with current Installation Guide and applicable building codes. To obtain Installation Guide or ask questions, please call 1-800-964-6999 before installation.

BC CALC®, BC FRAMER®, AJS™, ALLJOIST®, BC RIM BOARD™, BCI®, BOISE GLULAM™, SIMPLE FRAMING SYSTEM®, VERSA-LAM®, VERSA-RIM PLUS®, VERSA-RIM®, VERSA-STUD® are trademarks of Boise Cascade Wood Products L.L.C.





Floor Beam\B09

Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 15, 2017 14:15:04

BC CALC® Design Report



Build 6080 Name:

45147 (5004) Pine Valley

Customer:

Auuress:

City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Code reports:

Gold Park CCMC 12472-R File Name: 290673.bcc

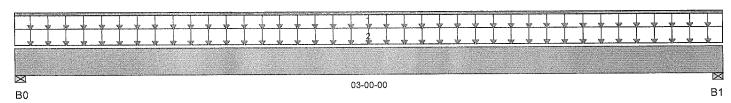
Description: Second Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer:

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 03-00-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs) Wind Dead Snow Bearing Live 40 / 0 338 / 0 283 / 0 B0, 3-1/2" 41/0 338 / 0 283 / 0 B1, 3-1/2"

Load Summary				Live	Dead	Snow Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00 1.15	
1	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 00-00-00	03-00-00	27	114		n/a
2	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 00-00-00	03-00-00		11	21	09-00-00

Controls Summary	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Pos. Moment	467 ft-lbs	35,392 ft-lbs	1.3%	5	01-06-00
End Shear	127 lbs	14,464 lbs	0.9%	5	01-03-06
Total Load Defl.	L/999 (0")	n/a	n/a	13	01-06-00
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (O'')	n/a	n/a	17	01-06-00
Max Defl.	0" ` ´	n/a	n/a	13	01-06-00
Span / Depth	2.6	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Beari	ng Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	867 lbs	11.5%	5.8%	Spruce Pine Fir
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	867 lbs	11.5%	5.8%	Spruce Pine Fir

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

O86.

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor : Normal Part code : Part 4

Nail one ply to another with 3 ½" spiral nails @ 6"

o.c. staggered in 2 rows



Floor Beam\B10

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 15, 2017 14:15:05

Build 6080 Name:

Auuress:

45147 (5004) Pine Valley

Gold Park

File Name: 290673.bcc

Description: First Floor Framing Specifier:

NL

Designer:

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:

Customer: Code reports:

CCMC 12472-R

City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

02-00-00 B0 **B**1

Total Horizontal Product Length = 02-00-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs) Snow Wind Dead B0. 3-1/2" 140 / 0 59 / 0 B1, 3-1/2" 140 / 0 59 / 0

Load Summary			Live	e Dead	Snow Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End 1.00	0.65	1.00 1.15	
1	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 00-00-00	02-00-00 40	15		03-06-00

	Factored	Factored	Demand /	Load	Location
Controls Summary	Demand	Resistance	Resistance	Case	
Moment	84 ft-lbs	17,696 ft-lbs	0.5%	1	01-00-00
Shear	80 lbs	7,232 lbs	1.1%	1	01-03-06
Total Load Defl.	L/999 (0")	n/a	n/a	4	01-00-00
Max Defl.	0"	n/a	n/a	4	01-00-00
Span / Depth	1.6	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Beari	ng Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	283 lbs	7.5%	3.8%	Spruce Pine Fi
В1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	283 lbs	7.5%	3.8%	Spruce Pine Fi

Notes Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA O86.

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 4

Disclosure

Completeness and accuracy of input must be verified by anyone who would rely on output as evidence of suitability for particular application. Output here based on building code-accepted design properties and analysis methods. Installation of Boise Cascade engineered wood products must be in accordance with current Installation Guide and applicable building codes. To obtain Installation Guide or ask questions, please call 1-800-964-6999 before installation.

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Floor Beam\B10A

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

December 15, 2017 14:45:34

Build 6080

Name:

45147 (5004)

Auuress: City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Pine Valley

Customer:

Gold Park

Code reports:

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290673,bcc

Description: First Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer: NL

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:

	₹	
⊠ B0	06-02-00	 B

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs)											
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind							
B0, 3-1/2"	331 / 0	335 / 0									
B1, 3-1/2"	152 / 0	268 / 0									

Load Summary			Live	Dead	Snow Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End 1.00	0.65	1.00 1.15	
1	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 00-00-00	06-02-00 20	70		n/a
2	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L 01-08-00	01-08-00 360	135		n/a

ntrols Summary	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Pos. Moment	1,146 ft-lbs	17,696 ft-lbs	6.5%	1	01-08-00
End Shear	756 lbs	7,232 lbs	10.4%	1	01-03-06
Total Load Defl.	L/999 (0.009")	n/a	n/a	4	02-10-08
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.004")	n/a	n/a	5	02-09-04
Max Defl.	0.009"	n/a	n/a	4	02-10-08
Span / Depth	5.8	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Bear	ing Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	916 lbs	24.3%	12.3%	Spruce Pine Fir
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	376 lbs	15.3%	7.7%	Spruce Pine Fir

Disclosure

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Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 4





Floor Beam\B11

Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

December 15, 2017 13:44:19

BC CALC® Design Report



Build 6080

Name: Auuress:

45147 (5004)

City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Pine Valley

Customer: Code reports: Gold Park

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290673.bcc

Description: First Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer: NL

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:

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X									5-02-															×
В0								'	0-02-	00														B1

Total Horizontal Product Length = 15-02-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs)										
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind						
B0, 3-1/2"	782 / 0	596 / 0								
B1, 3-1/2"	587 / 0	317 / 0								

Load Summary					Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Re	f. Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00	1.15	
1	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	00-00-00	15-02-00	27	14			n/a
?·····	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	04-04-00	10-10-00	27	14			n/a
	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L	10-10-00	15-02-00	40	15			01-00-00
4	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	Ļ	04-04-00	04-04-00	140	59			n/a
5	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	10-10-00	10-10-00	140	59			n/a
6,	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	00-05-00	00-05-00	331	335			n/a

Controls Summary	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Pos. Moment	4,438 ft-lbs	17,696 ft-lbs	25.1%	1	07-09-07
End Shear	1,092 lbs	7,232 lbs	15.1%	1	13-10-10
Total Load Defl.	L/691 (0.255")	0.735"	34.7%	4	07-07-00
Live Load Defl.	L/1,081 (0.163"	0.49"	33.3%	5	07-07-00
Max Defl.	0.255"	1"	25.5%	4	07-07-00
Span / Depth	14.9	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Beari	ing Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material	
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	1,918 lbs	50.9%	25.7%	Spruce Pine	Fir '
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	1,277 lbs	33.9%	17.1%	Spruce Pine	Fir :

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria. Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

besign based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 4

Disclosure

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BC CALC®, BC FRAMER® , AJS™ ALLJOIST® , BC RIM BOARD $^{\text{TM}}$, BCI® , BOISE GLULAM $^{\text{TM}}$, SIMPLE FRAMING SYSTEM®, VERSA-LAM®, VERSA-RIM PLUS®, VERSA-RIM®,

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Floor Beam\B12

Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

December 15, 2017 13:46:26

BC CALC® Design Report



Build 6080 Name: 45147 (5004) Pine Valley Audress:

City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Customer:

Gold Park

CCMC 12472-R Code reports:

File Name: 290673.bcc

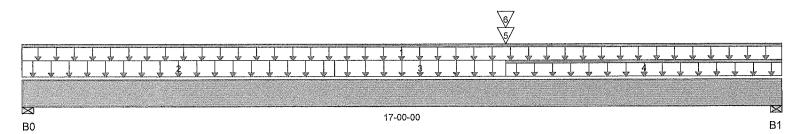
Description: First Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer: NL

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 17-00-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs) Snow Wind Dead Bearing 3,263 / 0 1,552 / 0 B0, 3-1/2" B1, 3-1/2" 2,229 / 0 1,278 / 0

Load Summary					Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref	. Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00	1.15	
	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	00-00-00	17-00-00	27	14			n/a
	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L	00-00-00	07-00-00	40	15			09-00-00
3	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L	07-00-00	10-10-00	40	15			07-06-00
4	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L.	10-10-00	17-00-00	20	8			n/a
5	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	10-10-00	10-10-00	782	596			n/a
6	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	10-10-00	10-10-00	457	264			n/a

Controls Summary	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Pos. Moment	28,235 ft-lbs	55,212 ft-lbs	51.1%	1	08-11-00
End Shear	5,823 lbs	21,696 lbs	26.8%	1	01-03-06
Total Load Defl.	L/301 (0.659")	0.827"	79.7%	4	08-05-04
Live Load Defl.	L/459 (0.433")	0.551"	78.4%	5	08-05-04
Max Defl.	0.659"	1"	65.9%	4	08-05-04
Span / Depth	16.7	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				,

Bear	ing Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Resistance Support	Resistance Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 5-1/4"	6,835 lbs	60.5%	30.5%	Spruce Pine Fir
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 5-1/4"	4,940 lbs	43.7%	22%	Spruce Pine Fir

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

O86.

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 4

Nail one ply to another with 3 1/2" spiral nails @ 611 o.c, staggered in 2 rows





Floor Beam\B19

Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 15, 2017 13:58:50

BC CALC® Design Report



(Name: 45147 (5004) Audress: Pine Valley City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Customer:

Build 6080

Gold Park

Code reports:

CCMC 12472-R

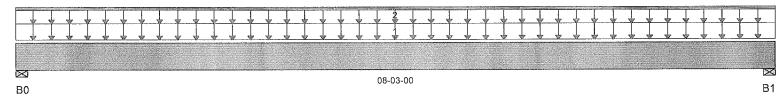
File Name: 290673.bcc

Description: First Floor Framing

Specifier: Designer: NL

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 08-03-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs)									
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind					
B0, 3-1/2"	687 / 0	530 / 0							
B1, 3-1/2"	687 / 0	530 / 0							

Load Summary				Live	Dead	Snow W	ind Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00 1.	15
1	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 00-00-00	08-03-00	40	15		04-02-00
2	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 00-00-00	08-03-00		60		n/a

trols Summary	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Pos. Moment	3,116 ft-lbs	17,696 ft-lbs	17.6%	1	04-01-08
End Shear	1,168 lbs	7,232 lbs	16.1%	1	01-03-06
Total Load Defl.	L/999 (0.05")	n/a	n/a	4	04-01-08
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.028")	n/a	n/a	5	04-01-08
Max Defl.	0.05"	n/a	n/a	4	04-01-08
Span / Depth	7.9	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Bear	ing Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Resistance Support	Resistance Member	Material I
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	1,694 lbs	45%	22.7%	Spruce Pine Fir
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	1,694 lbs	45%	22.7%	Spruce Pine Fir

Disclosure Completeness

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Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA O86.

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 4





Floor Beam\B20

Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 15, 2017 14:00:25

BC CALC® Design Report



File Name: 290673.bcc

Description: First Floor Framing

Specifier: Designer: NL

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:

Auuress: City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Pine Valley Gold Park

45147 (5004)

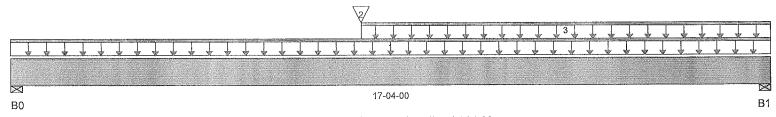
Code reports:

Vame:

Build 6080

Customer:

CCMC 12472-R



Total Horizontal Product Length = 17-04-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs)								
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind				
B0, 3-1/2"	839 / 0	772 / 0						
B1, 3-1/2"	784 / 0	995 / 0						

Load Summary					Dead	Snow Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00 1.15	
1	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 00-00-00	17-04-00	54	27		n/a
2	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L 08-00-00	08-00-00	687	530		n/a
	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 08-00-00	17-04-00		60		n/a

Controls Summary	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Pos. Moment	13,121 ft-lbs	35,392 ft-lbs	37.1%	1	08-00-00
End Shear	2,158 lbs	14,464 lbs	14.9%	1	16-00-10
Total Load Defl.	L/450 (0.45")	0.844"	53.4%	4	08-07-09
Live Load Defl.	L/914 (0.221")	0.562"	39.4%	5	08-06-01
Max Defl.	0.45"	1"	45%	4	08-07-09
Span / Depth	17.1	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Bear	ing Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
В0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	2,222 lbs	29.5%	14.9%	Spruce Pine Fir
В1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	2,420 lbs	32.1%	16.2%	Spruce Pine Fir

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 4

Nail one ply to another with 3 1/2" spiral nails @ 1/21

o.c, staggered in 2 rows





Build 6080

Auuress:

Customer:

B₀

Code reports:

Jame:

Single 1-3/4" x 11-7/8" VERSA-LAM® 2.0 3100 SP

Floor Beam\B21

Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 15, 2017 14:14:55

BC CALC® Design Report



45147 (5004) Pine Valley City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Gold Park

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290673.bcc Description: First Floor Framing Specifier:

Designer: NL

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:

09-03-00 В1

Total Horizontal Product Length = 09-03-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs) Wind Snow Bearing Dead Live B0, 3-1/2" 740 / 0 675 / 0 675 / 0 B1, 3-1/2" 740 / 0

Load Summary				Live	Dead	Snow Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00 1.15	
1	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 00-00-00	09-03-00	40	20		04-00-00
2	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 00-00-00	09-03-00		60		n/a

Controls Summary	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Pos. Moment	4,082 ft-lbs	17,696 ft-lbs	23.1%	1	04-07-08
End Shear	1,413 lbs	7,232 lbs	19.5%	1	01-03-06
Total Load Defl.	L/999 (0.084")	n/a	n/a	4	04-07-08
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.044")	n/a	n/a	5	04-07-08
Max Defl.	0.084"	n/a	n/a	4	04-07-08
Span / Depth	8.9	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Bearii	ng Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material	1 B
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	1,954 lbs	51.9%	26.2%	Spruce Pine Fi	
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	1,954 lbs	51.9%	26.2%	Spruce Pine Fi	

Disclosure

Completeness and accuracy of input must be verified by anyone who would rely on output as evidence of suitability for particular application. Output here based on building code-accepted design properties and analysis methods. Installation of Boise Cascade engineered wood products must be in accordance with current Installation Guide and applicable building codes. To obtain Installation Guide or ask questions, please call 1-800-964-6999 before installation.

BC CALC®, BC FRAMER®, AJS™, ALLJOIST® , BC RIM BOARD™, BCI® , BOISE GLULAM™, SIMPLE FRAMING SYSTEM®, VERSA-LAM®, VERSA-RIM PLUS®, VERSA-RIM®, VERSA-STRAND®, VERSA-STUD® are trademarks of Boise Cascade Wood Products L.L.C.



Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 4



Maximum Floor Spans

Live Load = 40 psf, Dead Load = 15 psf Simple Spans, L/360 Deflection Limit 3/4". OSB G&N Sheathing







			В:	are			1/2" Gyps	sum Ceiling				
Depth	Serles		On Centi	re Spacing			On Centre Spacing					
		1.2"	16"	19.2"	· 24"	12"	16"	1.9.2"	24"			
	NI-20	15'-10"	15'-0"	14'-5"	13'-5"	16'-4"	15'-5"	14'-6"	13'-5"			
	NI-40x	17'-0"	16'-0"	15'-5"	14'-9"	17'-5"	16'-5"	15'-10"	15'-2"			
9-1/2"	NI-60	17'-2"	16'-2"	15'-7"	14'-11"	17'-6"	16'-7"	15'-11"	15'-3"			
	NI-70	18'-0"	16'-11"	16'-3"	15'-7"	18'-5"	17'-3"	16'-7"	15'-11"			
	N1-80	18'-3"	17'-1"	16'-5"	15'-9"	18'-8"	17'-5"	16'-9"	16'-1"			
	NI-20	17'-10"	16'-10"	16'-2"	15'-6"	18'-6"	17'-4"	1.6'-9"	16'-1"			
	NI-40x	19'-4"	17'-11"	17'-3"	16'-6"	19'-11"	18'-6"	17'-9"	17'-0"			
11 7/01	NI-60	19'-7"	18'-2"	17'-5"	16'-9"	20'-2"	18'-9"	17'-11"	17'-2"			
11-7/8"	NI-70	20'-9"	. 19'-2"	18'-3"	17'-5"	21'-4"	19'-9"	18'-10"	17'-10"			
	NI-80	21'-1"	19'-5"	18'-6"	17'-7"	21'-7"	20'-0"	19'-0"	18'-0"			
	NI-90x	21'-8"	20'-0"	19'-1"	1.8'-0"	2.2'-2"	2.0'-6"	1.9'-6"	18'-6"			
	-NI-40x	21'-5"	19'-10"	18'-11"	17'-11"	22'-1"	20'-6"	19'-7"	18'-7"			
	NI-60	21'-10"	20'-2."	19'-3"	18'-2"	22'-5"	2.0'-10"	19'-11"	18'-10"			
1.4"	NI-70	23'-0"	21'-3"	20'-3"	19'-2"	23'-8"	21'-11"	20'-10"	19'-9"			
	NI-80	23'-5"	21'-7"	20'-7"	19'-5"	24'-0"	22'-3"	21'-2"	20'-0"			
	NI-90x	24'-1"	22'-3"	21'-2"	20'-0"	24'-8"	22'-10"	21'-9"	20'-7"			
	NI-60	23'-9"	22'-0"	20'-11"	19'-10"	24'-6"	22'-9"	21'-8"	20'-6"			
7 (df.)	NI-70	25'-1"	23'-2"	22'-0"	20'-10"	25'-9"	23'-10"	22'-9"	21'-6"			
J., 15	NI-80	25'-6"	23'-6"	22'-4"	21'-2"	26'-1"	2.4'-2"	23'-1"	21'-10"			
	NI-90x	26'-4"	24'-3"	23'-1"	21'-10"	26'-11"	24'-11"	23'-8"	22'-5"			

			Mid-Spar	n Blocking	Mid-Span Blocking and 1/2" Gypsum Ceiling						
Depth	Series		On Centr	e Spacing			On Centre Spacing				
		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"		
	NI-20	17'-1"	15'-5"	14'-6"	13'-5"	17'-1"	15'-5"	14'-6"	13'-5"		
	NI-40x	18'-8"	17'-6"	16'-7"	15'-3"	19'-2"	17'-8"	16'-7"	15'-3"		
9-1/2"	N1-60	18'-11."	17'-8"	16'-10"	15'-7"	19'-4"	1.8'-0"	16'-10"	15'-7"		
N	NI-70	20'-0"	18'-7"	17'-9"	17'-0"	20'-5"	19'-0"	18'-2"	17'-0"		
	N1-80	20'-3"	18'-10"	17'-11"	17'-2"	20'-8"	19'-3"	18'-4"	17'-5"		
	NI-20	20'-2"	18'-8"	17'-6"	16'-2"	20'-7"	18'-8"	17'-6"	16'-2"		
	NI-40x	21'-10"	20'-4"	1.9'-5"	17'-8"	22'-5"	20'-11"	1.9'-9"	17'-8"		
11-7/8"	NI-60	22'-1"	20'-7"	19'-7"	18'-7"	22'-8"	21'-2"	20'-3"	18'-8"		
11-//0	NI-70	23'-4"	21'-8"	20'-8"	19'-7"	23'-10"	22!-3"	21'-3"	20'-1"		
	NI-80	23'-7"	21'-11"	20'-11"	19'-9"	24'-1"	22'-6"	21'-5"	20'-4"		
	N1-90x	24'-3"	22'-6"	21'-6"	20'-4"	24'-8"	23'-0"	22'-0"	20'-9"		
	NI-40x	24'-5"	22'-9"	21'-8"	19'-5"	25'-1"	23'-6"	21'-9"	19'-5"		
	NI-60	24'-10"	23'-1"	22'-0"	20'-10"	25'-6"	23'-10"	22'-9"	21'-4"		
14"	NI-70	26'-1"	24'-3"	23'-2"	21'-10"	26'-8"	24'-11"	23'-9"	22'-6"		
	NI-80	26'-6"	24'-7"	23'-5"	22'-2"	27'-1"	25'-3"	24'-1"	22'-9"		
	ŅI-90x	27'-3"	25'-4"	24'-1"	22'-9"	27'-9"	25'-11"	24'-8"	23'-4"		
	NI-60 .	27'-3"	25'-5"	24'-2"	22'-10"	28'-0"	26'-2"	25'-0"	23'-8"		
16"	N1-70	28'-8"	26'-8"	25'-4"	23'-11"	29'-3"	27'-4"	26'-1"	24'-8"		
TO	NI-80	29'-1"	27'-0"	25'-9"	24'-4"	29'-8"	27'-9"	26'-5"	25'-0"		
	NI-90x	29'-11"	27'-10"	26'-6"	25'-0"	30'-6"	28'-5"	27'-2"	25'-8"		

^{1.} Maximum clear span applicable to simple-span residential floor construction with a design live load of 40 psf and dead load of 15 psf. The ultimate limit states are based on the factored loads of 1.50L + 1.25D. The serviceability limit states include the consideration for floor vibration, a live load deflection limit of L/360 and a total load deflection limit of L/240.

^{2.} Spans are based on a composite floor with glued-nailed oriented strand board (OSB) sheathing with a minimum thickness of 3/4 inch for a joist spacing of 24 inches or less. The composite floor may include 1/2 inch gypsum ceiling and/or one row of blocking at mid-span with strapping. Strapping shall be minimum 1x4 inch strap applied to underside of joists at blocking line or 1/2 inch gypsum ceiling attached to joists.

^{3.} Minimum bearing length shall be 1-3/4 inches for the end bearings.

^{4.} Bearing stiffeners are not required when I-joists are used with the spans and spacings given in this table, except as required for hangers.

^{5.} This span chart is based on uniform loads. For applications with other than uniformly distributed loads, an engineering analysis may be required based on the use of the design properties. Tables are based on Limit States Design per CSA O86-09, NBC 2010, and OBC 2012.

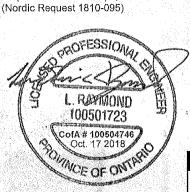
^{6.} Joists shall be laterally supported at supports and continuously along the compression edge. Refer to technical documentation for installation guidelines and construction details. Nordic I-joists are listed in CCMC evaluation report 13032-R and APA Product Report PR-L274C.

Details released after April 2014 supersedes N-C301

Installation must comply with latest documentation on I-Joist and other Nordic products from the http://nordic.ca/

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Document prepared for the use of Stephanie Gon from Alpa, Ontario. (Nordic Request 1810-095)



N-C301/April 2014

MAXIMUM FLOOR SPANS

- Minimum bearing length shall be 1-3/4 inches for the end bearings, and 3-1/2 inches for the intermediate bearings.
- Bearing stiffeners are not required when Hjolsts are used with the spans and spacings given in this table, except as required for hangers.
- required for hangers.

 5. This span chart is based on uniform loads. For applications with other than uniform loads, an engineering analysis may be required based on the use of the design properties.
- Tables are based on Limit States Design per CAN/CSA O86-09 Standard, and NBC 2010.
- 2. SI units conversion: 1 inch = 25.4 mm 1 foot = 0.305 m

MAXIMUM FLOOR SPANS FOR NORDIC 1-101STS SIMPLE AND MULTIPLE SPANS

			Sittlefic	spans			Maltiple	spans	
	10		On centra	specing			On restri	spacing.	
		17	165	19.2	4.5	17		19.2	1
	14-20	15.1	14.2	13'-9'	13'-5'	16-3	15-4"	14-10"	14-71
	Ni-40x	16.1	15.2	14-8"	14'-9"	17-5	16.5	15-10	15-5
9-1/2	N5-60	16'-3'	15'-4'	14-10	14'41"	17.7	16.7	16'-0"	16'-6"
	NR-70	17.1	16.1"	15'-6"	15.7	18:-7	17-4"	16'-9"	17-2
0.00	NI-80	17'-3'	16-3	15'-8"	15.9"	18-10	17.6	16.11	17'-5"
	NI-20	16,11	16.0"	15'-5'	15.6"	18'-4"	17'-3"	16'-8'	16.7
	NI-404	18-1	17.0"	16'-5"	16-6	20.0	18'-6"	17.9	17.7
	14-60	18-4	17.3	18-7"	16.9	20.3	18.9	18.0	19.9
11-7/8	18.70	19.6	18'0'	17'-4"	17'-5"	21'-6"	19'-11'	19.0	19-8
	NF-80	19.9	18'-3"	17.6	17.7	21'-9'	20.2	19.3	19-11
	NI-93	20.2	18.7	17-10*	17-11"	22.3	20.7	19.81	19.9
	N4-90x	20'-4°	18.9	17-11"	18'-0"	22'-5"	20.9	19'-10"	20.5
	NI-40x	20'-1"	18'.7"	17'-10"	17:11"	22.2	20'-6"	19.8	10.4
	N6-80	20'-5"	18'-11"	18'-1'	18.2	22.7*	20'-11"	20.0	20'-10
	Ni-70	21.7	30-0.	19:1"	19.2	23.10	22-1"	21'-1"	21:10
14"	NI-80	21.41.	20.3	19'4"	19'.5"	24.3°	22.5°	21'-5"	22.2
	M-90	22.5	20.8	19.9	19.9	24.9	22'-10"	21'.10'	21'-10
	NI-90x	22.7	20.11"	19.11	20.0	25'.0"	23'.1"	22.0"	22.9
200	N8-60	22.3	20'-8"	19.9	19-10'	24'.7	22.0	21.9	22-9
	NI-70	23.6	21.9	20.9	20.10	26.0	24'-0'	22-11	23.9
16"	N1-80	23.11"	22'-1"	21'.1"	21:2	26'.5"	24'-5'	23-3"	24.11
	141.90	24.5	22.6	21.5	21.6	26:11"	24.10	23.9	23-9
	NI-90x	24.8	22.9	21'-9"	21.10	27-3	25-2	24'-0"	24'-10

I-JOIST HANGERS

- Hangers shown illustrate the three most commonly used metal hangers to support I-joists.
- All nailing must meet the hanger manufacturer's recommendations.
- Hangers should be selected based on the joist depth, flange width and load capacity based on the maximum spans.
- Web sliffeners are required when the sides of the hangers do not laterally brace the top flange of the 1-jolst.





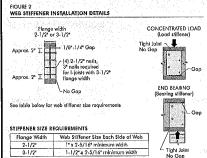
WEB STIFFENERS

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- A hearing stiffenor is required in all engineered applications with factored reactions greater than shown in the lighst properties table found of the I-joist Construction Guide (C101). The gap between the diffener and the flange is at the top.
- * A boaring stiffener is required whan the I-joist is supported in a hanger and the sides of the hanger do not extend up to, and support, the top flange. The gap between the stiffener and flange is at the top.
- sittance and tempo is at the lop.

 *A local stifferer is required at locations where a factored concentrated loud greater lane, 2,370 lbs is applied to the lop frange between supports, or in the case of a contiliever, anywhere between the confliever tip and the support. These values are for standard term load duration, and may be adjusted for other load durations as permittib by the code. The app between the stifferer and the flange is at the bostom.

SI units conversion: 1 Inch = 25.4 mm



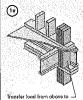
S.P.F No.2 1950f MSR 23 pieces per unit Chantlers Chibougamou Ltd, harvests its own trees, which enables Nordle products to activate to strict quality control procedures throughout the manufacturing process. Every phase of the operation, from forest to the finished product, reflects our commitment to quality.

(II)

NORDIC I-JOIST SERIES

Nordic Engineered Wood I-joists use only finger-jointed black spruce lumber in their flunges, ansuring consistent quality, superior strength, and longer span carrying capacity.

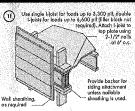
23 pleces per unit



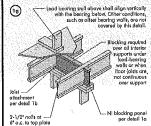
bearing below. Install squas blocks per detail 1d. Match bearing area of blocks be-

⑽

Nordic Lam or SCL



Rim board may be used in lieu of I-joists. Backer is not required when rim board is used. Bracing per code shall be carried to the foundation.



⑽

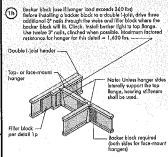
Attach I-joist per detail 1b

Do not bevel-cut lots beyond inside face of wall

Note: Blocking required at bearing for lateral support, not shown for clarity.

Tight Joint No Gap



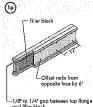


For hanger capacity see hanger manufacturer's recommendations. Verify double 1-joist capacity to support concentrated loads.

BACKER BLOCKS (Blocks must be long enough to permit required

udiling Artioni shiriing)									
	Flange Width	Material Thickness Required*	Minimum Depth**						
	2-1/2"	1,	5-1/2*						
	3-1/2*	1-1/2*	7-1/4						

Minimum grade for backer black material shall be S.P.F. No. 2 or better for solid sawn fumber and wood snuchurd panels conforming to CAN/CSA-O325 or CAN/CSA-O345 standard. For face-mount hanges use not lotal depth minus 3-1/4* for joists with 1-1/2* hick flanges. For 2* thick flanges use not depth minus 4-1/4.



For nailing schedules for multiple beams, see the manufacturer's recommendations

Note: Unless hanger sides laterally support the top flange, bearing stiffeners shall be used.

- Notes:

 1. Support back of Lipist web during nailing to prevent damage to web/flange connection.

 2. Leave a 1/8 to 1/4-inch gap between top of filter block and bottom of top Lipist flange.

Top-mount hanger installed per manufacturer's recommendation

- Bango.

 3. Filler block is required between joists for full length of span.

 4. Nail joists tegather with two rows of 3° nails at 12 inches o.c. (clinched when possible) on each side of the double I-joist. Total of low nails per fool required, if nails can be clinched, only two nails per fool or or equired.
- ore required.

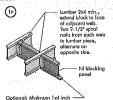
 5. The maximum factored load that may be applied to one side of the double joist using this detail is 860 lbl/fi. Verify double I-joist capacity.



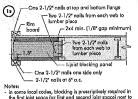
⑽

Joist Depth





Optional: Minimum 1x4 inch
strap applied to underside of joist at blocking
line or 1/2 inch minimum gypsum celling
attached to underside of joists.



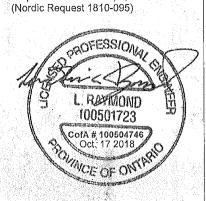
(oles).
In some local codes, blocking is prescriptively required in the first joist space (or first and second joist space) next to the startor joist. Where required, see local code requirement for spacing of the blocking.
All nails are common spiral in this detail.

Details released after April 2014 supersedes N-C301

Installation must comply with latest documentation on I-Joist and other Nordic products from the http://nordic.ca/

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Document prepared for the use of Stephanie Gon from Alpa, Ontario. (Nordic Request 1810-095)



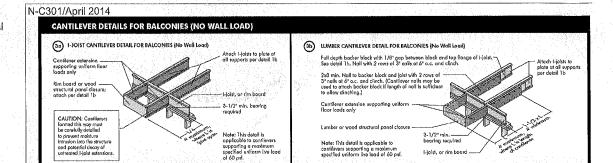
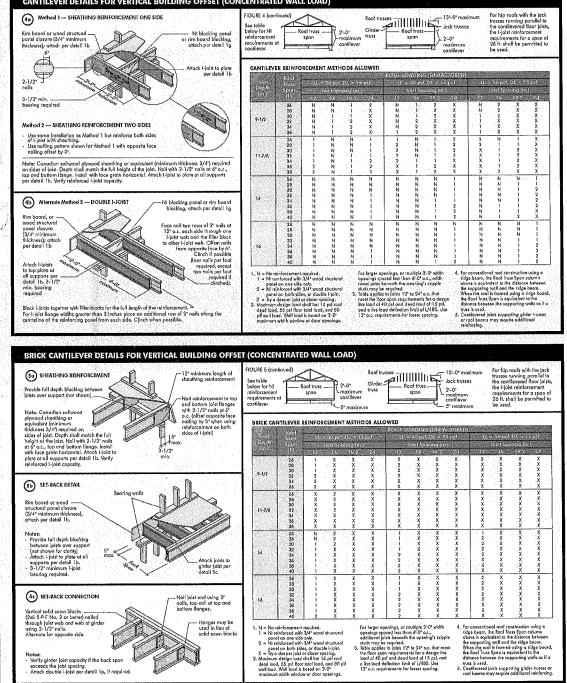


FIGURE 4 (confi

CANTILEVER DETAILS FOR VERTICAL BUILDING OFFSET (CONCENTRATED WALL LOAD)

Note: This detail is applicable to cantilevers supporting a maximum specified uniform live load of 60 psf.

Hoist, or rim board



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N-C301/April 2014

WEB HOLES

RULES FOR CUTTING HOLES AND DUCT CHASE OPENINGS

- The distance between the inside edge of the support and the centreline of any hole or duct chase opening shall be in compliance with the requirements of Table 1 or 2, respectively.
- I-joist top and bottom flanges must NEVER be cut, notched, or otherwise modified.

 Whenever possible, field-cut holes should be centred on the middle of the web.
- whenever position, field-cur notes should be derived on the motion of the weak. The maximum stab lote or the movemm depth of a duct chains opening that can be cut into on 1-jots web shall egued the clear distance between the flanger of all the 1-jots times 14 flanch. A minimum of 1/8 flanch should always be mainfauld between the top or bottom of the hole or opening and the adjacent 1-jots flange. The sides of square holes or largest sides of rectangular holes should not exceed 3/4 of the dismater of the maximum round halp permitted at the lecation.
- 3/4 of the diamater of the maximum round hole permitted at that location. Where more than one hole is necessary, the distance observed neglected hole edges shall exceed twice the diameter of the lorgest round hole or twice the set of the lorgest yourse hole for twice the langing that he lorgest that when the lorgest that of the lorgest that the lorgest th
- A knackout is not considered a hole, may be utilized anywhere it occurs, and may be ignored for purposes of calculating minimum distances between holes and/or duct chase openings.
- Holes massuring 1-1/2 inches or smaller shall be parmitted anywhere in a cantilevered section of a joist. Holes of greater size may be permitted subject to verification.
- A 1-1/2 Inch hole or smaller can be placed anywhere in the web provided that it meets the requirements of rule number 6 above.
- All holes and dud chase openings shall be cut in a workman-like manner in accordance with the restrictions listed above and as illustrated in Figure 7.
- 1) Limit three maximum size holes per span, of which one may be a dual chase
- A group of round holes at approximately the same location shall be permitted if they meet the requirements for a single round hole circumscribed around them.

TABLE 1 LOCATION OF CIRCULAR HOLES IN JOIST WEBS Simple or Mulliple Span for Dead Loads up to 16 psf and Live Loads up to 40 ps



Above table may be used for Hjolist spacing of 24 inches on centre or less.
 Hole location distance is measured from inside face of supports to centre of hole.
 Distances in filts chart are based on uniformly loaded joists.

The above lable it based on the Ligists used at their more mum span. If the Ligists are placed at less than their full maximum span (see Maximum Floor Spans), the minimum distance from the controlling of the hole to the face of any support [0] as given above may be reduced as follows:

Dreduced = Locked x D SAF Where: Dreduced m Distance I om his antide foce of any support to centre of Italia, reduced for less chara-maximum spon applications (fig. The reduced distance sholl not be less than in-the fisc of the support to edge of the hole.

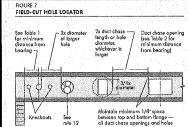
This actual massured good distance shower the inside Social Obspace (fig. 18).

Spon Adjustment Factor given in this blobs.

The minimum distance from the sized black of any support to centre of hole from this blobs.

Il Social in greater from 1, use 3 in the obove collusions for "spatial".

SNA



A knockout is NOT considered a hole, may be utilized wherever it accur-and may be ignored for purposes of calculating minimum distances between holes.



nother good met roje to the lejoist



INSTALLING THE GLUED FLOOR SYSTEM

- Wipe any mud, dirt, water, or ice from I-foist flanges before gluing.
- 2. Snap a chalk line across the 1-joists four leet in from the wall for panel edge alignment and as a boundary for spreading glue.
- Spread only enough glue to lay one or two panels of a time, or follow specific recommendations from the glue manufacture.
- Apply a continuous line of glue (about 1/4 linch diarmeter) to the top flange of a single 1-joist. Apply glue in a winding pattern on wide oreas, such as with double 1-joists.
- A Apply the lines of glue and logists where ponel ands but to assure propargilling of each end.

 7. Altor the first row of panels is in place, spread glue is the groove of one or two panels at a time balars, lying the east row. Glue line may be confluctors or spaced, but ovoid squeeze-out by applying at hitner in Ref. [70] for hit have seen on I just linears.
- Tap the second row of ponels into place, using a black to protect groove edges
- Stagger and joints in each succeeding row of ponels, A 1/8-inch space between all end joints and 1/8-inch at all edges, including 18/6 edges, is cooramended. (Use a spacer tool or an 2-1/2' common nell to assure accurate and consistent spaceful.)
- main to assure accurate and consistent specific).

 [O. Compiled oil nailing of each prant before give sets. Check the manufacturor's recommenderions for crars time. (Warm weather accelerates give setting,) Use 2" ring- or scow-shank nails for panels. Alt-hich thick or say, and 2.1" ("ring- or scow-shank nails for finites preads, Spear onlish per the lobb below, Closer nail specifig may be required by some codes, or for displayman construction. The light and got for the construction of the standard production is suffered demange to the construction.

FASTENERS FOR SHEATHING AND SUBFLOORING(1)

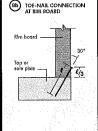
Maximume Total Spinstip (tel)	Matterial Parid Triklins Strift	14 Complex System Media	al Sire doct to Prior Thread Name	ru Pagis	Miserto of Le Celson	CSpecies Rosen Saltens Santon
18	5/8	2'	1-3/41	2'	6"	12'
20	5/8	2"	1-3/4	2'	6"	12'
24	3/4	2	1-3/4	2'	6.	12'

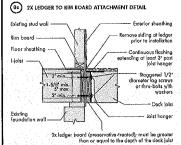
- Fasteners of sheathing and subflooring shall conform to the above table.
- 2. Staples shall not be less than 1/16-inch in diameter or thickness, with not less than a 3/8-inch crown driven with the crown parallel to farming.
- 3. Flooring screws shall not be less than 1/8 Inch in diameter
- 4. Special conditions may impose heavy traffic and concentrated loads that require construction in excess ... of the minimums shown.
- Use only adherives conforming to CAN/CGS8-71.26 Standard, Adherives for Field-Gluing Plywood to lumber framing for Ploor System, applied in accordance with the manufacturers recommendations. If OSB panels with saulid surfaces and adges are to be used, use only solvent-based glues; check with ponel manufacturer.

Rel.: NRC-CNRC, National Building Code of Canada 2010, Table 9,23.3.5

MPORTANT NOTE: Floor sheathing must be field glued to the Holst flanges in order to achieve the maximum spans shown; in this document, it sheathing is nailed only, Holst spans must be verified with your local distributor.

RIM BOARD INSTALLATION DETAILS (80) ATTACHMENT DETAILS WHERE RIM BOARDS ABUT board Joint Between Floor Joists 2.1/2" nails at 6" o.c. (typical) 2-1/2" toe-nalls at 6" o.c. (typical) ----Rim board joint 80 2X LEDGER TO RIM BOARD ATTACHMENT DETAIL (8b) TOE-NAIL CONNECTION AT RIM BOARD









CONSTRUCTION DETAILS FOR RESIDENTIAL FLOORS



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fer to the Installation Guide for Residential Floors for additional information. CCMC EVALUATION REPORT 13032-R

1-1/1/2" OSB 7/16"-> 4-NI-70 1.1// 2.1// B 3/8* -> 4-OSB 3/8*-> 1-1/2 NI-20 OSB 3/8* 0SB 3/8 -> 4 9-1/2 11-7/8 11-7/8" 14" 16" OSB 3/8"-9-1/2* 11-7/8* 14* 16* 9-1/2 11-7/8 14 16 ٦, FSC 마 C ↓ S-P-F No. 2 1950f MSR 2100f MSR 1950f MSR 2100f MSR NPG Lumber 33 pieces per unil

WEB HOLE SPECIFICATIONS

RULES FOR CUTTING HOLES AND DUCT CHASE OPENINGS:

- The distance between the inside edge of the support and the centreline of any hole or duct chase appealing shall be in compliance with the requirements of Table 1 or 2, respectively.
 Lipist lop and bottom florings must NEVER be cut, notched, or otherwise modified.
 Whenever possible, field-cut holes should be canted on the middle of the web.
 The maximum size hole of the maximum depth of a duct chase opening that can be cut into an Lipist web shall equal the clear distance between the floriges of the Lipist inmus 14 hind. A minimum of 1/8 hind. A tinch should always be maintained between the top or bottom of the hole or opening and the adjacent I-joist florige.
- 5. The sides of square holes or longest sides of rectangular holes should not exceed 3/4 of the diameter of the moximum round hole permitted at that location.
 6. Where more than one hole is necessary, the distance between adjacent hole edges shall exceed twice the diameter of the largest round hole or twice the size of the largest square hole (or twice the large) of the largest side of the langest rectangular hole or duct chose opening) and each hole and duct chose opening shall be sized and located in compliance with the requirements of Tobles 1 and 2, respectively.
 7. A knockout is not considered a hole, may be utilized anywhere it occurs, and may be ignored for purposes of calculating intrinum distances between holes and/or duct chose openings.
 8. Holes mosavring 1-1/2 inches or smaller are permitted anywhere in a conilievered section of a joist. Holes of greater size may be permitted subject to verification.

N1-80

N-C303 / September 2013

NI-90x

- 9. A 1-1/2 inch hole or smaller can be placed anywhere in the web provided that it meets the requirements of rule number 6 above.
 10. All holes and duct chase openings shall be cut in a warkman-tke manner in accordance with the restrictions listed above and as illustrated in Figure 7.

 11. Limit three maximum size holes per span, of which one may be a duct chase spening.
 12. A group of round holes at approximately the same location shall be permitted if they meet the requirements for a single round hole circumscribed around them.

TABLE 1

LOCATION OF CIRCULAR HOLES IN JOIST WEBS

Simple or Multiple Span for Dead Loads up to 15 psf and Live Loads up to 40 psf

			М	inimun	n Distar	ice fro	m Insid	Minimum Distance from Inside Face of Any Support to Centre of Hole (fi - in.)								
Joist Depth	Joist Sorios	- 4					Rou	nd Holi	e Diam	eter (in.)	3 1					
Соры	30/103	2	3	4	5	6	6-1/4	7	8	8-5/8	9	10	10-3/4	11	12	12-3/4
	NI-20	0'-7'	1'-6"	2'-10"	4'-3'	5'-8"	6'-0'	***								
9-1/2*	NI-40x	0'-7"	1'-6"	3'-0*	4'-4"	6,-0,	6'-4"	•••			•••	***			•••	•••
9-1/2	NI-60	1'-3'	2'-6"	4'-0"	5'-4"	7'-0'	7'-5"	• • •	***	•••	~**		***			•
	NI-70	2'-0"	3'-4"	4'-9"	6'-3'	8'-0"	8'-4"	•••	***	***	***					
	Nt-80	2'-3"	3'-6"	5'-0"	6'-6"	8'-2'	8'-8'	',		***	•••		•••			
	NI-20	0'-7"	0'-8"	1'-0"	2-4	3'-8'	4'-0'	5'-0"	6.6	7'-9*						
	NI-40x	0.7	0'-8"	1'-3"	2'-8"	4'-0"	4'-4"	5'-5"	7'-0°	8'-4"	•••	***	***		*	***
11-7/8"	NI-60	0'-7"	1'-8'	3'-0"	4'-3'	5'-9"	6'-0'	7'-3"	8'-10"	10'-0"	***	•••	***	***		***
	NI-70	1'-3'	2'-6"	4"-0"	5'-4"	6'-9'	7'-2"	8'-4"	10:-0	11'-2"	***			***		•••
	N1-80	1'-6"	2'-10"	4'-2"	5-6	7'-0"	7'-5"	8'-6"	10'-3"	11'-4'	***				•••	***
	NI-90x	0'-7'	0'-8"	0'-9"	2'-5'	4'-4"	4.9	6'-3'	***				***			
	N1-40x	0'-7"	0'-8"	0'-8"	1,-0,	2'-4"	2'-9"	3'-9"	5'-2"	6'-0"	6'-6"	8'-3"	10'-2"			•••
14*	NI-60	0'-7"	0.8	1'-8"	3'-0'	4'-3"	4'-8"	5'-8"	7'-2"	8'-0"	8'-8"	10'-4"	11'-9'	• • • •		***
14	NI-70	0.8	1.10.	3'-0"	4'-5'	5'-10'	6'-2"	7'-3"	8'-9"	9'-9'	10'-4'	12'-0"	13'-5"		***	•••
	NI-80	0'-10"	2'-0"	3'-4"	4'-9'	6'-2"	6'-5"	7'-6"	9'-0'	10'-0"		12'-4"	13'-9"	•••	***	***
	NI-90x	0'-7'	0.8	0'-8"	2'-0'	3'-9"	4'-2'	5'-5"	7'-3"	8'-5"	9'-2"			•••	***	***
	NI-60	0.7	0'-8*	0'-8"	1'-6'	2'-10'	3'-2'	4'-2"	5'-6"	6'-4"	7'-0"	8'-5"	9'-8"	10'-2'	12'-2"	13'-9"
164	NI-70	0.7	1.0	2'-3"	3'-6"	4'-10'		6'-3'	7'-8"	8'-6"	9.2	10'-8"	12'-0"		14'-0"	15'-6"
	NI-80	0'-7"	11-31	2-6	3'-10'	5'-3'	5'-6"	6'.6"	8'-0'	9'-0"	9-5	11'-0"	12'-3"	12'-9"	14'-5"	16'-0"
	NI-90x	0.7	0'-8"	09.	2'-0"	3'-6"	4'-0"	5'-0'	6'-9'	7.9	8'-4"	10'-2"	11'-6"	12'-0"	•	***

- Above table may be used for Liaist spacing of 24 inches on centre or less.
 Hale location distance is measured from inside face of supports to centre of hale.
 Distances in hits chard rate based on uniformity loaded joists.
 On the control of this chard rate based on uniformity loaded joists.
 The above table is based on the Liabits being used at their maximum spans. The minimum distance as given above may be reduced for sharder spans; cantact your local distribution.

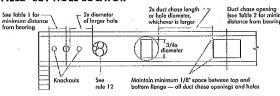
DUCT CHASE OPENING SIZES AND LOCATIONS

Simple Span Only

		Minimum	Distance	from Insi	de Face	of Suppo	orts to C	entre of	Opening	ı (ff - in	
Joist Depth	Joist Series	Duct Chase Length (in.)									
оср	001102	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	
	NI-20	4'-1"	4'-5'	4'-10"	5'-4"	5'-8"	6'-1"	6'-6"	7'-1"	7'-5"	
- 1	NJ-40x	5'-3"	5'-8"	6'-0"	6'-5"	6-10	7'-3"	7'-8"	8'-2"	8'-6"	
9-1/2	NI-60	5'-4"	5'-9'	6'-2"	6'-7"	7'-1"	7'-5"	8'-0"	8'-3'	8'-9'	
	NI-70	5-1	5'-5"	5'-10°	6'-3"	6'-7'	7'-1"	7'-6"	8'-1"	8'-4"	
- 1	NI-80	5'-3'	5'-8"	6'-0'	6'-5"	6'-10"	7'-3"	7'-8"	8-2	8'-6"	
	NI-20	5'-9'	6'-2'	6'-6'	7'-1"	7'-5"	7'-9"	8'-3"	8'-9"	9'-4"	
- 1	NI-40x	6'-8"	7'-2"	7'-6"	8'-1"	8'-6"	9'-1"	9'-6*	10:11	10'-9'	
11-7/8	NI-60	7'-3'	7'-8'	8'-0'	8'-6"	9'-0"	9'-3'	9'-9"	10'-3"	11'-0'	
	NI-70	7'-1"	7'-4"	7'-9"	8'-3"	8'-7"	9'-1"	9'-6"	10-1	10'-4	
- 1	NI-80	7'-2'	7'-7"	8'-0"	8'-5"	8'-10"	9'-3"	9'-8"	10'-2"	10'-8'	
1	NI-90x	7'-7'	8'-1"	8'-5'	8'-10"	9'-4"	9'-8"	10-2	10-8	11'-2	
	NI-40x	8'-1'	8'-7"	9'-0"	9'-6"	10'-1"	10'-7"	11'-2'	12'-0"	12'-8'	
	NI-60	8'-9"	9'-3"	9'-8"	10'-1"	10'-6"	115.16	11'-6"	13'-3"	13,-0,	
14'	NI-70	8'-7"	9'-1"	9'-5"	9'-10'	10'-4"	10'-8"	11'-2'	11'-7"	12'-3'	
	NI-80	9'-0"	9'-3"	9'-9'	10'-1"	10'-7"	11'-1"	11'-6'	12'-1'	12'-6'	
	NI-90x	9'-4'	9'-9'	10'-3"	10'-7"	11'-1'	1147	12'-1'	12'-7'	13'-2	
	NI-60	10'-3'	10'-8'	11'-2"	11'-6"	12'-1"	12'-6"	13'-2"	14'-1"	14'-1	
	NI-70	10'-1"	10'-5"	11'0"	11'-4"	11'-10'		12'-8"	13'-3"	14'-0	
16"	NI-80	10'-4"	10'-9"	11'-3"	11'-9"	12'-1"	12'-7"	13'-1"	13'-8"	14'-4	
	NI-90x	111-11	11'-5"	11'-10"	12'-4"	12'-10'	13'-2"	13'-9"	14'-4"	15'-2'	

- Above table may be used for i-joist spacing of 24 inches on centre or less.
 Duct chase opening location distance is measured from inside face of supports to centre of opening.
 The above table is based on simple-span joists only. For other applications, contact your local distributor,
 Usiances are based on uniformly loaded filtor joists that meet the span requirements for a design live load of 40 pst and deed load of 15 pst, and a live load deflection jimit of I/480.
 The above table is based on lite I-joists bening used at their maximum spans. The minimum distance as given above may be reduced for shorter spans; contact your local distributor.

FIELD-CUT HOLE LOCATOR





Knockouts are prescored holes provided for the contractor's convenience I install electrical or small plumbing lines. They are 1-1/2 inches in diamate and are spaced 15 inches on centre along the length of the I-joist. Where possible, It is preferable to use knockouts Instead of field-cut holes.

Never drill, cut or notch the flange, or over-cut the web.

Holes in webs should be cut with a sharp saw.

For rectangular holes, avoid over-cutting the corners, as this can couse unnecessory stress concentrations. Slightly rounding the corners is recommended. Starting the rectangular hole by diffling at 1-lach diameter hole in each of the lour corners and than making the cuts between the holes is another good method to minimize domage to the Ljoist.

SAFETY AND CONSTRUCTION PRECAUTIONS





stack building materials nsheathed I-Joists. Once

WARNING: 1-joists are not stable until completely installed, and will not corry any load until fully braced and sheathed.

AVOID ACCIDENTS BY FOLLOWING THESE IMPORTANT GUIDELINES:

- OID ACCIDENTS BY FOLLOWING THESE IMPORTANT GUIDELINES:

 Brace and nail each I-joist as it is installed, using hangers, blocking panels, rim board, and/or cross-bridging at joist ends. When I-joists are applied continuous over interior supports and a load-boaring well is planned at that location, blocking will be required at the interior support.

 When the building is completed, the floor sheating will provide lateral support for the top flonges of the I-joists. Until this sheathing is applied, temporary bracing, often colled strats, or brackling.

 Bramporary bracking or strats must be 1x4 lock entirely and the second of the
- or buckling.

 Temporary bracing or struts must be 1x4 inch minimum, at least 8 feet long and spaced no more than 8 feet on centre, and must be secured with a minimum of two 2x1/2" nails fastened to the lop surface of each Lipbit. Notil the bracing to a loter of restriction at the end of each boy; to pen dot of adjoining forcing over a feet with 1-joist. Notil the bracing to a loter of restriction at the end of each boy; to pen dot of adjoining forcing over a feet who I-joist of the end of the boy.

 3. For conflieved I-joist, brace to pon dis better milinges, and brace ends with closure penals, rim board, or cross-bridging.

 4. Install and fully notil permanent sheathing to each I-joist before placing loads on the floor system. Then, stack building moterials over beams or voils only.

 5. Never install a demaged I-joist.

Improper storage or installation, failure to follow applicable building codes, failure to follow spon ratings for Nordic I-joists, failure to follow allowable hade sizes and locations, or failure to use web stiffeners when required can result in serious accidents Follow have alreadiation guiddlines corefully.



PRODUCT WARRANTY

Chantiers Chibougaman guarantees that, in accordance with our specifications, Nordic products are free from manufacturing defects in material and workmanship.

Furthermore, Chantiers Chibougamau warrants that our products, en utilized in accordance with our bandling and installation instructions, will meet or exceed our specifications for the lifetime of the structure.

The construction details for residential designs are prone to changes.

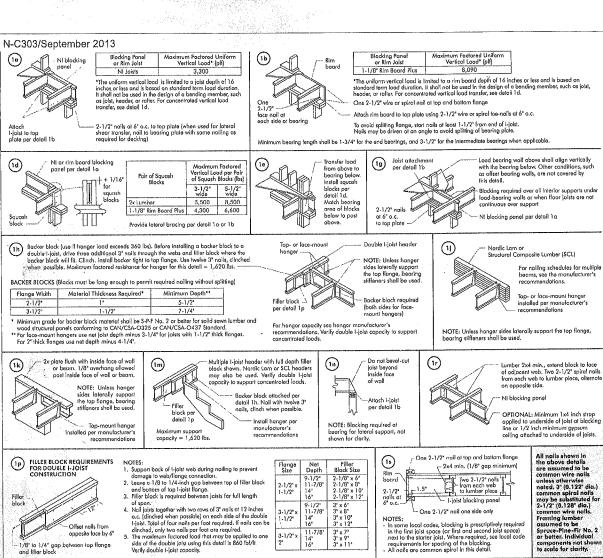
Details released after September 2013 supersedes N-303

Installation must comply with latest documentation on I-Joist and other Nordic products from the http://nordic.ca/

This document does not constitute a record of the structural integrity of the building nor suitability of the design assumptions made. Nordic Structures is responsible only for the structural adequacy of its component based on the design criteria and loadings shown on the calculation sheets.

Document prepared for the use of Stephanie Gon from Alpa, Ontario. (Nordic Request 1810-095)







- A bearing stiffener is required in all engineered applications with factored reactions greater than shown in the I-joist properties table found of the I-joist Construction Gyide (C101). The gop between the stiffener and the flange is at the Iran.
- The lop.

 A bearing stiffener is required when the Lolst is supported in a hanger and the sides of the hanger do not extend up to, and support, the lop flange. The gap between the stiffener and flange is at the top.

All hells shown in the chove details me assumed to be common wire natio unless otherwise noted. 3" (0.122" dio.) common spiral natio may be substituted for 2.12" (0.123" dio.) common wire natio. Framing lumber assumed to be spruce-Pine-Fi No. 2 or better, individual components not shown to scule for clerity.

L. RAYMOND

100501723

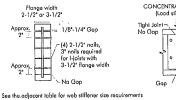
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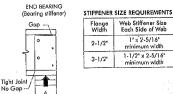
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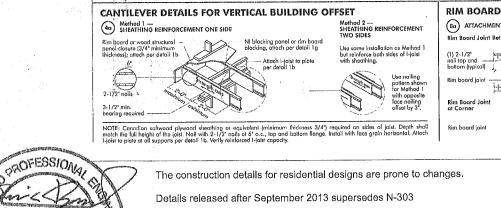
- flongs. The gap between the silliener and llongs is at the lop.

 A load siffener is required at locations where a factored concentrated load greater than 2,370 lies is applied to the top flongs between supports, or in this case, of a curtilever, anywhere between the conflicering from the support. These values are for standard term load duration, and may be objected for other flood durations as permitted by the code. The gap between the sillingard and the flangs is at the battom.

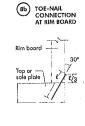
FIGURE 2 WEB STIFFENER INSTALLATION DETAILS











The construction details for residential designs are prone to changes.

Details released after September 2013 supersedes N-303

Installation must comply with latest documentation on I-Joist and other Nordic products from the http://nordic.ca/

This document does not constitute a record of the structural integrity of the building nor sultability of the design assumptions made. Nordic Structures is responsible only for the structural adequacy of its component based on the design criteria and loadings shown on the calculation sheets.

Document prepared for the use of Stephanie Gon from Alpa, Ontario. (Nordic Request 1810-095)

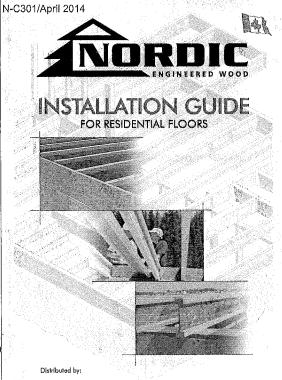
Details released after April 2014 supersedes N-C301

Installation must comply with latest documentation on I-Joist and other Nordic products from the http://nordic.ca/

This document does not constitute a record of the structural integrity of the building nor suitability of the design assumptions made. Nordic Structures is responsible only for the structural adequacy of its component based on the design criteria and loadings shown on the calculation sheets.

Document prepared for the use of Stephanie Gon from Alpa, Ontario. (Nordic Request 1810-095)











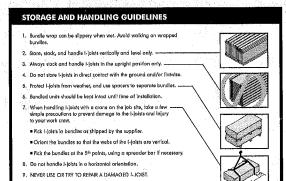
t-loists are not stable until completely installed, and will not carry any load until fully braced and sheathed.

Avoid Accidents by Following these Important Guidelines

- Brace and nail each I-joist as it is installed, using hangars, blocking panels; rim board, and/or cross-bridging at loist ends. When I-joist are applied continuous over interior supports and a dood-bearing will is planned at that location, blocking will be required at the Interior support.
- When the building is completed, the floor stearining will provide lateral support for the top flonges of the I-plats. Until this sheathing is applied, temporary bracking, often called strate, or temporary sheathing must be applied to provent I-plat rollover or buckling.
 - Temporary bracking or struts must be 1x4 inch minimum, at least 8 feet long and spaced no error stim 8 feet long and spaced no error struth 1x2 inch 1x2 inc
 - Or, sheathing (temporary or permanent) can be natled to the top flange of the first 4 feet of 1-joists at the end of the bay.
 - For cantilevered I-joists, brace top and bottom flanges, and brace ends with closure panels, rim board, or cross-bridging.
 - Install and fully nail permanent sheathing to each I-joist before plating loads on the floor system. Then, stack building materials over beams or walls only.

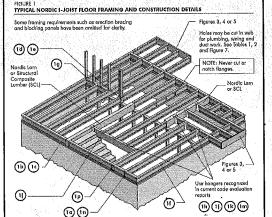
 Never install a damaged I-joist.

ation, latiture to follow applicable bullding codes, (atlure to follow span ratings for llow allowable hole sizes and locations, or failure to use web stiffeners when required nots. Follow these installation guidelines carefully.

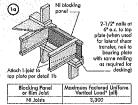


INSTALLING NORDIC I-JOISTS

- l . Befare laying out floor system components, verily that it lots flange widths match hanger widths. If not, contact your supplier.
- 2. Except for cutting to length, t-folst flanges should never be cut, drilled, or notched.
- 3. Install I-joists so that top and bottom flanges are within 1/2 Inch of true vertical alignment.
- 4. I-joists must be anchored securely to supports before floor sheathing is attached, and supports for multiple-span joists must
- Minimum bearing lengths: 1-3/4 Inches for end bearings and 3-1/2 inches for intermediate bearings.
- 6. When using hangers, seat I-Jolsts firmly in hanger bottoms to minimize settlement.
- 7. Leave a 1/16-inch gap between the I-joist and and a header.
- 8. Concentrated loads greater than hose line can remailly be aspected in retidential construction should only be applied to the log surface of the log surface of the log surface of the log surface of the log larges. Normal concentrated loads include rock lighting fatures, cuttle equipment and security camerasts. New ruspend unvasion of heavy loads from the lighting fatures (and the lighting fatures) and in the lighting fatures (and the lighting fatures) and in the lighting fatures (and lighting fatures) and in the lighting fatures (and lighting fatures) and in the lighting fatures (and lighting fatures) and lighting fatures (and lighting fatures).
- Never install (-joists where they will be permanently exposed to weather, or where they will remain in direct contact with concrete or masonry.
- 10. Restrain ends of floor joists to prevent rollover, Use rim board, rim joists or I-joist blocking panels.
- 11. For I-Joists installed over and beneath bearing walls, use full depth blocking panels, rim board, or squash blocks (cripple members) to transfer gravity loads through the floor system to the wall or foundation below.
- 12. Due to strinkage, common framing lumber set on edge may never be used as blocking or rim boards. It-bit blocking penals or other engineered weed products such as rim board must be cut to fit between the I-bits, and an I-bits.compatible depit selected.
- 13. Provide permanent lateral juspent of the bottom flange of all 1-joists at interfor supports of multiple-span joists. Similarly, support has been flanged oil confidenced injoists at the end support need to the confidence estimation. In this completed structure, the grypour wouldboard colleg provides this lateral support. Until the final finished colling is applied, temporary bracking or structure must be used.
- 14. If square-edge panels are used, edges must be supported between I-joists with 2x4 blocking. Glue panels to blocking to minimize squaxks. Blocking is not required under structural finish flooring, such as wood strip flooring, or if a separate underlayment layer is installed.
- 15. Nail spacing: Space nails installed to the flange's top face in accordance with the applicable building code requirements or approved building plans.



At nails shown in the above details are assumed to be common wire nails unless otherwise noted. 3' (0.122' dis.) common spiral nails may be substituted for 2-1/2' (0.128' dis.) common wire nails. Framing umber assumed to be Spruce-Fire-Fire No. 2 or batter, individual components not shown to scale for clarify



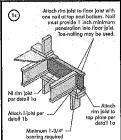
The uniform vertical load is limited to a joist depth of 16 Inches or less and is based on standard term load duratio (is shall not be used in the design of a bonding member, such as joist, header, or ratter, for concentrated vertical load transfer, see detail 1d.

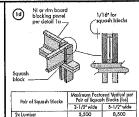


To avoid splitting flange, start nails at least 1-1/2* from end of I-joist, Nails y be driven at an angle to splitting of bearing plate.

Blocking Panel or Rim Joist	Maximum Factored Uniform Yertical Load* (plf)
1-1/8" Rim Board Plus	8,090

The uniform vertical load is limited to a rim board depth of 16 Inches or less and is based on standard term load duration. It shall not be used in the design of a bending mamber, such as folls, header, or rafter. For concentrated vertical load transfer, see detail 1 d.





4,300 1-1/8' Rim Board Plus

lateral bracing per detail 1a,