

Property PSV Tower ONE Suite: 2203
Municipal Address: (If Applicable)

Statement Of Critical Dates Delayed Occupancy Warranty

This Statement of Critical Dates forms part of the Addendum to which it is attached, which in turn forms part of the agreement of purchase and sale between the Vendor and the Purchaser relating to the Property. **The Vendor must complete all blanks set out below.**

NOTE TO HOME BUYERS: Please visit Tarion's website: www.tarion.com for important information about all Tarion's warranties including the Delayed Occupancy Warranty, the Pre-Delivery Inspection and other matters of interest to new home buyers. You can also obtain a copy of the Homeowner Information Package which is strongly recommended as essential reading for all home buyers. The website features a calculator which will assist you in confirming the various Critical Dates related to the occupancy of your condominium unit.

VENDOR AMACON DEVELOPMENT (CITY CENTRE) CORP.

PURCHASER LAMAAN TAHER ABDULRAZZAQ

1. Critical Dates

The **First Tentative Occupancy Date**, which is the date that the Vendor anticipates the condominium home will be completed and ready to move in, is: the 29th day of June, 2015.

The Vendor can delay Occupancy on one or more occasions by setting a subsequent **Tentative Occupancy Date**, in accordance with section 3 of the Addendum by giving proper written notice as set out in section 3.

By no later than 30 days after completion of the roof slab or of the roof trusses and sheathing, as the case may be, with 90 days prior written notice, the Vendor shall set either (i) a **Final Tentative Occupancy Date**; or (ii) a **Firm Occupancy Date**.

If the Vendor sets a Final Tentative Occupancy Date but cannot provide Occupancy by the Final Tentative Occupancy Date, then the Vendor shall set a **Firm Occupancy Date** that is no later than 120 days after the Final Tentative Occupancy Date, with proper written notice as set out in section 3 below.

If the Vendor cannot provide Occupancy by the Firm Occupancy Date, then the Purchaser is entitled to delayed occupancy compensation (see section 9 of the Addendum) and the Vendor must set a Delayed Occupancy Date which cannot be later than the Outside Occupancy Date.

The **Outside Occupancy Date**, which is the latest date by which the Vendor agrees to provide Occupancy, is: the 30th day of July, 2018.*

2. Notice Period for an Occupancy Delay

Changing an Occupancy date requires proper written notice. The Vendor, without the Purchaser's consent, may delay occupancy one or more times in accordance with section 3 of the Addendum and no later than the Outside Occupancy Date.

Notice of a delay beyond the First Tentative Occupancy Date must be given no later than: the 31st day of March, 2015.
(i.e., **90 days** before the First Tentative Occupancy Date), or else the First Tentative Occupancy Date automatically becomes the Firm Occupancy Date.

3. Purchaser's Termination Period

If the condominium home is not complete by the Outside Occupancy Date, and the Vendor and the Purchaser have not otherwise agreed, then the Purchaser can terminate the transaction during a period of **30 days** thereafter (the "Purchaser's Termination Period"), which period could end as late as: the 29th day of August, 2018.*

If the Purchaser terminates the transaction during the Purchaser's Termination Period, then the Purchaser is entitled to delayed occupancy compensation and to a full refund of all monies paid plus interest (see sections 9, 11 and 12 of the Addendum).

Note: Anytime a Critical Date is set or changed as permitted in the Addendum, other Critical Dates may change as well. At any given time the parties must refer to the most recent agreement or written notice that sets a Critical Date, and calculate revised Critical Dates using the formulas contained in the Addendum. Critical Dates can also change if there are unavoidable delays (see section 7 of the Addendum)

Acknowledged this 17th day of March, 2012.

VENDOR :

PURCHASER :

Addendum to Agreement of Purchase and Sale Delayed Occupancy Warranty

This addendum, including the accompanying Statement of Critical Dates (the "**Addendum**"), forms part of the agreement of purchase and sale (the "**Purchase Agreement**") between the Vendor and the Purchaser relating to the Property. It contains important provisions that are part of the delayed closing warranty provided by the Vendor in accordance with the *Ontario New Home Warranties Plan Act* (the "*Act*"). If there are any differences between the provisions in the Addendum and the Purchase Agreement, then the Addendum provisions shall prevail. **PRIOR TO SIGNING THE PURCHASE AGREEMENT OR ANY AMENDMENT TO IT, THE PURCHASER SHOULD SEEK ADVICE FROM A LAWYER WITH RESPECT TO THE PURCHASE AGREEMENT OR AMENDING AGREEMENT, THE ADDENDUM AND THE DELAYED CLOSING WARRANTY.**

The Vendor shall complete all blanks set out below.

VENDOR	AMACON DEVELOPMENT (CITY CENTRE) CORP. <small>Full Name(s)</small>		
	38706 <small>Tarion Registration Number</small>	Suite 400, 37 Bay Street <small>Address</small>	
	(416) 369-9069 <small>Phone</small>	Toronto <small>City</small>	Ontario <small>Province</small>
	(416) 369-9068 <small>Fax</small>	info@amacon.com <small>Email</small>	M5J 3B2 <small>Postal</small>
PURCHASER	LAMAAN TAHER ABDULRAZZAQ <small>Full Name(s)</small>		
	107 PLACID PL. <small>Address</small>		
	(905) 582-0404 <small>Phone</small>	CARY <small>City</small>	NORTH CAROLINA <small>Province</small>
		aysarpachahi@hotmail.com <small>Email</small>	X1X 1X1 <small>Postal</small>
PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	<small>Municipal Address</small> Mississauga <small>City</small>		
		Ontario <small>Province</small>	<small>Postal Code</small>
	Suite 2203 Unit 3 Level 21 Region: Peel <small>Short Legal Description</small>		
INFORMATION REGARDING THE PROPERTY	The Vendor confirms that:		
	(a) The Vendor has obtained Formal Zoning Approval for the Building.		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
	If no, the Vendor shall give written notice to the Purchaser within 10 days after the date that Formal Zoning Approval for the Building is obtained.		
	(d) Commencement of Construction: <input type="radio"/> has occurred; or <input checked="" type="radio"/> is expected to occur by December 27, 2013		
	The Vendor shall give written notice to the Purchaser within 10 days after the actual date of Commencement of Construction.		

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1. Definitions

“**Building**” means the condominium building or buildings contemplated by the Purchase Agreement, in which the Property is located or is proposed to be located.

“**Business Day**” means any day other than: Saturday; Sunday; New Year’s Day; Family Day; Good Friday; Easter Monday; Victoria Day; Canada Day; Civic Holiday; Labour Day; Thanksgiving Day; Remembrance Day; Christmas Day; Boxing Day; and any special holiday proclaimed by the Governor General or the Lieutenant Governor; and where New Year’s Day, Canada Day or Remembrance Day falls on a Saturday or Sunday, the following Monday is not a Business Day, and where Christmas Day falls on a Saturday or Sunday, the following Monday and Tuesday are not Business Days; and where Christmas Day falls on a Friday, the following Monday is not a Business Day.

“**Commencement of Construction**” means the commencement of construction of foundation components or elements (such as footings, rafts or piles) for the Building.

“**Critical Dates**” means the Firm Occupancy Date, the Delayed Occupancy Date, the Outside Occupancy Date and the last day of the Purchaser’s Termination Period.

“**Delayed Occupancy Date**” means the date, set in accordance with section 6, on which the Vendor agrees to provide Occupancy, in the event the Vendor cannot provide Occupancy on the Firm Occupancy Date.

“**Early Termination Conditions**” means the types of conditions listed in Schedule A.

“**Firm Occupancy Date**” means the firm date on which the Vendor agrees to provide Occupancy as set in accordance with this Addendum.

“**Formal Zoning Approval**” occurs when the zoning by-law required in order to construct the Building has been approved by all relevant governmental authorities having jurisdiction, and the period for appealing the approvals has elapsed and/or any appeals have been dismissed or the approval affirmed.

“**Occupancy**” means the right to use or occupy a proposed or registered condominium home in accordance with the Purchase Agreement.

“**Outside Occupancy Date**” means the latest date that the Vendor agrees, at the time of signing the Purchase Agreement, to provide Occupancy to the Purchaser, as set out in the Statement of Critical Dates.

“**Property**” or “**condominium home**” means the condominium dwelling unit being acquired by the Purchaser from the Vendor, and its appurtenant interest in the common elements.

“**Purchaser’s Termination Period**” means the 30-day period during which the Purchaser may terminate the Purchase Agreement for delay, in accordance with paragraph 11(b).

“**Statement of Critical Dates**” means the Statement of Critical Dates attached to or accompanying this Addendum (in form to be determined by the Tarion Registrar from time to time). The Statement of Critical Dates must be signed by both the Vendor and Purchaser.

“**The Act**” means the *Ontario New Home Warranties Plan Act* including regulations, as amended from time to time.

“**Unavoidable Delay**” means an event which delays Occupancy which is a strike, fire, explosion, flood, act of God, civil insurrection, act of war, act of terrorism or pandemic, plus any period of delay directly caused by the event, which are beyond the reasonable control of the Vendor and are not caused or contributed to by the fault of the Vendor.

“**Unavoidable Delay Period**” means the number of days between the Purchaser’s receipt of written notice of the commencement of the Unavoidable Delay, as required by paragraph 7(b), and the date on which the Unavoidable Delay concludes.

2. Early Termination - Conditions

(a) The Vendor and Purchaser may include conditions in the Purchase Agreement that, if not satisfied, give rise to early termination of the Purchase Agreement, but only in the limited way described in this section.

(b) The Vendor is not permitted to include any conditions in the Purchase Agreement other than: the types of Early Termination Conditions listed in Schedule A; and/or the conditions referred to in paragraphs 2(h), (i) and (j) below. Any other condition included in a Purchase Agreement for the benefit of the Vendor that is not expressly permitted under Schedule A or paragraphs 2 (h) or (i) is deemed null and void and is not enforceable by the Vendor, but does not affect the validity of the balance of the Purchase Agreement.

(c) The Vendor confirms that:

- (i) This Purchase Agreement is subject to Early Termination Conditions that, if not satisfied (or waived, if applicable), will result in the automatic termination of the Purchase Agreement. Yes No
- (ii) If yes, the Early Termination Conditions are as follows. The obligation of each of the Purchaser and Vendor to complete this purchase and sale transaction is subject to satisfaction (or waiver, if applicable) of the following conditions.

Condition #1 (if applicable)

Description of the Early Termination Condition: **See Attached**
 The Approving Authority (as that term is defined in Schedule A) is: **See Attached**
 The date by which Condition #1 is to be satisfied is the _____ day of _____, 20 ____.

Condition #2 (if applicable)

Description of the Early Termination Condition:
 The Approving Authority (as that term is defined in Schedule A) is:
 The date by which Condition #2 is to be satisfied is the _____ day of _____, 20 ____.

The date for satisfaction of any Early Termination Condition cannot be later than 90 days before the Firm Occupancy Date, and will be deemed to be 90 days before the Firm Occupancy Date if no date is specified or if the date specified is later than 90 days before the Firm Occupancy Date. This time limitation does not apply to the condition in subparagraph 1(b)(iv) of Schedule A which must be satisfied or waived by the Vendor within 60 days following signing of the Purchase Agreement.

Note: The parties must add additional pages as an appendix to this Addendum if there are additional Early Termination Conditions.

- (d) There are no Early Termination Conditions applicable to this Purchase Agreement other than those identified in subparagraph 2(c)(ii) and any appendix listing additional Early Termination Conditions.
- (e) The Vendor agrees to take all commercially reasonable steps within its power to satisfy the Early Termination Conditions listed in subparagraph 2(c)(ii).
- (f) For conditions under paragraph 1(a) of Schedule A the following applies:
 - (i) conditions in paragraph 1(a) of Schedule A may not be waived by either party;

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2. Early Termination Conditions (continued)

- (ii) the Vendor shall provide written notice not later than five (5) Business Days after the date specified for satisfaction of a condition that: (A) the condition has been satisfied; or (B) the condition has not been satisfied (together with reasonable details and backup materials) and that as a result the Purchase Agreement is terminated; and
- (iii) if notice is not provided as required by subparagraph (ii) above then the condition is deemed not satisfied and the Purchase Agreement is terminated.
- (g) For conditions under paragraph 1(b) of Schedule A the following applies:
 - (i) conditions in paragraph 1(b) of Schedule A may be waived by the Vendor;
 - (ii) the Vendor shall provide written notice on or before the date specified for satisfaction of the condition that: (A) the condition has been satisfied or waived; or (B) the condition has not been satisfied nor waived, and that as a result the Purchase Agreement is terminated; and
 - (iii) if notice is not provided as required by subparagraph (ii) above then the condition is deemed satisfied or waived and the Purchase Agreement will continue to be binding on both parties.
- (h) The Purchase Agreement may be conditional until closing (transfer to the Purchaser of the title to the condominium home) upon compliance with the subdivision control provisions (section 50) of the *Planning Act* (Ontario) by virtue of registration of the Building under the *Condominium Act* (Ontario), which compliance shall be obtained by the Vendor at its sole expense, on or before closing.
- (i) The Purchaser is cautioned that there may be other conditions in the Purchase Agreement that allow the Vendor to terminate the Purchase Agreement due to the fault of the Purchaser.
- (j) The Purchase Agreement may include any condition that is for the sole benefit of the Purchaser and that is agreed to by the Vendor (i.e., the sale of an existing dwelling, Purchaser financing or a basement walkout). The Purchase Agreement may specify that the Purchaser has a right to terminate the Purchase Agreement if any such condition is not met, and may set out the terms on which termination by the Purchaser may be effected.

3. Setting Tentative Occupancy Dates and the Firm Occupancy Date

- (a) **Completing Construction Without Delay:** The Vendor shall take all reasonable steps to complete construction of the Building subject to all prescribed requirements, to provide Occupancy of the condominium home without delay, and to register without delay the declaration and description in respect of the Building.
- (b) **First Tentative Occupancy Date:** The Vendor shall identify the First Tentative Occupancy Date in the Statement of Critical Dates attached to this Addendum at the time the Purchase Agreement is signed.
- (c) **Subsequent Tentative Occupancy Dates:** The Vendor may, in accordance with this section, extend the First Tentative Occupancy Date on one or more occasions, by setting a subsequent Tentative Occupancy Date. The Vendor shall give written notice of any subsequent Tentative Occupancy Date to the Purchaser no later than 90 days before the existing Tentative Occupancy Date (which in this Addendum may include the First Tentative Occupancy Date), or else the existing Tentative Occupancy Date shall for all purposes be the Firm Occupancy Date. A subsequent Tentative Occupancy Date can be any Business Day on or before the Outside Occupancy Date.
- (d) **Final Tentative Occupancy Date:** By no later than 30 days after completion of the roof slab or of the roof trusses and sheathing of the Building, as the case may be, the Vendor shall by written notice to the Purchaser set either (i) a Final Tentative Occupancy Date; or (ii) a Firm Occupancy Date. If the Vendor does not do so, the existing Tentative Occupancy Date shall for all purposes be the Firm Occupancy Date. The Vendor shall give written notice of the Final Tentative Occupancy Date or Firm Occupancy Date, as the case may be, to the Purchaser no later than 90 days before the existing Tentative Occupancy Date, or else the existing Tentative Occupancy Date shall for all purposes be the Firm Occupancy Date. The Final Tentative Occupancy Date or Firm Occupancy Date, as the case may be, can be any Business Day on or before the Outside Occupancy Date.
- (e) **Firm Occupancy Date:** If the Vendor has set a Final Tentative Occupancy Date but cannot provide Occupancy by the Final Tentative Occupancy Date then the Vendor shall set a Firm Occupancy Date that is no later than 120 days after the Final Tentative Occupancy Date. The Vendor shall give written notice of the Firm Occupancy Date to the Purchaser no later than 90 days before the Final Tentative Occupancy Date, or else the Final Tentative Occupancy Date shall for all purposes be the Firm Occupancy Date. The Firm Occupancy Date can be any Business Day on or before the Outside Occupancy Date.
- (f) **Notice:** Any notice given by the Vendor under paragraph (c), (d) or (e) must set out the revised Critical Date, as applicable, and state that the setting of such date may change other future Critical Dates, as applicable, in accordance with the terms of the Addendum.

4. Changing the Firm Occupancy Date – Three Ways

- (a) The Firm Occupancy Date, once set or deemed to be set in accordance with section 3, can be changed only:
 - (i) by the mutual written agreement of the Vendor and Purchaser in accordance with section 5;
 - (ii) by the Vendor setting a Delayed Occupancy Date in accordance with section 6; or
 - (iii) as the result of an Unavoidable Delay of which proper written notice is given in accordance with section 7.
- (b) If a new Firm Occupancy Date is set in accordance with section 5 or 7, then the new date is the "Firm Occupancy Date" for all purposes in this Addendum.

5. Changing Critical Dates – By Mutual Agreement

- (a) This Addendum sets out a structure for setting, extending and/or accelerating Occupancy dates, which cannot be altered contractually except as set out in this section 5 and in paragraph 7(c). For greater certainty, this Addendum does not restrict any extensions of the closing date (i.e., title transfer date) where Occupancy of the condominium home has already been given to the Purchaser.
- (b) The Vendor and Purchaser may at any time, after signing the Purchase Agreement, mutually agree in writing to accelerate or extend a Firm Occupancy Date or a Delayed Occupancy Date in each case to a new specified calendar date. The amendment must comply with the requirements of section 10.
- (c) The Vendor and Purchaser may at any time after signing the Purchase Agreement mutually agree in writing to accelerate the First Tentative Occupancy Date and correspondingly reset all the Critical Dates provided that:
 - (i) the mutual amendment is signed at least 180 days prior to the First Tentative Occupancy Date;
 - (ii) all the Critical Dates including the Outside Occupancy Date are moved forward by the same number of days (subject to adjustment so that Critical Dates fall on Business Days);
 - (iii) a new Statement of Critical Dates is signed by both parties at the time the amendment is signed and a copy is provided to the Purchaser; and
 - (iv) the Purchaser is given a three (3) Business Day period in which to review the amendment after signing and if not satisfied with the amendment may terminate the amendment (but not the balance of the Purchase Agreement), upon written notice to the Vendor within such 3-day period.Any such amendment must be by mutual agreement and, for greater certainty, neither party has any obligation to enter into such an amendment.
- (d) A Vendor is permitted to include a provision in the Purchase Agreement allowing the Vendor a one-time unilateral right to extend a Firm Occupancy Date or Delayed Occupancy Date, as the case may be, for one (1) Business Day to avoid the necessity of tender where a Purchaser is not ready to complete the transaction on the Firm Occupancy Date or Delayed Occupancy Date, as the case may be. Delayed occupancy compensation will not be payable for such period and the Vendor may not impose any penalty or interest charge upon the Purchaser with respect to such extension.
- (e) The Vendor and Purchaser may agree in the Purchase Agreement to any unilateral extension or acceleration rights that are for the benefit of the Purchaser.

6. Changing the Firm Occupancy Date – By Setting a Delayed Occupancy Date

- (a) If the Vendor cannot provide Occupancy on the Firm Occupancy Date and sections 5 and 7 do not apply, the Vendor shall select and give written notice to the Purchaser of a Delayed Occupancy Date in accordance with this section, and delayed occupancy compensation is payable in accordance with section 9.

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6. *Changing the Firm Occupancy Date – By Setting a Delayed Occupancy Date (continued)*

- (b) The Delayed Occupancy Date may be any Business Day after the date the Purchaser receives written notice of the Delayed Occupancy Date but not later than the Outside Occupancy Date.
- (c) The Vendor shall give written notice to the Purchaser of the Delayed Occupancy Date as soon as the Vendor knows that it will be unable to provide Occupancy on the Firm Occupancy Date, and in any event no later than 10 days before the Firm Occupancy Date, failing which delayed occupancy compensation is payable from the date that is 10 days before the Firm Occupancy Date, in accordance with paragraph 9(c).
- (d) If a Delayed Occupancy Date is set and the Vendor cannot provide Occupancy on the Delayed Occupancy Date, the Vendor shall select and give written notice to the Purchaser of a new Delayed Occupancy Date, unless the delay arises due to Unavoidable Delay under section 7 or is mutually agreed upon under section 5, in which case the requirements of those sections must be met. Paragraphs 6(b) and 6(c) above apply with respect to the setting of the new Delayed Occupancy Date.
- (e) Nothing in this section affects the right of the Purchaser or Vendor to terminate the Purchase Agreement on the bases set out in section 11.

7. Extending Dates – Due to Unavoidable Delay

- (a) If Unavoidable Delay occurs, the Vendor may extend Critical Dates by no more than the length of the Unavoidable Delay Period, without the approval of the Purchaser and without the requirement to pay delayed occupancy compensation in connection with the Unavoidable Delay, provided the requirements of this section are met.
- (b) If the Vendor wishes to extend Critical Dates on account of Unavoidable Delay, the Vendor shall provide written notice to the Purchaser setting out a brief description of the Unavoidable Delay, and an estimate of the duration of the delay. Once the Vendor knows or ought reasonably to know that an Unavoidable Delay has commenced, the Vendor shall provide written notice to the Purchaser by the earlier of: 10 days thereafter; and the next Critical Date.
- (c) As soon as reasonably possible, and no later than 10 days after the Vendor knows or ought reasonably to know that an Unavoidable Delay has concluded, the Vendor shall provide written notice to the Purchaser setting out a brief description of the Unavoidable Delay, identifying the date of its conclusion, and setting new Critical Dates. The new Critical Dates are calculated by adding to the then next Critical Date the number of days of the Unavoidable Delay Period (the other Critical Dates changing accordingly), provided that the Firm Occupancy Date or Delayed Occupancy Date, as the case may be, must be at least 10 days after the day of giving notice unless the parties agree otherwise. Either the Vendor or the Purchaser may request in writing an earlier Firm Occupancy Date or Delayed Occupancy Date, and the other party's consent to the earlier date shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- (d) If the Vendor fails to give written notice of the conclusion of the Unavoidable Delay in the manner required by paragraph 7(c), the notice is ineffective, the existing Critical Dates are unchanged, and any delayed occupancy compensation payable under section 9 is payable from the existing Firm Occupancy Date.
- (e) Any notice setting new Critical Dates given by the Vendor under this section must set out the revised next Critical Date and state that the setting of such date may change other future Critical Dates, as applicable, in accordance with the terms of the Addendum.

8. Building Code – Conditions of Occupancy

- (a) On or before the date of Occupancy, the Vendor shall deliver to the Purchaser:
 - (i) where a registered code agency has been appointed for the building or part of the building under the *Building Code Act* (Ontario), a final certificate with respect to the condominium home that contains the prescribed information as required by s. 11(3) of the *Building Code Act*; or
 - (ii) where a registered code agency has not been so appointed, either:
 - (A) an Occupancy Permit (as defined in paragraph (d)) for the condominium home; or
 - (B) a signed written confirmation by the Vendor that: (I) provisional or temporary occupancy of the condominium home has been authorized under Article 1.3.3.1 of Division C of the Building Code; or (II) the conditions for residential occupancy of the condominium home as set out in s. 11 of the *Building Code Act* or Article 1.3.3.2 of Division C of the Building Code, as the case may be (the "Conditions of Occupancy") have been fulfilled.
- (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (a), to the extent that the Purchaser and the Vendor agree that the Purchaser shall be responsible for certain Conditions of Occupancy (the "Purchaser Obligations"):
 - (i) the Purchaser may not refuse to take Occupancy on the basis that the Purchaser Obligations have not been completed;
 - (ii) the Vendor shall deliver to the Purchaser, upon fulfilling the Conditions of Occupancy (other than the Purchaser Obligations), a signed written confirmation that the Vendor has fulfilled such Conditions of Occupancy; and
 - (iii) if the Purchaser and Vendor have agreed that the Conditions of Occupancy (other than the Purchaser Obligations) are to be fulfilled prior to Occupancy, then the Vendor shall provide the signed written confirmation required by subparagraph (ii) on or before the date of Occupancy.
- (c) If the Vendor cannot satisfy the requirements of paragraph (a) or subparagraph (b)(iii), then the Vendor shall set a Delayed Occupancy Date (or new Delayed Occupancy Date) on a date that the Vendor reasonably expects to have satisfied the requirements of paragraph (a) or subparagraph (b)(iii), as the case may be. In setting the Delayed Occupancy Date (or new Delayed Occupancy Date), the Vendor shall comply with the requirements of section 6, and delayed occupancy compensation shall be payable in accordance with section 9. Despite the foregoing, delayed occupancy compensation shall not be payable for a delay under this paragraph (c) if the inability to satisfy the requirements of subparagraph (b)(iii) is because the Purchaser has failed to satisfy the Purchaser Obligations.
- (d) For the purposes of this section, an "Occupancy Permit" means any written document, however styled, whether final, provisional or temporary, provided by the chief building official (as defined in the *Building Code Act*) or a person designated by the chief building official, that evidences the fact that authority to occupy the condominium home has been granted.

9. Delayed Occupancy Compensation

- (a) The Vendor warrants to the Purchaser that, if Occupancy is delayed beyond the Firm Occupancy Date (other than by mutual agreement or as a result of Unavoidable Delay as permitted under sections 5 or 7), then the Vendor shall compensate the Purchaser for all costs incurred by the Purchaser as a result of the delay up to a total amount of \$7,500, which amount includes payment to the Purchaser of \$150 a day for living expenses for each day of delay until the date of Occupancy or the date of termination of the Purchase Agreement, as applicable under paragraph (b).
- (b) Delayed occupancy compensation is payable only if: (i) Occupancy occurs; or (ii) the Purchase Agreement is terminated or deemed to have been terminated under paragraphs 11(b), (c) or (e) of this Addendum. Delayed occupancy compensation is payable only if the Purchaser's claim is made to Tarion in writing within one (1) year after Occupancy, or after termination of the Purchase Agreement, as the case may be, and otherwise in accordance with this Addendum. Compensation claims are subject to any further conditions set out in the *Act*.
- (c) If the Vendor gives written notice of a Delayed Occupancy Date to the Purchaser less than 10 days before the Firm Occupancy Date, contrary to the requirements of paragraph 6(c), then delayed occupancy compensation is payable from the date that is 10 days before the Firm Occupancy Date.
- (d) Living expenses are direct living costs such as for accommodation and meals. Receipts are not required in support of a claim for living expenses, as a set daily amount of \$150 per day is payable. The Purchaser must provide receipts in support of any claim for other delayed occupancy compensation, such as for moving and storage costs. Submission of false receipts disentitles the Purchaser to any delayed occupancy compensation in connection with a claim.
- (e) If delayed occupancy compensation is payable, the Purchaser may make a claim to the Vendor for that compensation within 180 days after Occupancy and shall include all receipts (apart from living expenses) which evidence any part of the Purchaser's claim. The Vendor shall assess the Purchaser's claim by determining the amount of delayed occupancy compensation payable based on the rules set out in section 9 and the receipts provided by the Purchaser, and the Vendor shall promptly provide that assessment information to the Purchaser. The Purchaser and the Vendor shall use reasonable efforts to settle the claim and when the claim is settled, the Vendor shall prepare an acknowledgement signed by both parties which:
 - (i) includes the Vendor's assessment of the delayed occupancy compensation payable;

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